IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
THE
"BOMBAY GAZETTE."
IS
THE OLDEST DAILY PAPER
IN ASIA

THE Bombay Gazette.

THE OFFICES OF THE BOMBAY GAZETTE are now situate IN HOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE. Where all communications must be Addressed.

No. 55,987.—NEW SERIES BOMBAY:—MONDAY, JUNE 23, 1913. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA

Date of Sailing 3-30 p.m.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1913				
23th June	INDIA	8000	.....	...
5th July.	SALSETTE..	6000	MARMORA.....	10500
12th ,,	HIMALAYA.	7000	.....	...
19th ,,	SALSETTE..	6000	MEDINA	12500
26th ,,	EGYPT.....	8000	.....	...
2nd Aug.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA ..	10000
9th ,,	PERSIA..	8000	.....	...
16th ,,	SALSETTE..	6000	MALOJA	12500
23rd ,,	CALEDONIA	8000	.....	...
30th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA ...	10000
6th Sept.	ARABIA.....	8000	.....	...
13th ,,	INDIA	8000	MACEDONIA	10500
20th ,,	ARCADIA ...	7000	.....	...
27th ,,	SALSETTE.	6000	MALWA	11000
4th Octr.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
11th ,,	SALSETTE.	6000	HOOGHLY	10000
18th ,,	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
25th ,,	SALSETTE..	6000	MOREA	11000
1st Novr.	MALOJA ...	12500	.....	...
8th ,,	SALSETTE.	6000	MARMORA	10500
15th ,,	ARABIA....	8000	.....	...
22nd ,,	SALSETTE.	6000	MOLDAVIA ...	10000
29th ,,	MANTUA...	11000	.....	...
6th Decr	ARCADIA...	7000	MEDINA.....	12500
13th ,,	CALEDONA	8000	.....	...
20th ,,	SALSETTE.	6000	MONGOLIA....	10000
27th ,,	PERSIA.....	8000	.....	...

All the above steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to connecting Steamers at Port Said.

Tenders leave the Carnac Bunder on the day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place at 1 P.M., for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on Wednesday, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and return tickets are issued on favourable terms

For accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent
Bombay.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

French Mail Steamers.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	To sail on
"Ville de La Ciotat"	6378	Lafont	2nd July, 1913.
Nera	5685	Lasince	30th July, 1913
Sydney	4142	Rat	27th Aug. 1913
Polynesien.	6385	Eschenaner	24th Sept '13

PASSAGE FARES.

		1st	2nd	3rd
To Marseilles (single) ..	Rs.	594	495	225
Do. (return) ..	,,	891	743	405
To London (single) ..	,,	660	528	270
Do. (return) ..	,,	990	797	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd or the Italian Line at reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains	To sail on
Caledonien	4120	Fabre	11th July 1913.

For further particulars apply to—

H. WILLIAMS, Agent.
Albert Building, Horaby Road, Bombay

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES AND GENOA direct;

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Sicilia....	5229	D. Maganzini	July 15, 1913
A steamer	6000....		20th Aug. 1913.
A steamer	6000....		17th Sept, 1913.
A steamer	6000....		15th Oct 1913.
A steamer	6000....		12th Nov. 1913.
A steamer	6000....		10th Dec. 1913,

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE, BEER, AND ELECTRIC FANS.

	1st Class.	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from Rs. 450 to 550	Rs. 350		Rs. 165
Return Tickets available for two years from ..... Rs. 675 to 825	Rs. 525		Rs. 247

Through tickets to LONDON on application.

Through tickets to NEW YORK in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, from Rs. 790 to Rs. 690. Special rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port en route,

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS.

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Docks.

Steamers	Tons	Sailing Date	Time	Route via.
Dumra.....	1695	Thurs. 26th June,	9 a.m.	direct.
Lhasa ...	2185	Friday 27th June	‡ 6 a.m.	direct.

‡ Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

(Weekly.)

S. S. "Dumra," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 26th June, calling at Muscat, Bushire and Mahomerah.

KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF PORTS

(Weekly).

S. S. "Barjora," 3,164, tons, on Wednesday the 25th June, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Henjam Linga, Dubai, Bahrein Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR SEYCHELLES, EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Fortnightly.)

Steamers.	Tonnage.	Sailing on
†Pundua	3305	Thursday, 26th June.
*Palamcotta	3413	,, 10th July.
†Lindula	3358	,, 24th July.
*Pentakota	3418	,, 7th Aug.

†Calls at Mombassa, Zanzibar, Beira, Delagoa Bay, and Durban.

*Calls at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

Passengers may book through to Cape Colony Ports transhipping at Durban, to the steamers of the Union Castle or other line.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Virawa" 3360 Tons, on or about 28th June.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct)

Frequent sailings with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents,
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY,
23rd June, 1913.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILINGS FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Capts.	Leave Bombay 1913.
*Circassia..	6722	C F. Osborne, R.N.R.	5th July.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso..	19th July
*Castalia ..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	3rd Aug.
*Elysia ..	6368	J.A.Coverley..	17th Aug.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	1st Sept.
Olympia ..	5124	J. Kinnaird ..	17th Sept.
*Circassia..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Oct
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	15th Oct.
*Castalia..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	29th Oct
*Elysia ..	6368	J. A. Coverley	11th Nov.
Massilia ..	5091	J. Thomson ..	29th Nov.
Olympia ..	5124	J Kinnaird ..	13th Dec. 1914
*Circassia..	6722	C. F. Osborne, R.N.R.	4th Jan.
Scindia ..	5106	Wm. Kelso ..	16th Jan.
*Castalia..	6388	G. Mitchell ..	31st Jan.

*Fitted with Marconi Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES.

		Single.	Return.
Bombay to Suez ..	Rs.	413	627
Bombay to Port Said ..	,,	446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,,	578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool	,,	653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar ..	,,	590	891
Bombay to Liverpool ..	,,	605	957
Bombay to New York ..	,,	841	1,429
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare to Suez ..	,,	446	

All return tickets are available for two years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon, and experienced Stewardess, and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

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The advertised rates to Europe, include a passage by B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer, between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor-Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

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AGENTS, Bombay

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HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability for Proprietors	$15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$17,200,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Amoy	Ipoh	Johore
Bangkok	Johore	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	Kuala Lumpur	Shanghai
Calcutta	London	Singapore
Canton	Lyons	Sourabaya
Colombo	Malacca	Taipeh
Foochow	Manila	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagasaki	Tsingtau
Hankow	New York	Yokohama
Harbin	Pekin	Yoilo
Hongkong	Penang	
	Rangoon	

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 1,00,000 provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on terms which may be ascertained on application

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
40, Church Gate Street.

International Banking Corporation.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up ..	Gold $	3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund	,, ,,	3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits....	,, ,,	627,775

LONDON OFFICE:—36, Bishopsgate E. C—

BRANCHES:—

Bombay.	Cebu	San Francisco
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
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Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire
Manila	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China, and Japan, buys bills of exchange, Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSITS ACCOUNT opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

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TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43 Church Gate Street.

THE ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LIMITED.

CAPITAL (paid up) .....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) .....Rs. 20,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:—SIMLA

BRANCHES:—

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, Delhi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS.

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest on the accounts of individuals and private firms allowed half yearly at 2½ per cent. per annum to the 31st May next on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 and thereafter at 2 per cent., but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description treatment. RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable on application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK, LIMITED.

(ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.)

CAPITAL AUTHORISED	Rs. 20,00,000
CAPITAL ISSUED	Rs. 15,00,000
CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs. 9,71,432
RESERVE FUND (in Govt. Papers)	Rs. 9,25,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

BRANCHES—

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore, Delhi, D.I. Khan, Ferozpore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City, Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshawar City, Peshawar Cantt, Rawalpindi, Sargodha, Sialkote, and Srinagar.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANKS DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of out-stations are bought, collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to

SRI RAM, B.A.
Manager.
Bombay, 89, Apollo Street.

ROYAL TYPEWRITER.

No. 1 Model Royal.

THE instantaneous popularity of this model has led to the sale of over **100,000** during the comparatively short time it has been on the market. The Royal Typewriter Company will continue to manufacture this model to meet the requirements of buyers who wish to purchase a high-class Modern Visible Writing Machine, WITHOUT "FRILLS" at a low price.

Their Booklet, "Prominent Royalist," shows that they have sold their No. 1 Models to the largest and most experienced buyers of Typewriters throughout the United Kingdom.

This Typewriter is strong and simple in construction, and, as a Manifolder and Stencil Cutter, it is only equalled by their No. 5 Model.

Consider its many Advantages:

Perfect Visible Writing, Permanent Alignment.

Standard Key Board. Light and Velvety Touch. Great Speed.

No. 1 Model with 10 in. Carriage ... Base Board and Cover	Rs.	275.
☞ Leather Travelling Case	,,	40.

Send for "ROYAL" Literature, with complete description

SOLE AGENTS,

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

BANKS.

THE Mercantile Bank of India, Limited.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 415.000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch HOWRAH (Calcutta), DELHI, RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA, BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs.1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due

A SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD.

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, London, E C.

BRANCHES AT
Bombay, Calcutta, and Bagdad.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£1,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 400.000
RESERVE FUND.....	£ 15,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, Kt.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon & Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI, Esq. (Director of the Societe Generale de Belgique).
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Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart.
E. J. MOSES, Esq.
SORABJI COWASJI PETIT, Esq.
MATHURADAS GOCULDAS, Esq.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Rd., and Churchgate St

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

Interest allowed on SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS AT 3½ per cent per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE PURCHASED, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

PURCHASE AND SALES of British and Foreign Securities effected on the usual terms.

SECURITIES received for Safe Custody and interest and dividends collected for clients,

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....	£2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£1,000,000
RESERV FUND	£1,000,000

HEAD OFFICE:—
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta	Cochin	Zanzibar
Bombay	Chittagong	Mombassa
Madras	Rangoon	Nairobi
Karachi	Mandalay	Nakuru
Lahore	Colombo	Kisumu
Armitsar	Kandy	Jinja
Delhi	Newara-Eliya	Kampala
Cawnpore	Aden (Camp).	Entebbe
Tuticorin	Aden (Steamer point).	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives deposits FIXED for one year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 and up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed, when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased and collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities and Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due. LOANS AND CASH CREDITS granted on approved securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. RALPH KIDD, Acting Manager.

COX & CO., BANKERS & AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act, 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16, CHARING CROSS RD., LONDON.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawalpindi, Muree, and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received. Rates of INTEREST to be obtained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Bank's Current Rates of exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

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SHIPPING, PASSAGE, AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOKS supplied on application.

A copy of the Half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorous Two volumes. By Grattan Geary, Rs 10. Apply to Box No. 419, care of the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

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BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils,
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand,
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease,
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150	,, ,,	
Chester	125	,, ,,	
Devoe's	125	,, ,,	
Monkey	125	,, ,,	

Elephant 125 in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SHELL MOTOR SPIRIT.

Retail Agents for Bombay.

Messrs. F. M. CHINOY & Co., DUNCAN ROAD.

LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS } SHELL SPIRIT IS IMPORTED INTO INDIA ONLY BY { LIBERAL TERMS TO DEALERS

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO. (INDIA), LTD.,

BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, MADRAS AND KARACHI.

MONGINI BROTHERS.

THE FIRM FOR

CHOCOLATES.

PETER'S AND NESTLE'S SWISS CHOCOLATES,
CADBURY'S AND FRY'S ENGLISH CHOCOLATES,
MORIONDS AND GARIGLIO'S ITALIAN CHOCOLATES
HELLERS' AUSTRIAN CHOCOLATES,
KING GEORGE'S CHOCOLATES,
And Regal and Tudor Assortment of Chocolates

NUT CHOCOLATE, MILK CHOCOLATE, CHOCOLATE NOUGAT, Chocolate Biscuits, Liqueur Chocolate, Chocolate Pralines, Chocolate in tablets, Chocolate in tins, and large assortment of beautiful chocolat boxes suitable for presentation.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. S. "NIPPON," from TRIESTE and INTERMEDIATE PORTS are hereby informed of the arrival of the Steamer, and requested to take IMMEDIATE DELIVERY of their GOODS, landed at the Shed No. A. Prince's Dock.

Also Consignees holding Bills of Lading per s. s. "Silesia" Voy. 5 Cal., are requested to produce the same for my endorsement.

The Company's SURVEYOR, Captain METCALFE will attend every morning to survey damages, and all claims in this respect must be preferred to the Undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge, and Bills should be presented for payment within one month from the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No Surveys will be granted on goods removed from the Landing Shed.

APPLICATIONS for SURVEYS for CARGO IN BAGS must reach the Undersigned within three days after final discharge of BAGS CARGO, otherwise they will not be entertained.

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000, in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons, and the balance made payable to one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

☞ WHISKY NOGGIN.

WE SELL this miniature whisky jug mounted in Silver. It holds just one gill and is cleaner and more elegant in use than the pegmeasure of the refreshment bar type. As each guest is served with one for his exclusive own it becomes unnecessary to urge the importunate question of quantity. The noggin is a silent and home like suggestion of "just help yourself," while the obtrusive "half or full peg Sir?" sounds too business like.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY & POONA.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co., GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE, on sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat furniture.

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COMMERCE
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COMMERCE
The leading Advertising medium in the East.

A free copy will be forwarded post free on application from any well-known firm.

LARGE CIRCULATION throughout INDIA, BURMA and CEYLON.

COMMERCE
HEAD OFFICE:—
25-26 Waterloo Street,
CALCUTTA

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

3¼ inch by 4½ inch...Rs. 1 per hundred
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CROFT, MODY & CO.,
Sole Agents for
"GOLF" Brand
PILSENER BEER,
The Lightest Beverage
Obtainable Retail from
Messrs. BRANDON & CO.,
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HUMMUM ST., FORT.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE EXCELSIOR.

A FEAST OF GOOD THINGS.

There is no need to recommend the last part of

QUO VADIS?

It speaks for itself.

Who will o'er the Downs with me?

THE DERBY.

The marvels of Science.

OUR TRAINED BEETLES
in "The Beautiful Lucanides."

FOOLSHEAD
and the neighbour's Daughter.

MAX'S HONEYMOON.

WHAT MORE COULD WANT?

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

GALA PERFORMANCES,
EVERY EVENING,
At 7 P. M. and 10 P. M.

DIRECT FROM COVENT GARDEN.

A bewitching performer of genuine Indian dances who has brought them to a fine art and has fascinated her London audiences.

Mlle. ROSHANARA.

A cinema revue specially produced for the Opera House and for the occasion of the

VICEROY'S BIRTHDAY

with views depicting the Greatness and Extent of the

BRITISH EMPIRE.

A film which must stimulate the patriotism of all H. M.'s subjects.

THE JACKOVLEWS
The sensational Russian dancers.

Still running because still appreciated

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A film of historical interest, dealing with the Roman invasion of Britain; splendidly produced and of great dramatic force.

A CARNIVAL OF DANCES.

The Butterflies
Mlle. Francois
Faulein Diamond
Miss ROSIE Johnson
Miss Aimee Blackburn.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at Nos. 25 and 26, Waterloo Street, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette." Ld.

DEWJEE CANJEE & CO., Chuckla; No. 6. First-class Furniture on sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited

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AMUSEMENTS.

AMERICA-INDIA THEATRE.

TO-NIGHT!
A POWERFUL AND ENGROSSING DRAMA
SECRETS OF THE SAFE.
(3,000 Feet.)
The Most Startling and Realistic Pictures of a Railway Accident ever Filmed.

SEE THE CONVICT SETTLEMENT!
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SEE THE GREAT RAILWAY COLLISION!

EVERY SCENE CONTAINS A REAL SENSATION.
3 SHOWS NIGHTLY,
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PRIZE SHOWS—SATURDAY and SUNDAY, 5-30 to 6-30 P. M.
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C. COLONNELLO SON & CO.,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

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EGGS MACCARONI, (a speciality) prepared with Eggs.

HOR'S D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and Italy

ALMONDS and WALNUTS (Italian) in soft 'shell'; MALAGA RAISINS, and DESSERT SMYRNA FIGS in boxes, and ITALIAN HAZELNUTS.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (purely Grape Wine) in great demand.

DO YOU GET FEVER?

A CERTAIN CURE FOR FEVER, AGUE, AND INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE, IS

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE AND PILLS
Price Re. 1 each.

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For pale people is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work impotency, weakness, early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc., etc. Re. 1-8 each.

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Is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs, Ans. 4 each.

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Cures ring-worm, Dhobies itch, etc., etc., in a day. Ans. 4 each.

OF ALL DEALERS, OR OF
DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J. P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 5.

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Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 64ths
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission
Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates

THIRD EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
KOMJI STREET, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, FORT, BOMBAY.

1913

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only advertisements for clerks, servants, &c., Goods for sale or wanted are accepted in this column.

RATES. (Cash Only.) Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover postage is previously paid

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PLATE POWDER.—Preserve your silver and electroplated ware by using the BATTLE-AXE PLATE POWDER. The finest preparation for producing a beautiful and lasting polish upon all articles of silver and electroplate. It contains no poison We use it ourselves to make our stock of silver and plate to look always bright and fresh. PRICE ANNAS 8 PER TIN ONLY. MARKOS & Co., Ld., JEWELLERS & SILVERSMITHS, BOMBAY & POONA.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at HOMJEE STREET, where a complete electric installation supplies the motive power for working of the machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The management is therefore able to offer constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding Stationery, etc.

G. MEHTA & CO., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdul Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electcis Printing Works, Homjee Street, Fort

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OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" when available, are supplied at the following special prices: If of a date over one and within 3 months, eight annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee a copy; over 2 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance

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ROOMS TO LET in Elphinstone Circle Buildings, for residence, with Verandah, Bath Room, Kitchen, and Servants' quarters. Rent Rs. 50 to Rs. 100. Apply to D. NANJEE 17, Elphinstone Circle.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates Special terms for contracts. Apply to the Manager, The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press

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SAFE DEALERS.—GODREJ and BOYCE MFG. Co. By appointment to H. E. the GOVERNOR, SAFES and LOCK MAKERS to H. M.'s Mint and Banks, near Gas Works, Parel, Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes—9½ inch by 4½ inch, Rupee 1 per hundred. 9½ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 12 per hundred (if printed on flap there will be an extra charge of Rs. 3 per thousand.) 6 13/16 inch by 3½ inch Rupees 2½ per thousand, (if printed on flap Rs. 4 per thousand.

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OUR ATANKNIGRAH PILLS
ARE
THE WORLD'S ALL
as they give strength and vigour much desired. They are in use throughout the World, amongst rich and poor, males, and females, young and old. They require no obervance of diet, and in all seasons blessing the users with memory, energy, good appetite, etc., thus restoring them to full health.

Re. 1 for a tin with 32 Pills.

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NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, Cures discharge (either sex) superseding injections
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Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails.
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Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Le Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word 'THERAPION' is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co., BOMBAY. BYCULLA, AND POONA

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A monthly journal of Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities starting of small mechanical industries etc. Industrial queries replied free by experts.
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AGENTS WANTED ON SPECIAL TERMS.
Apply for particulars and sample to the MANAGER, Shambazar, Calcutta.

FOR SALE.

KULU FRUIT SEASON.

BEST ENGLISH PEARS from 15th July and Finest Apples from 10th August in 9lbs. baskets for Rs. 3-12-0 by V. P. Post including all charges, to any part of India and Burma. Orders booked now. Apply MANAGER Aramgarh and Raisan Orchards, Raisan P. O., Kulu, Punjab.

THE FINEST PEARS.—Will be ready the latter end of July, and APPLES in August. Sent to any part of India, by V.P. Parcel Post at Rs. 4-2 per 9lb. basket. Apples and Pears from Bundrole Orchards were supplied to H. M. The King-Emperor. Apply to A. H. LEE, BUNDROLE ORCHARDS, Kulu, Punjab.

FOR SALE.—An EXCELLENT PROPERTY, situated near Colaba Causeway, suitable for office as well as residential purposes. For particulars apply to Box No. 919 care of this Paper.

WANTED.

GODOWN KEEPER REQUIRED, for European concern, must be competent with practical experience and furnish guarantee for Rs 2,000. Apply giving full particulars of experience and copies of recent testimonials, state salary, and when available to "TALLY", Box No. 97, care of "Bombay Gazette".

WANTED.—2ND OFFICER, for Cargo Steamer, plying in Eastern waters. Please state particulars of qualifications in reply to Box No. 123, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—APPLICANTS for employment, whole or spare time. Those experienced in Commercial Correspondence preferred, but this is not absolutely essential. Remuneration about Rs. 100 p. m. to start with. Apply Box No. 35, "Bombay Gazette."

ONE OR TWO GENTEEL CANVASSERS REQUIRED, for house to house work in Bombay, Parsees preferred. Apply stating experience, salary wanted and full particulars to Box No. 91, care of this Paper.

WANTED.—ROOM and BOARD, with private family, for European gentleman. Moderate terms. Apply to Box No. 950, "Bombay Gazette."

REQUIRED at once two bright JUNIOR CLERKS by important Company Apply stating full particulars as to qualifications, experience, age and salary wanted to Box No. 95 care of this Paper.

WANTED.—A SMART CONTRACTOR, for the sale of Newspapers. Applicants must be prepared to deposit Rs. 100 as security on appointment or applications will not be considered. Apply with full particulars to MANAGER, 'Bombay Gazette."

WANTED, from August 1st, an UNFURNISHED ROOM, with Board. No boarding houses considered. Cuffe Parade on Apollo Bunder preferred. Terms must be moderate. Write with full particulars to Box No. 999, care of "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A PRINTER'S ENGINEER. Must have had previous experience, or application will not be considered. Apply to MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED.—A half-tone process BLOCK MAKER. Only applications from those able to work the whole plant will be considered. Good salary and prospects to the right man. Apply with full particulars to the MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED experienced newspaper REPORTER. Apply Box No. 900 "Bombay Gazette."

TO BE LET.

TO BE LET.—TWO FLOORS of a Building, at C. P. Tank out of Fort, open on all sides. Rent moderate. Apply Box No. 942, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—A Big BUNGALOW, on Neapean Sea Road, open on all sides. Apply Box No. 925, care of this Paper.

TO BE LET.—An EXCELLENT OFFICE, on Hornby Road, close to Victoria Terminus. Electric Lights, Fans and Lift. Apply to Box No. 933, care of this Paper.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS
Empress Pale
AND
Housewife's Friend
Fine Household Soaps
Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

ENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22 APOLLO STREET, FORT.

A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

Auction sale of very valuable Mill property, known as the Saraswati Mills, Limited, consisting of Land, Mill Building, Plant and Machinery, situate at Sopari Bagh Road, Parel.

Under instructions from Messrs. M. N. Hogg and Hurgowandas Mulchand, the Liquidators of the Saraswati Mills, Limited, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on THURSDAY, the 26th day of June, 1913, sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 22 Apollo Street, Fort, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), the valuable Mill premises and Machinery, known as Saraswati Mills, Limited.

The Mill is in full working order and is being carried on by the Liquidators by whom it will be sold as a going concern (exclusive of book debts and outstandings) and the purchaser at the sale, in addition to the purchase price bid by him for the premises, Land and Machinery, shall take over and pay for, at a valuation to be as mentioned in the conditions, the assets of the Mill and shall have the benefit of, and be responsible for, all uncompleted contracts and orders.

The immoveable property consists of an area of about 33,620 square yards on the West of Sopari Bagh Road, running back to the G.I.P. Railway, and bounded on the South by the Jacob Sassoon Mill, about 4,006 square yards, bearing New Survey Nos. 3—2552 and 4—2556 is of Foras tenure, subject to a yearly payment of Rs. 6-6-0 the remainder bearing New Survey No. 1—2563 is of Toka tenure, subject to a yearly payment of Rs. 155-14-10 to Government.

The Buildings on the land consist of one large 2-storied mill building, containing 21,500 ring spindles and preparatory machinery, one 50ft. by 80ft. mixing room, one store room, one large fireproof godown with manager's bungalow on the top, two large non-fireproof godowns, one large office building, two waste sheds, one small store godown, one time-keeper's office and one mechanic's shop.

The Mill is fully equipped with up-to-date machinery by Messrs. Platt Brothers, Brooks and Doxeys, Hitherington and Sons, and Howard, and Bullough and other well-known makers.

A detailed description of the Land, Buildings and Machinery will be found in the particulars and conditions of sale, copies of which can be obtained from the Auctioneers or Liquidators or the Vendors' Solicitors, Messrs. Crawford Brown and Co., who will also produce a plan of the property to any intending purchaser. Orders to view the premises can be obtained from Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell and Co., Limited, Home Street, Fort, Bombay.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 23rd June, 1913.

BRASSO
Liquid Metal Polish.
The Best Polish in the Market
for brass work and all kinds
of Metals.
Obtainable from
all shops
If you have a
MOTOR CAR
keep it bright with
BRASSO
Manufactured only by
RECKITT & SONS.
Hull, England.

THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE"
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Yearly	Rs. 20
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N. B.—To obtain the benefit of the discount rate, payment must always be made in advance.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette."

See Special Short Advertisements Column

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS

For Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required, Change of Residence, and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ... „ 0-8

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First Insertion	... Rs.	6-0 per Inch
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Third Insertion	... „	3-0 do.
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Minimum charge	... „	6-0 do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for any length of time, special contracts are made.

AMUSEMENT COLUMN.
For insertions in the amusement Column. ... Re. 1-8 per Inch.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

The City Line steamer City of Athens 3,571 tons, Captain W. Knant, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Durban, with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co's stermer Dwarka, 759 tons, Captain W. Moxon, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Karachi, with Mails a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Llandredno, 2,441 tons, Captain J. M. Parker arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Port Said with ballast.

The steamer Saaid, 157 tons, Captain D. Bonsfield, arrived in harbour on Friday evening from Glasgow with ballast.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co's steamer Selesia, 3,317 tons, Captain G. Nicolich, sailed on unday for Calcutta etc., with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Markonnia, 2,839 tons, Captain Faffs, sailed on Sunday for Humburg and Bremen with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Ujina, 3,426 tons, Captain W H. Hill, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta with ballast.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Urlana,3,383 tons, Captain E. D. Pratt, sailed on Sunday for Rangoon etc, with a general cargo.

The P. and O. C 's steamer Delta, 4,779 tons, Captain E. P. Martin, sailed on Saturday for Aden with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Barjora, 3,8 8 tons, Captain F. R. Commack, arrived in harbour on Saturday from Busreh, June 8th via Karachi, brought a general cargo and 3 cabin and 4 deck passenge s.

The N. Y. Kaisha steamer Shingo Maru, 3,664 tons, Captain T. Okhuma, arrived in harbour on Saturday, from Kobe, May 16, with a cargo of coal and general and 2 deck passengers.

The steamer Singu 1,912 tons, Captain W. B. Murison arrived in harbour on Sunday from Rangoon, 3rd June, with a cargo of Kerosine oil.

The Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Compan 's steamer Nippon 4,015 tons, aptain E. Tanitonhia arrived here in harbour on Sunday from Trieste 4th June, with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Dunara, 762 tons, Captain A. D. Burbridge, arrived in Bombay harbour on Sunday from Busreh, 14th June, via Karachi with a general cargo and explosives and 108 passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Friday, 20th June 1913, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

ARRIVALS.

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
20	Saaid	Bonsfield	Glasgow April 2
	Slandudno ...	Parker.....	Ports i June 7
21	Lowarai ...	Coxon...	Aden Shanghai 19
	City of Athens	Grant ...	Durban June 8
	Barjora	Commack	Busreh June 8
	Shingo Maru.	Okhuma ...	Kobe, May 16
22	Singu	Murison ...	Rangoon, J 3
	Nippon	Tanitonhia.	Trieste, June 4
	Dunara	Burbridge..	Busreh, June 4
	Circassia...	.....	Liverpool &c

DEPARTURES

June	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
21	Precarrell ...	Lower	Port Said
	Umbria ...	Ivers	Manchester ough
	Normark ...	Cunning ...	Rangoon &c
	Royal Prince.	Poutt	Do
	Delta	Martin ...	Aden
2[illegible]	Urlana ...	Grant	Rangoon &c
	Markomannia	Fapos	Hamburg &c
	Silesia.....	Nicolich	Calcutta
	Ujina	Hill ...	Do

The following vessels began to load on Saturday :—

Steamer Singu, for Rangoon.
" Romera, for Liverpool &c.
" Clan Cumming, or Liverpool &c.
" Lisandrido, for Antwerp.
" Archenda for Antwerp &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The B. I. S. N. Co's. steamer Chantala, left London on the evening of the 9th June. The same Co's. steamer Selasia, left Aden on the 2[illegible]th instant.

The Societa' Nazionale Di Servizi Marittimi steamer Ischia, from Bombay arrived at Kobe on the 20th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer Persia, from Japan left Colombo on the 20th instant and is due here on Tuesday afternoon the 24th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS.—JUNE 21.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of London s—218 cwts coir yarn, V Haridas ; 1,000 cwts wheat, L Abercrombie and Co ; 41 bales cotton, P Devram.

City of Athens s—300 tons Manganese ore, S Syndicate, 500 tons manganese ore, K Nixon and Co ; 3,000 cwts Linseed, oil cake, 2,000 cwts cottonseed cake, K Devchand and Co ; 512 cwts Myrabolams, S Cooverji and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

City of Athens s—1,000 cwts castor seed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

India s—30 cwts chutney, M M Poonjiaji and Co; 240 cwts chutney, M Poonjiaji and Sons ; 70 cwts chutney, D D Framji and Co ; 283 cwts chutney, F Nawroji: 25 cwts Casein, S S Misavda ; 1 bale wollen carpets, E G Fulep; 3 bales woolen carpets, H Bakerbhoy and Co ; 14 bales cow hides, 1 bale calf skins, Wand d A Graham and Co.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—4,094 cwts cottonseed, T Toolsidas.

Clarissa Radcliffe s—6,696 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ANTWERP.

Cairnross s—262 cwts mustardseed, P Assoo.

Chakrata s—195 bales cotton waste, 65 bales hemp, C Peraj and Co ; 1,512 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 60 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 3,200 cwts castorseed, Ralli Bros.

Wachtfels s—50 bales hemp, D M Doongagee and C.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Koranna s—1,040 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 200 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Wachtfels s—1 bale woolen carpets, E G Fulep.

FOR HAMBURG.

Wachtfels s—84 cwts cattle guts, F I Trading Co ; 1,085 cwts groundnut cakes, 199 cwts Turmeric, R Jewandas and Co.

Rotenfels s—110 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation.

Maskomannia s—47 bales cotton, Solomon Bros.

FOR NEW YORK.

Yeddo s—15 cwts Fishmaws, R Dhinji and Co.

FOR PHILADELPHIA.

Yeddo s—318 cwts dry skin trimming, C J Mathews and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Nippon s—770 bales cotton, Bombay Co ; 220 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co ; 220 bales cotton, New Mofussil Co ; 165 bales cotton, N F and C Corporation ; 16,000 cwts gingelly seed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR FUME.

Nippon s—10,000 cwts linseed, 2,000 cwts gingelly seed L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Nippon s—200 bales cotton Bombay Co ; 400 bales cotton, Walter Pavri and Co ; 10,000 cwts wheat, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR ANCONA.

Nippon s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Capri s—100 bales cotton, M M Essabhoy, 100 bales cotton, J A Begbie and Co ; 500 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

DAILY IMPORTS—JUNE 21.

Steamer Lindenfels from Hamburg, Agents W and A Graham and Co.—108 barrels cement, 1 case. 110 cretes tiles, 5 cases, 125 boxes candles, 69 cases clock and watches, 1 case 210 cases lock, 65 cases lampware, 14 glass heads, 331 cases, 5 casks hollow glass, 2,224 cases, window glass, 50 cases bangles, 44 cases aloes 30 cases brandy, 225 cases, 25 casks beer, 70 cases whisky, 29 cases, 2 h. hds wine, 1,209 cases spirits, 15 cases perfumed spirits, 59 cases 78 drums bleaching powder, 275 bels 6 cases, nimaral oil, 75 bels white oil, 25 cases saled oil 200 bundles yellow metal sheets, 10 cases milk, 38 cases condensed milk, 92 cases stirilized milk, 24 cases stirilized cream, 68 cases cheese, 3 cases provisions, 81 cases 1,104 bales paper, 1 case gun, 576 cases, 78 casks, 548 kegs, 53 tin cases colours, 1 keg read lead, 3 casks, 32 kegs alizerine colour, 3 barrels 942 cases, 102 drums, 55 casks, 195 drums aniline colour, 12 cases soap 100 bels, 251 casks lubricating oil, 5 cases cigars, 299 cases 11 bales, cotton goods, 42 cases cotton and silk 39 cases woollens, 44 cases wool (Berlin), 29 bales cotton yarn, 5 cases woolen yarn, 7 cases umbrellas, 38 cases, 9 crates glass bottles.

FOREIGN CABLE REPORTS.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect	Via Brest Perfect.
Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect
Via Suez Perfect	Via Suez Perfect	Via Direct Cable Perfect

Australia.	China	Africa
Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect
Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect
.....	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 22nd June.

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Ahwaz, Mohammersah, Schonschter, and Dizful should bear instructions "Post Busrire" till further notice (1-6-13).

Greek administration notify correspondence with Chio, Tenedos, Salonika, Lemnos Florina, Vodena, Servia, Kozana, Elassona, reopened via Eastern. Bulgarian administration notify opening to International Service following places Prisvich, Gnaisane, Gostiva, Koussouna, Kratova, Kutchesko, Vizes (Keoprülü), Bouchitron, Otolia (Monastir). Rates for abovementioned places same as for Europe (24-3-13).

Montenegrin Telegraph office opened at Scutari (8-4-13).

Telegrams for all places in States of Chihuahua, Chihuahua, Morelos, Sinola, in Mexico are accepted at sender's risk (1-4-13).

Telegrams for Buenos Ayres in Argentine Republic intended to be transmitted by cable to destination should be marked via Madeira (5-4-13).

Communication with Mexican States of Chihuahua for Cayenne are sent by the southern routes via Salinas (29-3-13).

Telegrams for islands Metelin, Thassos, Samothrace, Samos, Imbros, Ikre, Psara may be accepted at the same rates as in the case of Islands of Greece. Telegrams are despatched by best means possible with delay (2-6-13)

Cable between Jamaica and Colon interrupted (11-6-13).

Telegrams to Arzila are subject to long delays and should be at sender's risk only (16-6-13).

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY THE HON. COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, C.I.E., V.D., COMMANDING.

Bombay, 23rd June, 1913.

405. Arms—All Arms and Accoutrements to be returned to Head-Quarters at once, with the exception of those members to whom they have been issued during the current year and for matching.

406. Signalling Class. The Signalling Class will parade to-day Monday the 23rd instant at 7 a.m. on the Maidan in front of Head-Quarters.

Dress.—Mufti.

407. Enrolments. The undernamed having been enrolled are taken on the strength of the Corps and posted to Company :—

No. 7478 Cadet C Ferreira, No 7479 Cadet G Gomes, No. 7480 Cadet M Santos, No. 7481 Cadet C Hearn, No. 7482 Cadet C Cunningham, No. 748[illegible] Cadet P Callaghan. No. 7484 Cadet C Guest, No 7485 Cadet [illegible]annon, No 7486 Cadet A Elwood, No. 7487 Cadet H M Hill, No. 7488 Cadet C Moffat, No. 7489 Cadet J Hussey, No. 7490 Cadet P Gilbert.

(Sd.) F. H. JAMES, Capt.,
Offg. Adjutant, B. V. R.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE charges for announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, are Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

DE COURCY.—On the 4th June, at Wellington, S. India, the wife of Capt in the Hon'ble M. W. R. deCourcy, Brigade-Major, Southern Brigade, of a daughter.

DEATH.

LINCOLN GORDON—At the Cottage Hospital, Srinagar, Kashmir, on the 30th May, Dora, widow of the late Lincoln Gordon, District Traffic Supdt, O. & R. State Railway, Lucknow.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Dancing Festival, Royal Opera House, 7 and 10 p.m.

Olympia Picture Palace, Sandhurst-road.

Excelsior Cinematograph, 6-30 to 8 ; 8-30 to [illegible] ; and 10 to 11-30.

America-India Cinematograph, Charni-road.

Maxim :—Beware of envy, for it will harm you, not your enemy.

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE.

[In force from 1st March, 1913.]

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily Standard time is given in all cases :—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-1[illegible]
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur)	13-20	21-0
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-45	14-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-10	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class)	6-50	7-30
Poona Express	19-35	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-20
Postal Express for Punjab ...		*
do do for Calcutta ...		*
do do for Madras ...		*

* Four hours after Mail steamer is signalled on Fridays only.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	7-30	21-0
Guzerat Mail	8-35	21-5
Third Class Express ...	6-45	17-0

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Mauritius, and Reunion *via* Tuticorin and Colombo, per s. s. "Ilonus" will be closed at the General Post Office at 7-30 p.m. to-morrow.

THEFT AT VINCENT ROAD.—Ramji Makanji Patel complains that while his wife was absent from his house at Vincent Road, Matunga, somebody broke in and notes and jewellery of the value of Rs. 1,756 were taken from a box kept in a cupboard.

NATIVE GENERAL LIBRARY.

Speaking at the annual meeting of the Native General Library on Saturday last, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhai Bart., who presided, made a suggestion with regard to the name of the institution. He stated that in the course of time the word "native" had acquired an undesirable connotation, and as had been aptly said by a writer "conjured up a vision of the Red Indians of America, or the Aborginies of Australia, or the blacks of Africa". He thought, therefore, that in accordance with the general trend of opinion in India and elsewhere, they ought to drop the word "native" and change the name to a more suitable form. He hoped some member would, in due course, put forward a proposition to effect that much-desired change.

Sir Jamsetjee, in his speech, referred to the satisfactory report of the past year, which had already been published. But he added he would like to see more members and subscribers on the list of the library in order to improve its financial position. Libraries, he said, did not advertise themselves and he, therefore, hoped that the members would try and get some of their friends to join the library, and enable it to meet the growing demands that were sure to be made on a popular institution like theirs.

In conclusion, he thanked Mr. Pavri, the secretary for his energetic services.

Resolutions were passed adopting the past year's annual report and statement of accounts, thanking the office-bearers and appointing auditors and members of the Committee.

SUN, MOON, AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock Sill.

HIGH WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	June	h. m.	ft. in.
Mon	23	m 1 48	24 11
		2 31 a	27 5
Tues.....	24	m 2 29	24 7
		3 2 a	26 10
Wednes...	25	m 3 13	24 2
		3 34 a	26 4
Thurs ...	26	m 4 1	23 11
		4 9 a	25 11
Fri ...	27	m 4 55	23 10
		4 49 a	25 6

LOW WATER.

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
	June	h. m.	ft. in.
Mon ...	23	m 7 30	17 5
		8 51 a	19 4
Tuesday..	24	m 8 5	18 3
		9 32 a	19 5
Wed.....	25	m 8 44	19 1
		10 14 a	19 5
Thurs ...	26	m 9 9	19 10
		10 59 a	19 4
Fri ...	27	m 10 28	20 7
		11 51 a	18 11

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week :—

June	Sunrise.		Sunset.	
23 (Monday)	do	6h. 2m.	do	7h. 18m
24 (Tuesday)	do	6h. 3m.	do	7h. 19m
25 (Wednesday)	do	6h. 3m.	do	7h. 19m
26 (Thursday)	do	6h. 3m	do	7h. 19m
27 (Friday)	do	6h. 3m.	do	7h. 19m

PHASES OF THE MOON. Full Moon, June 14th, 11h. 23-7m. p.m. Last Quarter, 26th 11h. 10-8m. p.m.: New Moon, July 4th 10h. 36-2m. a.m. First Quarter, 11th, 8h. 7-3m. a.m.

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

SIMLA, June 21.

The Arabian Sea current is still absent No rain has fallen in the rest of the Peninsula The Bay current has given very little rain, but continued in the formation of a depression off Orissa coast, and probably signifies the increased activity. A few falls are reported from the central parts the country in the north-east of the coast of the peninsula, Assam, Tenasserim, and Coast.

Chief amounts:—

Victoria Point and Mergui, two inches;
Dibrugarh, three;
Elassore, one and a half;
Udaipur, one;
Raipur and Waltair, two.

Forecast:—Increase in rainfall over north-east of the Penninsula.

SIMLA, June 22.

Although there has been no strengthening of the monsoon currents as indicated by winds and the state of the sea, a large increase of rainfall has occurred in the northern half of the Peninsula due to the disturbance of yesterday in the Bay which has crossed the coast without developing into a storm.

Rainfall has been nearly general in Orissa, the Central Provinces and Hyderabad ; fairly general in Burma excluding central districts, Assam and Central India West, and local in Upper Sind, Konkan, and the Bombay Deccan. Few falls also occurred in Baluchistan.

Tavoy reports one and a half inches ;
Myitkyina, two ;
Dibrugarh, four ;
Darjeeling, two ;
Indore and Amraoti, one and a half ;
Akola, three ;
Jubbulpore, one ;
Nagpur and Parbhani, two ;
Aurangabad, one and a half ;
Hyderabad (Deccan), one ;
Sholapur, three quarters.

Forecast :—Continued rainfall in the central parts of the country.

AT SEA.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer "Dwarka", Captain W. Moxon, which arrived in harbour on Friday from Karachi, reports having encountered light south-west wind, moderate swell, no rain and clear sky.

The steamer "Saaid", Captain D. Bonsfield, which arrived in Bombay on Friday from Glasgow met with strong monsoon to within 24 hours of Bombay.

RAINFALL STATISTICS.

IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla.	Esplanade.	St G's Hospl
	In. cts	In cts.	in. cts.
Previously registered	11·54	11·35	
Sunday, 22nd June...	0·25	0·84	
Total ...	12·89	12 19	
Same date last year,	0·00	0·00	

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m. June 21.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total Corrdg. to date.	Corrdg. Total.
		1911	1912.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill.	0 00	7 18	9 84	10 10

BOOT FACTORY, SION.

Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a.m. of the 22nd June	Total up-to-date
In cts.	In. cts.
0 70	10 34

Appended is Saturday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India, based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Name of Station.	Maximum temperature during the last 24 hours	Minimum temperature during the last 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire 20th	89·8	81·5	...	...
Jask ...	...	...	...	...
Muskat ...	...	...	...	...
Multan ...	102·4	80·0	...	0·57
Rawalpindi ...	105·9	78·1	...	3·92
Lahore ...	102·3	82·2	...	1·17
Sirsa ...	102·3	82·0	...	2·12
Ambala ...	99·5	76·9	...	4·00
Delhi ...	101·0	83·8	...	3·62
Agra ...	104·5	85·1	...	0·52
Mainpuri ...	105·3	82·6	...	0·18
Jhansi ...	102·6	80·0	...	0·58
Cawnpore ...	102·6	82·0	...	0·44
Allahabad ...	101·4	79·5	...	3·15
Jacobabad ...	104·6	85·8	...	0·50
Karachi ...	91·0	81·5	0·04	0·04
Ajmer ...	92·1	8·2	...	2·70
Jaipur ...	98·2	7·6	...	3·26
Kotah ...	99·6	82·6	...	0·86
Bhuj ...	96·0	80·0	...	2·47
Dwarka ...	91·3	82·7	...	1·96
Verawal ...	86·4	81·8	...	6·34
Rajkot ...	94·1	73·3	...	0·52
Bhavnagar Para.	95·0	77·5	0·18	5·01
Surat ...	92·4	80·1	...	10·3
Ahmedabad ...	95·6	79·2	...	4·2
Deesa ...	97·3	79·4	...	2·81
Neemuch ...	93·9	74·0	...	1·90
Indore ...	91·6	76·6	0·06	1·98
Jubbulpore ...	94·3	77·3	...	6·4
Saugor ...	96·8	75·1	0·37	4·45
Hoshangabad ...	...	...	...	...
Khandwa ...	93·2	77·1	...	5·39
Akola ...	99·2	78·6	...	1·61
Amraoti ...	97·3	80·3	...	3·69
Nagpur ...	99·6	78·8	0·06	4·03
Chanda ...	103·5	77·0	0·19	3·11
Raipur ...	97·2	73·8	1·95	4·03
BOMBAY ...	89·8	81·9	...	6·89
Ratnagiri ...	88·3	78·9	...	18·69
Mormugao ...	87·0	79·7	...	21·97
Barwar ...	86·4	79·0	...	22·56
Malegaon ...	96·4	74·2	...	2·25
Ahmednagar ...	94·1	70·0	...	5·80
Poona ...	87·5	70·3	...	6·61
Sholapur ...	95·8	73·6	...	2·07
Bijapur ...	95·7	72·3	...	1·96
Belgaum ...	94·3	65·5	...	6·82
Aurangabad ...	95·4	71·7	...	2·07
Nizamabad (Indur) ...	101·4	81·7	...	1·40
Hyderabad ...	97·3	82·2	...	2·31
Mangalore ...	87·3	77·3	0·06	24·93
Calicut ...	86·6	77·6	...	22·78
Cochin ...	85·2	76·7	0·09	18·80
Colombo ...	85·0	80·0	...	4·90
Masulipatam ...	107·3	79·7	0·12	1·00
Bellary ...	98·0	75·3	...	0·84
Cuddapah ...	102·5	82·0	...	0·24
Madras ...	103·5	86·0	...	0·00
Bangalore ...	88·3	67·3	...	2·21
Coimbatore ...	91·4	72·8	...	0·81
Trichinopoly ...	102·1	80·3	...	0·32
Negapatam ...	98·7	80·7	...	0·59

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 21st June, 1913, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear. The air is damper than usual at Multan and drier at Ambala. Night temperature is in defect at Multan.

The United Provinces.—Skies are moderately clouded at Jhansi and clear elsewher

Humidity is in defect. Maximum temperature is in excess at some stations.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in lower Sind and clear elsewhere. The air is damper than usual in upper Sind Day temperature is in defect in upper Sind, and south Rajputana ; night temperature is below normal at Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Bhavnagar-Para records 0·18" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperatures are normal.

The Central Provinces. Local rain has fallen; Saugor has had 0·37", Chanda 0·19" and Raipur 1·95". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture Day temperature is in excess in the southern half of the division.

The Konkan.—Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is in defect in the north Konkan. Temperature is in slight excess at Bombay.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. The air is generally drier than usual. Day temperature is in excess; night temperature is also above normal at Nizamabad and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—Local rains has fallen in the Central Provinces and light isolated showers in Kathiawar and on the north Madras Cost. On the west Coast of the Peninsula rainfall continues insignificant.

Some showers may occur in the Central Provinces, Malabar and possibly the southern half of the Deccan and on the north Madras Coast.

STANDARD BAROMETER READINGS.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument, ascertain the errors of their barometers :—

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F, and to the level of the tide at 8-45 a. m., (Standard Time), on the 21st June 1913, was 29·989 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial barometers of ships, the reading of the ship's barometer is to be increased or decreased by ·013 inch for every 5 deg., according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the Aneroid, no temperature correction is needed, but for comparison at 80° F all aneroid readings should be increased by ·138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either a mercurial or Aneroid, for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a. m (Standard Time), the ship's barometer reading should be increased by ·010 inch for every 10 feet of this height, to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

AMUSEMENTS.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

Judging by the well-filled house on Saturday evening, a visit to the Opera House is already becoming quite a recognised function. On this occasion a much fuller entertainment was furnished than hitherto, lasting well over two hours.

Among the items provided, first place must be given to the series of dances by Mlle Roshanara. These have been culled from Indian customs and legendary—lore, and their allegorical character is very faithfully and ably portrayed. There were three selections, a Harvest Dance, typifying rejoicings for the successful gleaning of the harvest, and a Country Dance of Gipsy derivation.

The last number consisted of a Snake Dance being the symbolical representation of a serpent charmed by music,—a striking and original exposition, every movement of the creature being weirdly and realistically depicted. All the dances were executed with a finesse, which denotes that Mlle Roshanara is an accomplished performer, and her stage setting had been carefully chosen, so that nothing of the effect might be lost.

In the picture programme, "Cymbeline" is still showing. The piece is beautifully mounted, but apart from spectacular effect there is nothing to really grip the audience. There was also a topographical film of "Biarritz". The remainder of the entertainment was made up with a variety of dances, among which the strenuous performance of the Jackovlews still stands high in popular favour.

THE EXCELSIOR.

There probably has never been a firm which has met with such universal approval as "Quo Vadis?" Even people who are by no means fond of long dramatic films have been forced to take an interest in it, and their verdict has been decidedly favourable. From the start it was evident that this was a film quite out of the ordinary, and now that we have seen the whole we have no hesitation in saying that it is by far the finest piece of work yet achieved by the cinematograph. The last part is a masterpiece of acting, and there are scenes in it which leave us marvelling at the perfection to which the production has been brought.

Quite apart from the chief item on the programme, the Excelsior this week has put forth a special effort, and there are many good things. The film of the "Derby" is intensely interesting, both from its great subject and the excellence of the photography. The film in which a little play is performed by beetles is a very clever and quite unique piece of work. To complete an excellent entertainment Max Linder and Foolshead appear in two delightful comedies. Taking all these things into account, it must be pronounced a splendid programme. The Excelsior management are by no means lacking in partriotism, for they gave an entertainment to about a thousand school children on Friday evening, to add to the gaiety of the celebration of the Viceroy's birthday.

The Lieut.-Governor of Burma leaves Maymyo on July 15th for Mandalay, where he will stay for a week. His Honour will visit several head-quarters stations en route to Prome and thence return to Maymyo. Sir George Shaw will hold a durbar at Government house, Rangoon, on August 19th.

IN the House of Lords on June 5th, Lord Sydenham, attended by Lord Welby and Lord Harris and introduced with the customary formalities, took the oath and subscribed the roll on his elevation to the peerage.

CURRENT EASTERN NEWS.

SIR GEORGE ROOS-KEPPEL will arrive at Simla from Nathia Gali on the 7th of July.

THE Amir of Kabul paid a flying visit to Jellalabad by motor-car last week. He gave orders for a temporary stoppage of the work on the Daronta Canal as drinking water had run short locally.

AN exhibition of arts and crafts, open to troops on the Murree Hills, will be held at Murree in September. There will be a class for original inventions, thrown open to all officers of the Northern Army.

Rangoon has hit upon an idea for putting an end to the beggar pest. For some time past large batches of mendicants have been sent to jail without the option, but the sentences inflicted were futile as a deterrent for what are described as "able bodied" beggars. A rest case has, however, now been made of a Chittagonian beggar, under Section 109 (b), the Magistrate directing that the accused should execute a bond in Rs. 150, with two respectable householders of Rangoon as sureties in the like amount, for his good behaviour for a term of one year failing which he would be imprisoned.

A Mussoorie correspondent writes :—An interesting and largely attended meeting to consider some aspects of the Woman's Movement was held at "The Deodars" when the question of votes for woman was dealt with by Mrs. Hallowes and Miss Weatherley. The former lady spoke of an enlightened and enfranchised motherhood, and the latter on the religious aspect of the Woman's Movement. The addresses were instructive and were heard with much attention, and in the discussion that followed many speakers expressed their sympathy with the feminist movement. A larger public meeting will be held shortly at which will be delivered some masculine views on the subject.

Mr. Alfred Chatterton, Director of Industrial and Technical Inquiries, Madras, gives an encouraging acount in the *Madras Mail* of the prospects of the aluminium industry, Imports of aluminium have grown from 890 cwts., valued at 1.05 lakhs, in 1904-05 to 35,809 cwts., valued at 25.5 lakhs, in 1912-13. The main idea underlying the efforts made to create a market for aluminium in India, says Mr. Chatterton, was that this was a necessary preliminary to the establishment of hydro-electric works for the manufacture of the metal from raw material existing in India. Mr. Chatterton thinks it may be safely said now, that the market for aluminium in India is sufficiently large to justify the establishment of such a factory. He looks forward to a growing demand for the metal, and observes that the enterprise which has led to the establishment of iron and steel works in this country is amply sufficient to deal with the question of the manufacture of aluminium. The industrial policy of the Government of Madras bids fair to be justified by the progress made in this direction alone.

While removing an old shrine, attributed to a King of the Arakanese dynasty, at Tounwindgyi in Upper Burma, workmen recently discovered several images and a good plaque, inscribed on both sides in Burmese and Arakanese. Unfortunately they were not shown to an export, and the relics have been buried again deep down in the masonry of the new pagoda which is being built on the site. So it will be hundreds of years before they will see the light again. Nearly every pagoda contains some sort of relic, those deposited by kings being often valuable. A pagoda which was broken into by Mussalman thieves in 1906, was supposed to have been built by one of the Pagan kings. An image in it was found to have an exceedingly costly sapphire in its forehood. This the thieves left behind apparently thinking it was only glass.

SIR GREY WILSON.

Concluding an article on Sir Grey Wilson's farewell speech the "Pioneer" says :—It is when Sir G. Fleetwood Wilson came to his counsels to the Indian party for the future that he seems to have stopped on to somewhat equivocal ground. He urged patience and confidence in the intentions of the British Government, which by nature always moves slowly, and deprecated distrust and discontentment that would take shape in premature strivings after the good things that lie a head. It is to be hoped that the people whom he addresses will take the advice in the right spirit, but it is quite conceivable that its effect on a large portion of them might be just the reverse. If there are good things ahead, they may think, what is the virtue of waiting and patience ? Why should these rewards be reserved for the next generation ? If this Government is by nature so slow, all the more reason that we should try to quicken it up a little. Nor can we admire the restraining consideration that Sir G. Fleetwood Wilson throws out by hinting at the calamities and havoc that must follow in the train of a revolution. This is too nearly bordering on the style of Mr. Alan Hume, and recalls the advice suggestives of "Don't nail his ear to a pump." Of course, the respectable audience whom Sir G. Fleetwood was addressing are no more revolutionaries than Sir G. Fleetwood himself is one but the speech was meant to carry further than the table and there are those who may put their own interpretations upon it. On the whole it is clear that the role of a member of a Government who steps down from the dais and undertakes to mediate as the candid friend of both parties between that Government and its critics and opponents is full of difficulties. It is one that could only be attempted on the eve of departure when the ties of official responsibilty are dissolving, and perhaps, it is well that in the nature of things departing Members cannot take their farewell benifit more than one.

THE King has been pleased, by letters patent under the Great Seal, to grant to the Right Hon. Sir George Farwell, Knight, late one of the Lords Justices of Appeal, an annuity of £3,500.

BACK, HANDS AND FACE MASS OF SPOTS

Full of Water. Painful and Sore, Could Not Be Dressed Sometimes for Days. Used Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Completely Well.

11, Station Rd., Portslade-by-Sea, Eng.—"For eight years or more I was troubled with eczema. My back, hands and face came out in a mass of small red spots full of water; which was very painful and sore. I could not be dressed sometimes for days together. I tried all sorts of soap, also had an ointment made up; but none did me any good. I was about the same, very wretched and miserable. All I spent was in vain until I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap. After I had used them I got much relief, and found the raw places getting soothed, healed and dried, and the inflammation going a lot. So I kept on with both Cuticura Soap and Ointment, and soon got completely well. I am clear as a bell to-day.

"My sister has been a dreadful sufferer. I have seen her raw on body, hands and face. So I sent her a box of Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap. Now she would not be without Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment as they have completely cured her." (Signed) Mrs. Rosanna Parfrey, Mar. 7, 1912.

No other emollients do so much for pimples, blackheads, red, rough skins and itching, scaly scalps. Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold throughout India, a liberal sample of each, with 32-p. Skin Book, will be sent post

MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, June 20. BOMBAY, June 21.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols	73		1-8
2 do. Rentes.	63 3-4		1-4
3 1-2 do. Sterling Loan	87		1-4
do. do. Gov. Securities.. ...	63 7-8	1-16	
Bar Silver in London Spot ...	26 13-16		1-16
do. 2 months' hence	27 1-8		1-8
Bar Silver in New York	59 1-8		1-4
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·24	1-2	
do. do. at Berlin.	20·42 1-2		1-2
do. do. New York	4·86 5-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ...	4 1-2	since	
do Short London Bills	17th Apl.		
3 months' sight...	4 5-16	1-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight ...	4 1-2	un	chgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 5-8	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans. ...	3 1-2	3-8	
do, 7 day Market Loans ...	3 1-2	1-8	

Bar Gold ...77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India 30 days sight (Bank buying rate) 1s. 3 13-16d. unchanged.
Closing tone of silver—Dull.

SPECIE SHIPMENTS.

Silver to Bombay	£	210,000
Gold to Bombay	£	1,60,000
Gold Coin to Bombay	£	10,000
Silver to Calcutta	£	.....
Silver to Madras	£	.....
Silver to Ceylon	£	.....

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Steady. Moderate business.
Futures	Steady.
Manchester	Quiet with a limited enquiry
Total Sales ...	7,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	300 "
Imports ...	7,000 "
Mid-Americans ...	6·79+02
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown ...	9·75 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug-Sept.
6·54 +05	6·53 +05	6·44 +05
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·33 +05	6·27 +05	6·23 +05
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr.
6·22 +05	6·22 +05	6·23 +05	6·24 +05

New York 11 a.m., July 12·15, Oct. 11·63.
New York official Noon call July 12·18 Oct. 11·68.
New Orleans 10 a.m. July 12·46, Oct. 11·66.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	4,000
" Receipts at " last year...	2 000
" Exports to Great Britain ..	1 000
" Exports to Continent ...	8,000
Spot Cotton	12·50+15

Futures—Month of July 12·19+14.
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·67+11
Advanced on bull support and short covering and on limited offerings.

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton ...	12 9-16 unchgd
Futures month of July ...	12·48+12
Futures month of Oct. ...	11·64+19
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Steady.

	Bales.
Week's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	32,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ...	5,000
Do. do to France & Continent.	27,000
Do. do to Japan	1,000
Stock of cotton at U. S. Ports.....	279,000
Do. do. at Interior Ports.....	240,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS—

	Bales.
Total Actual Exports.....	6,000
Do. Forwarded	67,000
Do. Imports	61,000
Do. Stocks	1,009,000
Stock of Cotton in London	3,630

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Good Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 3-16
F. G. Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 5-16
Fine Bengal M. G. ...	d 5 7-16
F.G.F. Tinnevelly L'pool C.I.F.	d 6 1-32
Buyers or Sellers ...	Sellers.
Months ...	July-August.
Cocconada Fair Red C.I.F. London ...	d 5 3-32
Cocconada Ginned do do ...	d 5 7-32
Western Good do do ...	d 5 3-8

Tone—
Dhollerahs and Shirtings.—Dull. Practically nothing doing.
Cloths.—Steady. Prices firm.
Yarns.—Market steady.
Prices unchanged.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	Nominal.
Do. Months— ...	.....
Do. Name of Ports— ...	.....
Wheat White Karachi	37 3-4 unchgd.
Do. Months ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done and sellers.	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	37 1-4—1-8
Do. Month— ...	June-July. London—Value.

Tone—Dull.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe	...35 5-8 unchgd.
Do. Months— ...	June July.—Nominal.—Dull.
Barletto Russo ...	Nominal.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...	Unchanged.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c. ex-ship. ...	50 3-4 unchgd
Do. Months— ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers	
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ...	51 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months— ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Brown Cawnpore ...	46 3-4—1-4
Do Months— ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports.—Hamburg—Sellers.	
Tone—Quiet.	

LINSEED—

Bombay per 416lbs ex-ship ...	45 5-8—1-4
Do Months— ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Done.	
Tone—Quiet but steady.	
Linseed Calcutta ...	44—3d.
Do. Months— ...	June-July.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata...	London—Done—Quieter. 42 1-8+1-8
Do. Months— ...	August.
Do. Name of Ports—Amsterdam—Done.	

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market £ 6-14-6+0-0-3 July-Aug.—Hull—Sellers. Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
Fair Rio Coffee ... 9 5-8—3-8

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 3 7 1-2—1-2d. June-July—Value—Dull.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ...	£ 78 1-2—1 1-4
Yellow Metal ...	d. 6 15-16 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ...	£ 63 1-8—1 5-8

Tin Plates I. C. Coke 14 by 20 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. c. i. f. Liverpool ... .
Bar Iron, Belgian No. 2 ordinary sizes F.O.B. Antwerp. 5 0 0
Iron Corrugated Sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4 per cent. F. O.B. Liverpool ... 10 15 0
Basic Steel Bars, CIF, India.... 5 11 3
Basic steel BarsBelgian C.I.F.

FREIGHTS—
Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay—13s.—Value.

ARRIVALS :—
"Tannafels."

SUGAR—
German Granulated Sugar C&F India(Double bags)..13 3 3-4—3-4d.
Do. Months of Shipment. July-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Easier. Little doing.
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... } Neglected.
Months of Shipments ... }
German Beet-root 50 p.c. ... 9 5 3-4—1d.
Months of Shipments ...Aug.—Sellers.
9 7 3-4—1 1-4d.—Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet. Easier.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 13-9 unchanged.
Months of Shipments ...July-Sept.—Sellers.
Tone—Dull.
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... } No quotation.
Month of Shipments ... }
Java Sugar.—Very quiet. Unchanged.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

SATURDAY EVENING.] [June 21st 1913

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
	Rs.		
449 Bars Silver	9,00,000	London	Yokohama Bank
227 Bars Silver	4,50,000	do	Hongkong Bank
1 Box Sovs	15,000	Marseilles	do
264 Bars Silver	5,25,000	London	National Bank
50 Bars Silver	1,00,000	do	Cox & Co
149 Bars Silver	3,00,000	do	National Bank
344 Bars Silver	1,75,000	do	M'cantile Bank
74 Bars Silver	1,50,000	do	Comptoir National
1 Case Gold Coins	45,000	Marseilles	do
38 Bars Silver	75,000	London	Russo-Asiatic Bk

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 19th June 1913.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway.....	61	70,910
B. B. and C. I. Ry...	66	80,690

FINANCIAL.

MONEY :—

Bank of Ben. rate since 20th June 1913	4 p.c.
Bank of Bom. " " 12th June	5 "
Bank of Mad. " " 17th June	6 "

EXCHANGE—
The market opened steady at 1s. 3d, 15-16 T. T. and Demand and 1s, 4 3-16d for 3 months' sight Credits. Being mail day there has been little fresh business doing.
We quote.—

T. T. on London	...1s. 3 29-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 3 15-16d.
Credit 3 months sight	...1s. 4 3-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 1-4d.
	... Aug
Do. do France	...170
Do. do Marks	...138 1-2
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...146 1-2
Shanghai "	...198 3-4
Japan "	...150

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—
The market opened at 96 1-8 for Cash and 96 1-16 for the settlement. There has been little doing and rates close as under.
We quote.—

Cash	...Rs.	96 1	0 Buyers.
Settlement	... "	96 1	0 Sellers.
2nd "	... "	95 15	0

BULLION.—
The London market for bar silver yesterday was 1-16 lower both for ready and forward at 26 13-16 and 27 1-8 respectively. New York was 1-4 down at 58 1-8. The local market opened at 68 7-8 ex duty for the near settlement and closes 1-16 lower as under.
We quote.—

English Bar Gold	... Rs.	24	0 9
Australian Gold	... "	24	0 0
Sovereigns Gold	... "	15	0 0
Silver (ex duty)			
Ready	... "	68	13 0
1st Settlement	... "	68	13 0
2nd Settlement	... "	68	13 0
Silver (cum duty)			
Ready	... "	78	3 0
1st Settlement March	... "	78	3 0
2nd Settlement	... "	78	3 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT.—
The following are rthe latest telegram received here :—
WELD AND Co—Our Liverpool friends cabled late last night—"As crop accounts are generally favourable and much alteration in prospects is unlikely during next week or so, we do not advise following the advance. New York :—" Market closed steady on some short covering."
GRUNING—Advanced owing to bull operators bidding up the market. Prevailing opinion is that an attempt will be made to advance prices."
PRIVATE.—"Crop accounts are favourable but late. We believe no material advance probable unless crop accounts become generally unfavourable."
The American markets closed steadier, New York being 14 and 11 points higher in future and 15 points higher for Spot, while New Orleans was 12 and 9 points up in futures. The local market has also been steadier and prices both for old and new crop are Rs. 2 to Rs. 3 higher. Business for forward delivery is still slack. For ready cotton here has been a moderate demand, but holders are not eager to sell at present rates.

QUOTATIONS.—

NEW CROP.

Good M. G Broach ...	Rs. 298·9	Mar.
F. G. H. C. Bengals ...	" 248	Jan.

OLD CROP.

	Rs.	
Fine M. G. Broach ...	300	June
do. Kaamgaon Akola..	263·4	do
do. Bengal ...	247	do
Good Sawginned Dharwar ...	277	do
Good M G Coompta ...	287	do
Good M. G. Westerns ...	283	do
Good H. G. Westerns ...	276	do
Good M. G. Miraj ...	293	do

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ...	Dull.
Estimated Sales ...	5,000
Total Imports ...	3,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
6·55 +01	6·54 +01	6·45 +01
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
6·34 +01	6·28 +01	6·24 +01
Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
6·23 +01	6·23 +01	6·24 +01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—
The market is steady.

Ready ...	Rs. 7	8 0 B.T.
September ...	" 8	7 3 R.T.
May 1914 ...	" 8	15 3 R.T.

RAPESEED :—
The market is steady. We quote :—

Brown Cawnpore	Rs. 7	13 0 B.T.
Yellow Cawnpore	" 8	13 0 B.T.
Yellow Secunderabad	" 8	8 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—
Tone—Firm.

Black Kutai ...	" 51	0 0
Yellow Higanghat	" 65	8 0
Yellow Secondarabad	" 63	0 0

POPPYSEED :—
Tone—Quiet. We quote:—
Ready ... Rs. 11 8 0 B.T.
CASTORSEED:—
Tone—Quiet. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 35 0 0
COTTONSEED :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Ready ... Rs. 25 8 0
GROUNDNUTS :—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
Bold ... Rs. 51 0 0
MOWRASEED—
Tone—Steady. We quote :—
June—September ... Rs. 8 4 0 R.T.
WHEAT :—
Tone—Quiet but steady.

White Pessi 85 o.c. ready	Rs. 5	6 0 R.T.
White Delhi Sept.	" 5	10 6 R.T.
White Delhi May 1914	" 5	11 6 R.T.

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	1,710
Bank of India ...	68
Eastern Bank ...	87 1-2
Indian Specie ...	65 1-2

MILLS.

David ...	517 1-2
Fazulbhai ...	525
Kohinoor ...	790
Manookji Petit ...	3,200
New Great Eastern ...	245
Standard ...	1,380
Sun Mill ...	287 1-2

PRESSES.

Munmar ...	232 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ord	204
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Pre	174
Bombay S N Ordy ...	230
Colaba Land and Mill ...	1,465
Shivrajpur M. Syndicate	20 1-4
Treacher and Co ...	522 1-2

RAILWAY.

Tapti Valley ...	595

DAY'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton	6,530	bales.
Wheat	30 561	cwts.
Linseed	28,635	"
Rapeseed	2,507	"
Gingellyseed	2,714	"
Poppyseed	655	"
Groundnuts... ...	703	"
Castorseed	5,198	"
Rice	23,811	"
Myrabollams... ...	220	"
Cottonseed	4,741	"
Mowrasced	680	"
Gram	2 964	"
Joowar	1,030	"
Maize	Nil	
Barley	135	"

LONDON MARKETS.

[LONDON JUNE 21.] [BOMBAY, JUNE 22.]

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2 1-2 per cent. Consols.	72 7-8		1-8
3 do. Rentes...	63 3-4	un	chgd
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan.	87	un	chgd
do, Govt. Securities	63 7-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London...	2 7-8	1-16	
do. 2 months hence	27 3-16	1-16	
do. in New York	58 1-4	1-8	
Exchange on London at Paris. ... "	25·24	un	chgd
do. do at Berlin	20·43	1-2	
do do at New York	4·86 3-4	1-8	
Discount Bank of England Rate	4 1-2	since	
do. Short London Bills, ...	17th Apl		
3 months' sight	4 5-16	un	chgd
do, Indian Bank Bills 6 months' sight	4 1-2	un	chgd
do, 3 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	4 5-8	un	chgd
do, 6 months' Fine Trade Bills ...	5	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans	3 1-2	un	chgd
Interest 7 day Market Loans	3 1-2	un	chgd

Bar Gold ...77-9 unchgd.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 13-16.
Closing tone of Silver—Quiet. Steady.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	Unchanged. Dull.
Futures ...	Easy.
Manchester ...	.....
Total Sales ...	4,000
Sold on Speculation and for Export ...	300
Imports ...	3,0 0
Mid-Americans ...	6·79 unchgd
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown...	9·75 unchgd

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

June-July.	July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.
6 56 —02	6·51 —02	6 42 —02	6·62 —01
Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	
6·26 —01	6·22 —01	6 21 —01	
Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.		
6·21 —01	6·22 —01		

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ...	4,000
" Receipts at U. S. last year...	5,000
" Exports to Great Britain ...	4,000
" Exports to Continent ...	Nil
" Spot Cotton ...	12,40-10

Futures—Month of July 12·07+12
Futures—Month of Oct. 11·46+21
NEW ORLEANS—

Spot cotton	12 9-16+1-16 unchgd.
Futures month of July ...	12·41+07
Futures month of Oct. ...	11·57+11
Tone of Spot Cotton ...	Quiet

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

	Bales.
Total into Sight	13,350,000
Egyptian Visible Supply ...	211,000
East Indian do ...	174,000
American do ...	2,153,000
Other do ...	148,000
Total Sales	48,000
East Indian sales	100
Total Speculation... ...	2,000
Do. Exportation	1,000
East Indian Export ...	Nil
Do. Indian Stock ...	9,000
Do. Forwarded Consumer ...	1,100
Do. Actual Exports ...	Nil
Do. Week's Imports ...	3,000
Do. Speculation	Nil
Americans Afloat	60,000
East Indian	7,000
Total afloat	93,000

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	.....
Do. Months— ...	.....
Do. Name of Ports— ...	.....
Wheat White Karachi ...	37 3-4
Do. Months—June-July.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done and Sellres	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	37 1-4
Do. Month—June-July—London—Value.	

Tone—Quiet.

SOUTH AMERICAN WHEAT.

Rozario Santa Fe ...	Unchanged
Do. Months ...	.....

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...	Unchanged
Do. Months ...	.....

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawapore per 416 lbs., 85 p.c. ex-ship ...	50 3-4
Do. Months— ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers	
Yellow Gujerat, per 416 lbs, 85 p. c. ex-ship ...	51 1-2
Do. Months ...	June-July.
Do. Name of Ports ...	Antwerp. Sellers.

Brown Cawapore ... 46 3-4
Do, Months—June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Hamburg—Sellers
Tone—Dull.

LINSEED—
Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 45 1-2
Do. Months—June-July
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Sellers.
Tone—Steady
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 42
Do. Months— ... June-July.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.

COTTONSEED—
Bombay Cottonseed Market £ 6-14-6 July-Aug—Hull—Sellers —Steady

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—
In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality) ... 9 5-8 unchgd

RUBBER—
Para Rubber ... 3 7 1-2 June-July.—Sellers—Quiet

SUGAR—
German granulated sugar C & F India double bags. 13 3 3-4
Do. Months of Shipment ...July-Aug.—Sellers,
Tone—Quiet.
Hungarian Crystal Sugar C & F India ... Neglected
Do. Months of Shipments
German Beet-root 88 p.c.... 9 6
Months of Shipments ... Aug.—Seller 9 8 1-2 —Oct.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone—Steady, Very Little doing.
E A R & Similar Crystals C & F India ... 13 9
Months of Shipments July-Sept.—Sellers.
Tone—Quiet.
Mauritius Crystal C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... No quotation
Months of Shipments ... .
Java Sugar—Unchanged

GRIFFITHS' COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

NEW YORK, June 20.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U.S. Ports.	4,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	1,000 do
Exports to Continent ...	8,000 do
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·50+15
Future Cotton at New York July	12·19+14
Future Cotton at New York October	11·67+11
Tone Market at closing Spot..	.....
Tone Market at closing Futures	.....
Futures closing tone ...	Steady

General Tone Market opened :—Steady and advanced on full support and short covering and bullish private crop reports.

NEW ORLEANS, June 20,

Spot Cotton at New Orleans...	12 9-16
Future Cotton at New Orleans—July	12·48+12
Future Cotton at New Orleans—October	11·68+ 9
Future closing tone.— ...	Steady

LIVERPOOL, June 20.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market opened for spot.—Steady and closed quiet.
The Liverpool market closed for futures—Quiet.
The Liverpool market closed for East Indians.—Quiet.

Total Day's Sales	7,000 bales.
Sales on Spec and export ...	300 "
Total Sales of Surats ...	.....
Total Day's Imports ...	7,000
Cocconada Fair Red—Ldn. C. I. F.	5
Cocconada Ginned—London C. I. F.	5 1-32
Egyptian F. G. Fair Brown...	9·75
Good Bhownuggur ...	5 11-16d.
Good Bengal	5 8-32d.
F. G. Bengal	5 12-32d.
Fine Bengal	5 16-32d.
Good Madras Westerns Ldn...	5 11-32d.
F. G. F. Tinnevelly L'pool C. I. F.	6d.
Geo. Mayalls Yarns ...	11
40's Mule Twist (Baumermills).	11 1-8
Weft 54 American ...	11 3-4
Weft 80 Egyptian ...	18 1-2
Weft 32's	14 3-8
Twist 36	10 1-2
Twist 42	11 5-8
Twist American 60... ...	16 7-8
Twist Egyptian 60	18 1-8
Twist Egyptian 80	21 1-4
Tone of Fine Yarns— ...	Steady
Tone of Coarse Yarns— ...	do
General Tone of Yarn Market— ...	.....
Mid American at Liverpool ...	6·79+2

Cotton delivery mid uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.

June-July	6·54+5
July-Aug	6·53+5
Aug.-Sept	6·44+5
Sept.-Oct	6·33+5
Oct.-Nov.	6·27+5
Nov.-Dec.	6 23+5
Dec.-Jan.	6·22+5
Jan.-Feb.	6·22+5
Feb.-Mch.	6·23+5

MANCHESTER, June 20.
Manchester Piece Goods Market—Steady. There is more enquiry in the Market but not much business doing—Shirting Dhooties are easier.

LONDON, June 20.

SEEDS

Linseed, 4 p. c. Refraction, Landed Terms (per 410 lbs)...June-July—Ldn. 44 Done
Do. Bombay exship (per 416lbs) .....June-July—Antwerp ... 45 9 Sellers
Do. La Plata ...June-July—Antwerp ... 41 9 Done
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Do. Tendency of the Market—Sellers holding for higher prices.
Linseed Oil Spot Pipes June— £ 24 2-6 "
do ... Aug.-Sept— £23-10-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Do. total afloat for U. K. ... .
Do. River Plate exports ... .
Poppyseed Canal ...June-July —Dunkirk... 63 6 Sellers
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Rapeseed Calcutta Brown Canal June-July—Hamburg 47 "
Do. Yellow Cawnpore, per 416 lbs 85 p.c. exship June-July—Dunkirk ... 50 9 "
Do. Yellow Guzerat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. exship June-July—Dunkirk ... 51 6 "
Do, Ferozepore usual bold ..... "
Do. Jamba Red— ... . "
Do. Tone of Market at close. Steady
Cottonseed, Bombay parcels. June-July—Hull ... £6-12-0 "
Do. Tone of Market at Close.. Steady.
Gingellyseed. Bombay 15 p.c. May-June.—London. .....

LONDON, June 20.

WHEAT.

Wheat. Choice white Karachi Sellers. June-July—London... 37 9 "
Do. F A Q Red Karachi (per 432 lbs.) June-July—London... 37 6 "
Do. Club No. 2., June-July—London ... 37 9 "
Do. Choice white Delhi June-July—London— Nominal.
Do. Tone of Market at Close Quiet
Do. South Australian ... May—37 9
Do. Rozario Santa Fe, 62 lbs June-July— 35 9 "
Do. do. Tone of Market at Close ... Quiet
Do. Red Graded American per central (L'pool) ... July 7 5 1-8
Do. Afloat to U. K. ... .
Do. Stock at U. S. Ports, ... 4,000,000 bushels
Karachi Barley ...June-July—London— 24 4 1-2

LONDON, June 20.

SUGAR.

German Beet-root 88 per cent Sellers.
F.O.B. Hamburg ... Aug. 9 6 1-4 "
German Beetroot. 88 per cent. F. O. B. Hburg. Oct-Dec 9 7 1-2 "
" Closing Tone of Market. Quiet
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) July-Aug.... 13 3 3-4 "
German Granulated C. and F. India (double Bags) May-June— .....
German Closing Tone Market— Quiet
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F India July-Aug. 12 6 "
Austrian Crystals B. R. B. C. and F. India ... .
Do. Closing Tone of Market, Steady
Mauritius Crystals ... Unquoted
Do. Closing Tone of Market.. .....
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. and F. India (double Bags)— July-Aug. 13 7 1-4 "
E. A. R. and Similar Crystals C. & F. Calcutta (double Bags)— May-June... .....
Do. Closing Tone of Market., Steady.
Special Feature—General Report of Market ... .

LONDON, June 20.

JAVA SUGAR.

Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta June...	Value 11 1 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C.I.F. Calcutta July-Dec.	10 10 1-2
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) C. I. F. Calcutta June ...	.....
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi June...	11 3
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi July-Dec...	11
Java Sugar 16-18 (Average 17) Bombay or Karachi, ...	.....
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta ... June ...	12 1 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Calcutta July-Dec....	11 10 1-2
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi June ..	12 3
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom. or Karachi July-Dec. ..	12
Java Sugar 26 T. M. O. (or Similar) Bom or Karachi	.....
Closing Tone of Market } Special Feature ... }	Quiet with little doing.

LONDON, June 20.

METALS.

	£	s.	d.
Copper, Standard G M B ...	63	5	0
" Best English Selected.	71	10	0
" Braziers	79	0	0
" Tone of Market ...	Quiet		
Hard Spelter	20	0	0
Tin Block F O B Liverpool ...	204	0	0
Yellow Metal	6	13-16d.	
Galvd. Corrugated Sheets, 24 C., G. O. B 1 p.c. F O B L'pool	11	0	0
Basic Steel Bars, C I F Calcutta	5	13	9
Basic Steel Rods C I F Calcutta	6	3	9
Basic Steel Hoops C I F Calcutta	7	5	0
German Steel Sheets, F O B Antwerp	6	7	6
German Steel Plate F O B Antwerp	5	17	6
Belgium Iron Bar No 2 ...	5	0	0
Tin Plates, I C Coke 14 by 20, 112 Sheets in box C I F L'pool	0	14	3
Pig Iron, No 3 Cleveland ...	2	17	0
Pig Iron No. 3 Clarence F O B Middlesboro.	2	19	0
Pig Iron Gartsherrie ...	3	19	0
Lead Pig English	20	5	0
Tone of Steel Market ...	.....		
Silver, Spot	26 13-16		
" 2 months hence ...	27 1-8		
Tone of Market— Quiet — Tendency for lower prices			

LONDON, June 20.

FINANCIAL.

Silver Spot ...	26 13-16
Silver 2 Months ...	27 1-8
Silver Closing Tone of Market—	Quiet for lower prices
Silver Tendency, etc. of the Market ...	do
Rentes 3 p. c. ex. div. ...	£ 84
Consols 2 1-2 p.c. ex div...	£ 73
Indian Stock 3 1-2 p. c....	£ 87 1-4
Sterling loan	£ 87 1-4
Govt. Securities 3 p. c. ...	£ 75 3-4
Rupee Paper 3 1-2 p. c. ...	£ 63 3-4
Bar Gold per oz. ...	77·9
Opening Tone of Finance Market	Steady
Closing Tone of Finance Market	do
Bank of England Rate of Discount	4 1-2 p. c
Exchange on India 30 Days Sight	1 3 13-16
London at Paris Fcs. ...	25·23
Berlin cheques on London Mks ...	20·43
New york (Demand Bills) dls	4·86 5-8
Interest day to day loans	3 1-8
Do. 7 days Market loans	3 3-8
Discount Bank Bills 3 months Sight ...	4 1-4
Do. Bank Bills 6 months' Sight ...	4 1-2
Fine Trade Bills 3 months	4 5-8
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5

LONDON, June 20.

SHELLAC.

Shellac TN Spot... ...	89	Sellers.
Do. TN Spot July dely.	89	do
Do. TN Spot Aug. dely.	89	do
Do. Tone of closing market for TN Spot..	Quiet.	
Do. do TN Futures	Steady	

General Tone of Market—Maintains a steady tone but business is generally limited.

LIVERPOOL, June 21.

OPENING COTTON.

Days Estimated Sales ...	4,000
Tone of Market ...	Steady.
Cotton Daly Mid Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool.	

Futures.	Latest closing.	To-day's opening.
June-July...	6·54	6·57
July-Aug....	6·53	6·56
Aug.-Sept...	6·44	6·47
Sept.-Oct....	6·33	6·36
Oct.-Nov....	6·27	6·30
Nov.-Dec....	6·23	6·26
Dec-Jan....	6·22	6·24
Jan.-Feb. ...	6·22	6·24
Feb.-Mar....	6·23	6·26

Prices taken at 10-5 a.m.

NEW YORK June 21.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at U S Ports ...	4,000
Exports to Great Britain ...	4,000
Exports to Continent ...	Nil
Spot Cotton at New York ...	12·40—10
Future " " July...	12·07 —12
" " " Oct....	11·46—21
Tone market at closing Spot — ...	.....
" " " Futures. ...	.....
Futures closing tone ...	Quiet

General Tone of Market Opened.—Steady and declined owing to bearish private crop reports and longs unloading.

NEW ORLEANS, June 21.

| | |

MANCHESTER WEEKLY MARKET REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutton & Co. wrote from Manchester, under date Thursday May 29 :—

Cotton Figures from August 31st last to last Friday.	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	1,127,230	1,266,190
Liverpool Stock. American cotton ...	935,210	1,151,830
American deliv Spinners for the week...	217,000	235,000
American into sight for the week	54,000	69,000
American into sight for the season ...	13,160,000	15,323,000
Receipts at American Ports	9,469,030	11,572,050
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton	4,290,000	4,148,000
Visible Supply. American cotton	2,751,000	3,046,000
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton	250,000	225,000
Visible Supply. East Indian cotton... ...	172,000	157,000
Visible Supply. Other kinds of cotton	145,000	84,000

The prices of American Current Month during the week are as follows :—May 23rd, 6.53 1-2; May 24th, 6.56; 26th, 6.46 1-2; 27th, 6.48; 28th, 6.46 and to-day at noon 6.38 1-2. Spot Mid American being quoted on the 23rd, 6.79; 26th, 6.78; 24th 6.76; 27th, 6.70; 28th, 6.70; and to-day 6.61.

As will be seen from these figures, cotton is still steady. The position is dominated by the news of the new crop and the outlook is still very favourable and does not afford manipulators who may be desirous of forcing prices up much opportunity for acting. The first official report of the Agricultural Bureau is due next Monday, and it gives the average condition of the new crop up to May 28th, throughout the whole belt. This average a year ago was 78.89, while in the big crop year (1911), it was 87.8. There have been several preliminary estimates of the average condition during the week, varying from 84 to 78, the most important being the National Ginners estimate which puts condition at 80·7 with an increased acreage at 3·2 per cent., and if the official report is much below this, there is sure to be a hardening of prices, for a time at any rate. In view of the good prices that have ruled for some time past, not much surprise would be felt if the increase in acreage is found to be higher than this estimate.

So far as cloth is concerned, there has been very little change from the past few weeks—business is not coming forward in a steady way at all, and although we hear various views as to the actual turn over, generally speaking people are not satisfied with what is being done. At this period of the year, there is always the question of the future course of prices coming in for greater consideration than at any other time and consequently a desire to wait for lower prices especially when new crop prospects seem so favourable.

The sales for India have fallen off a little, and there is no doubt a desire to wait until the character of the monsoon is no longer in doubt, as should the monsoon be poor, the present prosperity of India cannot help, but be diminished to some extent. If as we hope and trust it will be quite satisfactory business will, no doubt, be done in even greater volume than during the past two years. Meanwhile China orders here are few in number and value, and there is a feeling of great disappointment that the effective enquiry from that outlet is on so small a scale.

Some interesting figures relating to the British trade in cotton goods with India, have just been published in the "Tables Relating to the Trade of British India with British Possessions and Foreign Countries" for the year ending March 31st. Out of a total import to India of Grey Cotton Piece Goods of value £13,103,395, the British proportion was £12,914,909. In Bleached Goods out of a total import of £7,317,998, £7,097,203 was British, and in Coloured Goods, including Prints the total import to India, was £8,171,333 out of which £7,195,774 came from this country.

The Cop Packers Strike in the Oldham District is still causing some inconvenience as manufacturers have difficulty in obtaining yarns, and a many mills have looms standing on this account. This shortage also affects the price, and spinners are able to maintain their prices, while certain counts of yarns are at a premium.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RY. COMPANY.

The following is the Comparative Statement of Traffic Earnings, for week ending 14th June, 1913 :—

	Miles open.	Total for the week.	Earnings for previous weeks.	Total to date.
Approximate Earnings for week ending 14th June 1913.				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2855·69	134910	1648941	17838510
A. D. C. Ry ...	125·88	40100	418478	458578
B.-Kotah Ry ...	40·29	3300	32559	35859
Total...	3021·86	1392500	6904047	18332947
Earnings for crdg. 7 days ending 14th June 1 12				
G. I. P. Ry. ...	2791·13	1476761	1643557	17912340
A.D.C.Ry	125·83	60524	349320	409844
B.-Kotah By. ...	40·29	5410	40096	45506
Total...	2957·25	1542695	1682499	18367380
Increase or Decrease				
G.I.P. Ry	+ 64·56	—127661	+ 53831	— 73830
A.D.C.Ry	+ 0·05	— 20424	+69158	+ 4873
B.-Kotah Ry. ...	...	— 2110	— 7587	— 964

NOTE.—Corrected with united figures upto 30th April 1913.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, June 16.

The Weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount Estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1913-14 ...£ 21,650,000

Remitted from 1st April, 1913, to 14th June 1913, by Council Bills* ... ...£ 5,054,074

Balance to be remitted from 15th June 1913 to 31st Mar 1914...£ 16,595,926

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT FULL BENCH.

CONFIRMING DISSOLUTION OF MARRIAGE.

A Full Bench consisting of the Chief Justice, Mr. Justice Beaman, and Mr. Justice Shah, on Friday confirmed the dissolution of marriage of Shanti and Raoji, native christians of Ahmednagar.

It appeared that Raoji, a Mahar by caste, had embraced Christian religion. Afterwards the missionaries of Ahmednagar married him to a woman named Shanti, a converted native Christian, educated in the Mission School. After the marriage, Raoji was disinclined to give up his old associations. He rejoined the Mahar caste, and contracted a Mohatur marriage according to the custom prevalent among the Mahars. Shanti tried her best to dissuade her husband from taking such a step, and, having failed to reclaim him, she went to Poona and joined the St. George's Mission School there. Two years later she instituted a suit in the court of the District Judge of Ahmednagar, for dissolution of marriage.

Mr. Madgaonkar, the District Judge, in granting a decree for the dissolution of marriage remarked that there was no connivance between the parties. He was of opinion that the conversion of Raoji was only nominal. The Court passed a decree for the dissolution of marriage, subject to confirmation by the High Court under Section 17 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act.

Their Lordships after a perusal of the proceedings confirmed the decree of the lower Court.

PROMISE OF PARDON WHICH WAS UNFULFILLED.

DACOITY IN BELGAUM.

The appeal made to the Bombay High Court by Lagvaya and mine others was heard by Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Justice Shah, on Friday afternoon. The appeal was dismissed.

The accused, with two others were charged with dacoity and tried by Mr. F.W. Allison, additional Sessions Judge of Belgaum. The two were discharged. The tenth accused, who had pleaded guilty and given evidence for the prosecution, was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. The first accused who was charged with dacoity while armed with a deadly weapon was sentenced to eight years' and the eight others to six years' rigorous imprisonment each.

While convicting the accused, the Sessions Judge observed that it was an organised affair in which twenty men had taken part. General dacoits had absconded, and they were armed with deadly weapons. In the course of the dacoity the persons who were protecting the cattle had been attacked, valleys of stones being thrown. One of them was shot in the head, but only two or three pallets stuck him or the result might have been far more serious. An exemplary punishment was necessary. The evidence shewed that the dacoity was committed in broad dayleght and the first accused was carrying a gun at the time. It was not necessary to prove that he attempted to use it.

As to the tenth accused, the Sessions Judge remarked, he was convicted on his own plea. That man, in another case recently tried, had been given pardon and examined as an approver. In this case he was prepared to give evidence and pleaded guilty on the understanding that he was to be given pardon. But the inspector of police in charge of the case was prevented form being in court on the first day of the trial, and there had been some misunderstanding, as the Assistant Public Prosecutor had received no instruction as to pardoning the accused. He was convicted before the jury was empanelled, and subsequently examined as a witness. He had fulfilled the conditions under which pardon could be granted to an approver. But as he had been convicted, the court had no power to set aside the conviction. The prosecution had put in statements of the circumstances, and the matter had been explained to the Court. This being so, the Session S. Judge thought that the sentence he passed was a proper one. He was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

Their lordships, on consideration of all the circumstances of the case, dismissed the appeals of all the prisoners.

THE POLICE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION SCANDAL.

CHARGE OF IMPERSONATION.

The enquiry regarding the charge of impersonation and cheating, preferred by Mr. P. R. Cadell I.C.S., C.I.E., Municipal Commissioner for the city of Bombay, against Ahmed Haji Umar of cheating by personation and Mr. Nur Muhamad Dada, J.P., for abetment of cheating, alleged to have been committed on the 5th instant, at the bye-election for A Ward by personating a voter, named Kassam Haji Moti and tendering a voting paper in his name, was continued yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, acting Third Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Crawford, solicitor, appeared for the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. H. A. H. Payne, with Mr. Kanuga, pleader, appeared for the first accused; Mr. J. D. Davar, barrister with Mr. S. B. Kapadia and Mr. B. T. Desai appeared for the second accused.

Burjorji D. Panday, an assistant in the firm of Dadabhoy Pestonji and Co. and one of the recognised agents of Mr. J. B. Petit, at the election, examined by Mr. Crawford, recognised the first accused and said he saw him at the election. He was in the booth and somebody called out "voters for Mr. Petit have come." There were three persons including the first accused. The witness went to receive them. The two with the first accused were not voters. One of them was the red-capped man, and witness thought the other was the second accused. He asked who the voter was and what his name was. Somebody gave him the voter's name, namely Kassam Haji Moti. He did not know Kassam Haji Moti personally, and could not recognise the real Kassam Haji Moti, as he had never seen him. He took the first accused to the issuing officer. The two others also accompanied them. He obtained a voting paper and filled it in English. Accused No. 1, wrote the initials K. H. M. in English characters. The witness then said he did not remember seeing him write it. Also he did not see the Guzerati signature After the voting paper had been filled in, he sent the man to the polling officer. He believed accused No. 2 was also there, but he was not sure of that. Witness identified the red-capped man, who brought accused No. 1 to the booth.

Cross examination was reserved.

Cassum Hussein, the red-capped man, who accompanied the accused to the booth was next examined. He said that he was a dealer in spectacles. He knew Nur Muhamad Dada. He remembered the day of the election. He had nothing to do with the election. On that day he did not see the second accused. He had gone to the booth that day. On the previous day Mr. Nur Muhamad had told him to take Cassam Haji Moti to the pollig booth if he were in Bombay. He went to Haji Muhamad Ismail shop, near the Juma Masjid. He told Haji Muhamud that Nur Muhamud Dada had told him that if Kassam Haji Moti was there he was to take him to the polling booth. Accused No. 1 then got up and came to witness. Witness did not ask him whether he was Kassam Haji Moti and he did not tell witness that he was. They went in a motor-car bearing a placard with Mr. Petit's name on it. At the polling booth witness met a man named Panday. Witness did not go in.

Mr. Shamrao N. Chachad, polling officer was called and was shown the voting paper signed by the accused No. 1. Witness said he recognised the man who signed the paper and pointed out accused No. 1 as the person. Accused No. 1 signed the voting paper in his presence in Guzerati. The intials in English were not written in his presence and he did not know who wrote them. The name and address were written before the accused brought the paper. Witness saw accused signing the paper Kassam Haji Moti, and he attested the voting paper. He did not know who filled in the body of the paper. Mr. Byramji Banaji was the Superintending polling officer. In connection with this vote witness thought it wise to consult Mr. Banaji. Mr. Banaji came to the polling-stall. Witness was suspicious because he noticed that the initials were in English and the signature in Guzerati. Mr. Byramji, the other candidate, challenged the vote. When the vote was challenged, witness put the questions under Section 28 to accused No. 1. Question No 1 was "are you the person in the roll, whose name is as follows: Kassam Haji Moti" and accused answered "yes." Witness read the whole entry in the body of the paper. Then he asked "have you already put in your vote" and he replied "No". Witness took down the answers on the challenge paper. The challenge paper was then signed by witness.

Ahmed Haji Ibrahim, a clerk in the Assessment Department said he was one of the issuing clerks on the day of the election. He issued the voting paper which was shown to him, to a person who gave the name of Cassam Haji Moti. Witness could not recognise the man. He took the signature of this person for the issue of the voting paper. The man signed the list in witness' presence. He did not remember whether there was anybody else with the man at the time. The man said he was Cassam Haji Moti.

Mr. Byramji B. Banaji, the Superintending Polling Officer at the bye-election of the 5th of June was next called. He recognised accused No. 1. He stet recognised accused No. 2. On the day of the election he remembered Mr. Chachad calling him. When he went to Mr. Chachad he saw Mr. Byramji Jeejeebhoy, accused No. 2, accused No. 1, and the Muhamadan wearing the red cap, who was called Cassam Hussein. When he went to the booth Mr. Chachad was asking accused whether the initials K. H. M. in English were made by him. He did not remember what the accused answered. Then the Polling Officer called the first accused to sign the paper. After the paper had been signed Mr. Byramji Jeejeebhoy challenged the vote. The polling officer then put the two questions according to sub clauses A. and J. of Section 28. He told Kassam Hussein to go out of the booth as he was not a voter. As soon as the red-capped man had left witness heard Mr. Byramji talking to the second accused. Mr Byramji told accused No. 2, that Kassam Haji Moti was not in Bombay, and accused No. 2 said that he had come down that morning from Lanovla.

A CLOTHES HAWKER'S EVIDENCE.

Kassam Haji Moti was next called.

Mr. Davar said that the witness had been sitting in Court all the while.

The Court asked witness why he had not left the Court, and he replied that he did not know he should have done so.

Mr. Davar asked the Court to make a note of the fact and the Court accordingly made a note.

The Court asked witness "How old are you" and he replied "I do not know."

Witness then in reply to Mr. Crawford, said that he lived in Abdul Rehman Street and was a hawker of clothes. He went out of Bombay on the 15th or 17th of May to sell clothes. He returned on the 9th instant, witness did not know English and could not sign in English. He could talk Guzerati, but could not write it. He did not know that there was an election on the 5th instant. He knew Mr. Nur Muhamad Dada; he was related to him. Witness did not know accused No. 1. Sometimes witness went to Haji Ali Muhamad Ismail's shop, when he was in Bombay. Cross-examined by Mr. Payne, witness said he did not know accused No. 1 even by sight.

Mr. Byramjee Rustomjee Jeejeebhoy, the unsuccessful candidate, was now called. He said he challenged the vote shown to him in Court in the name of Kassam Haji Moti, as he knew that Kassam Haji Moti was not then in Bombay. Afterwards he said to Mr. Dada "Dada what is this. This is not the real man" Mr. Dada replied "This is the real man. He has just returned from Lanovla. Witness did not know the real Kassam Haji Moti even now.

Cross-examination was reserved.

With this witness the prosecution closed its case.

The further hearing was adjourned for Wednesday next.

A WHISKY TRANSACTION.

The case, in which Mr. Roskey Gazal of Messrs. Roskey Brothers prosecuted H. B Edalkaka for criminal breach of trust in respect of about Rs. 2,000, being the value of 97 cases of A. D. C. Scotch whisky, entrusted to the accused for sale on commission, came up for hearing before Mr. G. R. Khairaj, third Presidency Magistrate.

Mr. Gudinho, pleader, appeared for the complainant, and Mr. Nariman appeared for the defence.

The accused, in his written statement stated that he had purchased the cases of whisky. The complainant represented to him that the cases contained A D.C. whisky, gold label, but, when they were opened, it was found that they contained some bottles of A.D.C. whisky, black label, and some bottles of inferior brandy and whisky. He was, therefore, compelled to sell them at much lower prices, and incurred considerable loss. He told the complainant that the whisky was not of the same quality as the sample shown him, and, therefore, he would pay only the prices realised by the sale; complainant would not accept this, and hence the dispute. The matter was of a civil character and the charge of criminal breach of trust had been brought against him to compel him to pay the amount at the rate complainant demanded. The accused also expressed willingness to pay the complainant, but not according to the rates mentioned in the receipts.

Mr. Godinho, on behalf of his client said that his client was willing to receive payment. They had expressed their willingness before this, and had given the accused several opportunities to pay.

The matter was, therefore, settled between the parties, and the accused was discharged.

THEIVING SERVANT.

Jacob Alen Mascaranhas, a Goanese servant of Mr. Maurice Fredelis was charged by Deputy Inspector Hom before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate with the theft of binoculars, and other things belonging to his master.

On Friday last Mr. Fredelis missed some mangoes, and charged the accused with their theft. The accused protested his innocence, and expressed the desire to be discharged from his master's service. As he was about to leave his box was searched and the binoculars and the other articles were found in it.

The accused pleaded guilty, and the Magistrate sentenced him to rigorous imprisonment for three months.

MONSOON IN BOMBAY.

STEADY DOWNPOUR AND LOWER TEMPERATURE.

After holding off for some time, rain fell all day yesterday in Bombay, and the temperature went down a little. The steady and continuous downpour flooded some of the lanes and small alleys in the native town.

The wall of a house owned and formerly occupied by Dr. T. B. Nariman, situated at the corner of the Gunbawa-lane behind the Fort Fire Brigade Station collaped last evening.

Another house at the juction of King Barrack-lane and Bazar Gate-street having been found weak, the tenants were advised to vacate which they did. By the instruction of both the Municipal authorities these houses have been given temporary supports to prevent their collapse.

PALITANA FLOOD RELIEF FUND.

A committee consisting of nine members from State officers, Jain Munims and respectable gentlemen, has been appointed to collect funds for the relief of the poor and distressed, and the Administrator has consented to be President. The following is the list of subscribers :—

SUMS RECEIVED.

Palitana State, Rs. 20,000 ; Sheth Nathoobhai Kriparan of Bombay, Rs. 1,000 ; H. H. the Maharaja of Vansda Rs. 500 ; Sheth Osman Tamal of Bombay, Rs. 500 ; Kumarshri Lakhdhirsinji, Heir apparent of Morvi Rs. 100; H. H. the Thakore Saheb of Limbdi, Rs. 100 ; Sheth Jiwanlal Panalal Babu, Bombay; Rs. 100; Mr. Bhupalray Vithaldas Mheta, Bhaunagar, Rs. 50; Namdar Faiba Saheb Shri Bajiraj Ba, Palitana, Rs. 100 ; From a Parsi gentleman, Rs. 25; Sheth Faramji Bamonji Jijibhoy Rs. 200.

SUMS PROMISED.

Sheth Anandji Kalyanji Rs. 2,000 ; Sheth Jamnadas Bhagubhai, Ahmedabad, Rs. 2,000; collected through Anandji Kalayanji in Ahmedabad, Rs. 5.000.

Cutchhi Sheths Jethabhai Narshi and Khetshi Khiashi of Bombay, have started a separate fund to supply corn as well as to open a kitchen for the distressed. This Cutchhi Dasha Oswal Jain Fund and the Colaba subscription list have already collected nearly Rs. 10,000, and are still open. To house nearly three thousand homeless people is a great problem. But great philanthropist Shethias have timely come forward to offer their help as follows :—

(1) Sheths Khetshi Khiashi J. P. and Hemraj Khiashi, have already begun to build four hundred sheds at the cost of Rs. 20,000 to 25,0000.

(2) 200 sheds at the cost of Rs. 10,000 to Rs. 12,000, are being constructed from the subscriptions received from rice merchants and dal merchants of Rangoon and Cutchhi gentlemen, Mrs. Raimalbhai Hirji, Hirji Kanji, Gangji Hemraj, Lalji Narshi, and Poonji Devshi.

(3) 400 other sheds are intended to be built from the funds received by this Committee.

In all to save the people from the monsoon, 1,000 sheds are urgently necessary, which want will thus be supplied within a very short time. A kitchen has been opened from the time of the calamity, and to those that cannot take advantage of the kitchen, 1,000 maunds of corn have been distributed. The Cutchhi leader Sheth Khetshi has sent to this Committee clothes worth about Rs. 1,000 for distribution.

Besides this, help has been received from the following sources independently of this Committee:—(1) Clothes worth about Rs. 30 to 500 from Sir Vasanji Tricumjee. (2) Help in clothes and cash amounting to Rs. 700 has been given from the merchants of Katha Bazar, Bombay. (3) Sheth Vasanji Keshanji Bandna has distributed about Rs. 600 to the distressed Jains at the rate of Rs. 5 per head. (4) The Lalji Kapadiya has distributed clothes, worth Rs. 200. (5) The Committee has already distributed corn to the distressed worth about Rs. 3,000 from the time of the calamity. Besides this, Sheth Anandji Kalyanji also maintained a kitchen for the first two days after the calamity. Cutchhi Dasha Osmal Sheth Lalji Vasanji has expressed his intention of sending corn worth Rs. 300.

In addition the names of the other benevolent subscribers will be made known every week.

The Committee feels highly indebted to Cutchhi, Dasha, and Visha Oswal delegates, and Cutchhi Jain leaders Sheths Jethabhai Narshi and Khetshi Khiashi who have at once visited Palitana and offered personal assistance to the Committee fund and to the managers of the Jain Boarding, who have been trying to build sheds for the distressed. The committee also expresses its sense of obligation to Sheths Devkaran Mulji, Dalpatbhai Premchand and others.

CALCUTTA MARKETS.

CALCUTTA, June 21.

Coal shares to-day were practically unchanged, with small business passing.

The jute market was closed, while the gunny market still maintains its improved tone and there was a better enquiry, but at prices that could not be easily worked.

AHMEDABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, June 20.

For the past three or four days we have had no rain. Sometimes clouds gather, but they soon disperse giving place to bright sunshine and blue sky. The four or five inches of rain that fell encouraged the farmers to plough and sow, but, if more doesn't fall very soon the sowing will have to be done all over again. However, it is an ill wind that blows nobody any good, for the absence of rain has ensured a bright, dry day for celebration by the children of H. E the Viceroy's birthday. Acting upon the kind and thoughtful suggestion of H. E. Lady Hardinge to make the day a happy one for the young people, our Children's Day Committee and especially its Secretary, Mr. Kushaldas Gocul-das Paukh, Shroff of the Bank of Bombay, have worked untiringly with this object in view. What with the Municipal contribution of Rs. 600 and the generous donations of kind citizens like the Hon. Sir Chinubhoy, the Hon. Khan Bahadur Rustomji, the Hon. Mr. Nowroji, Sheth Ambalal Sarabhai, Sheth Bhagabhai and others, sufficient money was raised to give each of some 20,000 children a pocket of sweets and a photo of their Excellencies. Early in the morning the children of each school assembled in their own building and after being briefly and suitably addressed by the Head Teacher and singing a hymn or National Anthem, they were made happy by being presented with the above-mentioned presents. In a very short time the streets of the city were full of boys and girls carrying home the little parcels of sweets and the nicely got-up photos of our brave Viceroy and his even braver consort. And crowning joy of all—no school for the day—nothing to do but munch sweets and play. Surely India never had such a Viceroy and Vicerine.

HOUSE COLLAPSE AT DADAR.

NEGLECT OF THE ENGINEER.

The coroner's enquiry touching the circumstances of the death of a labourer named Bala Sadu, who was killed by the collapse of the walls of the bath-room of a house under construction at Portuguese Road, Dadar, was concluded yesterday.

After examining another witness, the jury returned a verdict that the death of the deceased was caused by injuries received by his being accidentally buried under the debris of a building under construction, which collapsed. To this the jurors added a rider to the effect that they were of opinion that there was a certain amount of neglect of their duties on the part of the Engineer, Mr. Bhatwadekar, and the mistry Maroo Succaram.

"THE INDIAN CHURCHMAN."

We have received a copy of "the Indian Churchman," a monthly publication which is issued in the belief that it may fill a place in Church literature which is left unoccupied by diocesan and other journals. Its main objects, apparently, are a wider dissemination of Church news than is at present afforded, and the provision of a vehicle for the free discussion of Church matters. It has taken for itself a wide field, including no less than the whole of India and Ceylon within its scope ; but we should judge that if it can maintain the standard which it has set itself in its first number it will not fail in its ambition. In an introductory note to his readers the editor says :—

"We want our readers to know what is going on in the Church of India as a whole. This is not nearly so simple as it sounds. The difficulty presented by geographical distances is considerable, but it is smaller than the difficulty presented by the moral distances from one another at which we Churchmen in India find ourselves. Possibly the greatest distance of all is that lying between the European and the missionary sections of the Church. It is not so much a wall of partition as simply a distance. The vast majority of Europeans in India, nominally attached to the Church of England, positively do not know what is being done in the mission field at their own doors."

Again he says : "We regard discussion as much to be desired in the interests of the Indian Church....We offer the use of our columns to every one who has anything worth saying from any point of view, provided he knows how to say it in the spirit of a Christian." A candid and interesting column of editorial notes bears out the sincerity of this offer. Further, we find a series of articles to which Canon Revington, the Rev. D. K. Shende, and the Rev. W. A. Sawkel are contributors ; and as for news there are amongst other items letters from Bombay, Madras, Calcutta, Lahore, Nagpur, Rangoon, Colombo and London. The magazine is clearly printed, with a bright red paper cover, and has as a frontespiece a good portrait of the Metropolitan of India.

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THE
Bombay Gazette.

Monday, 23rd June, 1913.

MODERN BOOKS AND EYESIGHT.

An interesting document has just been issued which will be read with considerable anxiety by all those concerned in the effect the modern methods of printing have on the eyesight, and especially the relation of the school-books to the eyesight of the child in the school. The report referred to is one on "The influence of School Books upon Eyesight" by the Special Committee of the British Association appointed "to inquire thereon. While the report is specifically concerned with the influence on the eyesight of the young, there are several facts brought out in the body of the report which are of deep interest to the general reader. In many ways there is a great advance in printing, especially in the cheap editions, but, according to the report, they must take a decidedly lower place than the old books which came from the printing presses in the early days. Perhaps, on the whole, one would feel inclined to accept the dictum that the general tendency, excepting in very recent years which have shown a striking advance, has been downward, and the urgency of steps to bring about some modifications in favour of the child will be apparent. It is easy to understand the reason of this deterioration. It has been due to the spirit of competition in commerce, and is based on the assumption that the public prefer quantity to quality. With some book-printing Government cannot be expected to introduce reforms, but a stricter oversight over the school-books is well within range of its powers, and the necessity for this is very strongly emphasised in the report.

Attention is first of all drawn to the grave danger which is incurred in subjecting the immature eye to too great a strain, a danger which cannot be counteracted by any care given to the production of the books. In these days the eye is subjected to a strain which cannot fail to have very serious detrimental effects on the children, and we welcome the clear pronouncement and warning of the report which ought to be in the hands of all those interested in the development of child-life. But the main subject dealt with in the pamphlet is the relation of the books being used in the schools to the eyesight of the children. The conditions requisite for a good book, so far as the printing part is concerned, are set out, and may be briefly summarised. It is essential that the size of the type should conform to the age of the child, the height and breadth of the letters should be in true proportion, the ink must be black, the outline to the type must be of sufficient strength, sufficient leading is also necessary, the length of the line must be reasonable, the paper must be as near white as possible, hard, opaque, and without gloss. It is not possible to believe that the "improvements" in the type which have been made as the result of recent inventions can be said to be in advance of many of the old styles. "The skill of the type-founder has led him to produce founts that are a marvel of accuracy and delicacy of moulding with hair lines that would have been the wonder of earlier printers. But the value of these improvements, so far as the comfort of the reader is concerned, is nil, rather they are a drawback.

It is pointed out that the increased rapidity of printing, the use of dry printing, the introduction of the highly glazed art paper for the text, have all been factors in the process. It is true we may have lost in one way by the introductions referred to, but the gains on the other hand are so great that it is not easy to give wholehearted assent to the recommendations of the report, valuable though they are from some standpoints. While we cannot fail to recognise the immense advantages of the cheap books, due to the improved methods of printing, we are in complete agreement with the Committee that with respect to children's school books, it is high time that some steps were taken toward a remedy. In India the dangers are even greater, for a very great number of the books now being used in schools are issued by firms with a very limited experience in printing and unable to keep the best skilled men. There are exceptions, but even in these cases the demand for cheap school books seem to have tempted them to produce something of a very secondary kind. If there is need for care in the style of printing in this country, it is in the school books that are now finding their way to the children. It is essential they should be cheap, for the people are poor; but the adoption of a few elementary principles such as those laid down in the report would go a considerable way toward preventing grave danger to the eyesight of the scholars. We have no desire to see the proportion of children in India wearing glasses as we find it in England, and one of the means to prevent it is the early recognition of the need for some standard of printing-school books. There is a measure of oversight shown with regard to the matter of the school-books, even that could be increased with advantage, but the physical aspect of the matter must be kept in view. There is need for greater contrast and this can only be gained when the points already mentioned are noted. The letters to be eligible must have a reasonable breadth as it is the breadth, not the height, that gives legibility. If these two simple facts were kept in view, there would be a decided improvement, and the work of the Committee would be more than justified. The day of the closely printed Bibles, Prayer books, and hymn books, ought to be over for children and for adults as well. If a book is too big to publish in a small volume, it will be far cheaper in a long run to pay more and to get the same in two volumes.

EXPLORING THE HIMALAYAS. A big scientific and exploratory expedition has been organised, and will start from Genoa on the 23rd of July. Its objective is the Western Himalayan region and the Karakoram. The personnel consists of nine members, many of whom are appointed officially by the Italian Government, which has given every possible assistance to the Expedition, providing, in addition to the loan of the services of the distinguished scientists who are professors in Italian Universities, all the costly apparatus needed on an exploration of such magnitude. This scientific apparatus we learn from a communique to the "Times," was being collected at Genoa in the early days of June, and, from that part an Italian liner will transport it, and the explorers to Bombay. The necessary equipment and provisions, purchased in London, were to start in advance to India. The leader and organiser of the undertaking is Dr. F. de Filippi, who has been at work on this scheme for many months past, his second in command is an Italian Royal Navy man, Commander A. Alessio, lecturer at the University of Padua. A Roman professor of astrophysics, Signor G. Abetti, is another member; a geographer and a geologist from Florence do their part; a professor of physics, Signor A. Amerio, will have charge of the solar radiation and atmospheric electricity work, and he has, for assistant, Marchese N. Venturi Ginari; while the photographic and topographic business will be in the hands of Lieutenant C Antilli. From Trinity College, Cambridge, Mr. J A. Spranger goes as assistant in this department also. The Government of India contributes an officer of the Trigonometrical Survey to the exploration, subscribes £1,000 to the funds, and promises special Customs facilities in the transport arrangements. Joseph Petigax, the Courmayeur Alpine guide, who accompanied the Duke of the Abruzzi in his mountain journeys, will direct the climbings of the members. Two Italians, Signors Marinelli and Amerio, and Mr. Spranger, will leave Europe, later than the main body of the Expedition. They will start from Italy in March next year, joining the party at Leh. The funds so far amount to considerably over £8,000. Some of the members, besides giving their valuable services have subscribed handsomely towards the sum required for such a comprehensive piece of geographical research, in which topography, telephotography, meteorology, solar radiation, atmospheric electricity, geology, astronomy and astrophysics, pendulum and magnetic operations, will all have their place and their professor to keep the records. The Expedition may not seem to be so heroic and perilous as the journeys in search of the poles; for, until the travellers reach the foot of the great Himalayas, they will be within call of human beings, and enjoy the benefits of a genial—perhaps a little too genial—climate. But once they enter on the serious work of the enterprise and begin the resolute climb and exploration of the great snowy ranges that they have set out to observe and measure, it will be a different story, for the dangers will be of no mean dimension, and will more or less resemble travel in the Arctic and Antarctic regions. But explorers are so constituted that only the scientific observations wrested from nature in her most stern fastnesses and her most forbidding moods are those they really want, and consider doubly valuable. It is refreshing, in these days of the frank worship of gold and all the luxurious comforts of civilisation, to find so numerous a band of men ready to spurn a life of ease, and embark on an enterprise that promises but the cold reward of scientific results.

"SILENT ON A PEAK IN DARIEN." Keats has immortalised the discovery of the Pacific by the intrepid Spaniards in a few lines of his famous sonnet on Chapman's "Homer," but through ignorance of history, pardonable in a poet, he gave the credit of it to the wrong man who is, therefore, very widely known as the discoverer. Every schoolboy knows, as Macaulay would say, the lines about stout Cortes standing silent upon a peak in Darien and gazing speechless at the unknown ocean at his feet. But it was not Cortes who achieved this great feat. That famous man has enough legitimate fame of his own as the mighty conqueror of Mexico and the discoverer of California, and can bear to be deprived of the credit of the discovery of the Pacific with which he is wrongly associated in the popular mind. As Tennyson said in his comment on Keats' line about "stout Cortes," 'history would suggest Balbon,' another of those daring spirits of the close of the fifteenth and beginning of the sixteenth centuries that shed so much renown on Spain by their deeds. This particular deed will soon be much spoken of throughout the world, for next September it will be exactly four hundred years since Balbon first set his eyes upon the Pacific and took possession of the as yet unknown but vast ocean in the name of Ferdinand and Isabella, his Royal masters. Small thanks, however, are due to these sovereigns of Spain for this discovery, as they had very little direct concern with it. As Sir Clement Markham said, the other day in his paper on Balbon and the Pacific, meant no doubt to rouse in all for the worthy celebration of the approaching quatre centenary. Balbon had left Spain as an obscure individual for the New World lately discovered, and had prospered there so little that he was glad to leave Hispaniola as a fugitive from his creditors and land in Darien as one of a small expedition meant to colonise a part of the coast of the Caribbean sea. A penniless fugitive, with no authority, no official appointment of any kind, he was in one of the ships headed up in a cask to escape from his creditors. This was the beginning of his career which was to lead to the epoch-making discovery, but of the fruits of his enterprise from Balbon reaped nothing. The sovereigns recalled him and sent out a worthless man to supersede him; and this successor unimprisoned him, sent him tried on a trumped up charge of treachery and rebellion, and, though the Judges protested, had him beheaded at the age of only forty-two. Whilst engaged in the difficult task of colonising Darien Balbon heard from the native chief that, on the other side of the mountains, there was a vast illimitable ocean. He then set out with a few followers to make sure of this piece of wonderful seas, and after immense exertions in the dence forest, he succeeded in forcing his way to the goal till the vast expanse of the waters burst upon his astonished gaze. The name of Pacific which he gave to the new Ocean was due to the chief who said that its waters were always smooth, and never rough like those of the Caribbean Sea on this other side. This discovery was of momentous consequence to the world ever since, and now, after four centuries, this importance is to be increased still more by the colours of rising of the Panama Canal which will give a new significance to the approaching quartrecentenary.

AMERICA'S NEW WAY. Not many days since, in commenting upon the question of the Japanese settlers in California, we recalled the unenviable reputation America is gaining for herself in the matter of ignoring treaty obligations, and a number of instances were given in which treaties had been violated. But it appears that she is now changing her methods, though not the results. Through Reuter we learn that all hope of the U. S. Senate ratifying the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty has apparently been given up, and that the Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee has informed President Wilson that the treaty will only be a success if the Panama Canal controversy is excluded from the scope of the Bill. The message, which is to the *Times*, adds: "It is believed also that the same fate awaits the Japanese Treaty. Many senators think it inadvisable to consent to arbitration on the Californian Land Bill or the Panama Canal questions." We are not surprised at the attitude of the Senators; it is on a par with American morality in regard to International politics. The United States was proud to be the nation to lead the way in establishing arbitration treaties by which International disputes could be settled with honour by the Hague Court without going to war. She finds that these treaties are inconvenient and does not wish to be bound by them. The general condemnation with which the violation of the Panama agreement was met has apparently been a warning, and now, instead of flagrantly tearing up treaties, America would dispense with them altogether. It is a curious attitude, and one which reflects gravely on the Senate. As Dr. Lyman Abbott recently said: "The United States must learn to honour and abide by treaties, and in this respect I am sorry to say America has much to learn. To restore our good name we must educate the national conscience". Meanwhile the matter of the Panama Canal is still farther away from being settled, and Britain will look very unfavourably on this latest device of the United States to shirk her responsibilities and evade her obligations.

THE IMMIGRATION BILL. Lord Ampthill has resumed his vigorous advocacy of the cause of the Indians in South Africa and we sincerely hope that he will be successful in his effort to secure a discussion of the provisions of the Immigration bill in Parliament. The exact nature of the measures, which this Bill proposes to place on the South African statute book, has been surrounded with much obscurity, and there can be no question that their full explanation and criticism are desirable. It is growing more and more evident that Mr. Harcourt's assurance that the Bill will be found to provide an adequate basis of compromise between the contending interests was unjustified. Mr. Gandhi and other leaders of the Indian community in South Africa have since expressed their great dissatisfaction with it, and now Lord Ampthill, gives the opinion that it does not provide an acceptable solution of the difficulty. He seems to defer an expression in detail until the text of the Bill is published. Why this publication is so late in making an appearance we are not told, but seeing how vitally the question affects Imperial relations there is every reason why the whole matter should be freely ventilated in the Imperial Parliament

The P. and O. Co.,'s s. s. "Mantua" arrived at Plymouth on the morning of the 20th inst.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT CRISIS.

GERMAN ARMY REFORM.

AUSTRIAN SPY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

PARIS, June 7.

For the third time in three days last week, Mr. Barthou came victorious out of a dangerous situation. Ever since the principle of military increase was laid down, the only object of the adversaries of the Government had apparently been to put off its discussion and adoption, in the hope that a Ministerial crisis would occur as the result of a conspiracy of Radicals and Socialists, and last night, up to the last moment, the fate of the Barthou Cabinet appeared in the balance. The open hostility of the Extreme Left, the sardonic silence of the Radical benches which accompanied the speech of the Minister of Finance and explanations, and the exultant applause punctuating every point made by M. Caillaux, who, at last, after working so long in the background, came out as leader of the Opposition, were sufficient to show the understanding between the plotters. In attacking the financial project of M. Dumont, M. Caillaux displayed his unrivalled technical competence, and even the Government could not fail to appreciate the masterly manner in which he handled the subject. For M. Dumont to enter into a financial argument with M. Caillaux was to court defeat, and when the latter finished and called upon the Chamber to choose between his system and the Government proposal the case looked desperate. M. Caillaux and his followers failed to reckon with the new strategy of M. Barthou, who, instead of being discouraged, as his financial colleague evidently was, by obstacles and animosity on all sides, taking the bull by the horns, carried the fight into the enemy's country. "What was the real meaning of this interpellation?" he cried. If it was a mere financial question as to the best means of raising the necessary funds, it should come on when the Budget was discussed. It looked more like an impeachment of the whole Government policy. Why beat about the bush? Let M. Caillaux boldly blame military reform and the Government would not shirk responsibility. The real issue was national defence, and he challenged his adversaries to open it. Neither M. Caillaux nor any other champion accepted the glove thrown down.

The Chamber being made to see that the professional financier M. Caillaux only wished to place M. Barthou on the horns of a dilemma between duty to national defence and duty to the taxpayers, preferred to leave the latter point to future development rather than compromise the former by taking it out of the hands of M. Barthou by bringing on a Ministerial crisis. By forcing their adversaries to fight on the ground they were anxious to avoid, and compelling the Chamber to take up a frank position, the Premier gained a notable success which will probably discourage further insidious ambuscades of this nature. The country is beginning to grow tired of these parliamentary manœuvres conceived with the intention of delaying the Three Years' Service Bill, and the effect of which is to encourage sedition and foreign criticism.

THE FRENCH ARMY BILL.

On Monday, the Chamber of Deputies commenced the discussion of the Government Bill for three years' service in the army, which from the vital character of the interests depending on the result and the keenness of party feeling promises to assume historical importance. No fewer than 51 speakers put their names down, without including incidental interventions and orators supporting the Bill officially, like M. Etienne, Minister for War, M. Barthou, the Premier, and M. Pote, chairman of the committee. The original text of the Bill has already been somewhat modified by the committee in the sense of the counter-project elaborated by M. Reinach and M. de Montebello, and it is the committee's text that the Government has adopted. As it stands the Bill provides for a three years' service based on a fixed effective strength which will allow, in case of the conscription realising a contingent exceeding the contemplated strength, the liberation of a number equivalent to the excess after 24 or 30 months' service beginning with members of the most numerous families. Voluntary engagements and re-engagements are also provided for. This scheme which is the outcome of the collaboration of the Government and the Army Commission, will be opposed by numerous counter-projects. The first to be taken will be the Socialist one, as the one most widely differing from the Government Bill. This is a project tending to the formation of militias. Then will come counter-projects for maintaining the two years' service, twenty-eight months, thirty months, etc. It is M. Augagneur, ex-Governor of Madagascar, who will champion the continuation of the two years' service pure and simple, only modified by calling the annual contingent in two halves, so that the army would never have on active service more than a fourth of the soldiers mobilisable. M. Augagneur also proposes the creation of an extra or Twenty-first army corps and the suppression of the multitude of soldiers employed as clerks and doing non-military duty. But the counter-project which will receive the greatest support against the Government is that of M. Messimy and M. Boncour for twenty-eight months. Besides these several counter-schemes, there are no fewer than 130 amendments to the various articles already put down. Meanwhile, although the Government is confident of ultimate victory, it is not leaving anything to chance in the matter of keeping the frontier well guarded, but will, if necessary, retain the last class with the colours, whilst the work of building barracks and generally arranging for the housing and equipment of the 150,000 supplementary troops is being pushed forward most actively with the military credits just voted.

GERMAN ARMY REFORM.

Although more or less obscured by the festivities in connection with the Hohenzollern-Cumberland wedding, the latest developments in the discussion by the Reichstag Budget Committee of the Army Bill have caused quite a mild sensation in many quarters in Berlin. The discussion from the beginning has been by no means the unperturbed and merely technical deliberation that the full-dress debate on the first reading seemed to promise that it would be. There came first the revelations about the armament firms, leading to a rare step on the part of the Reichstag in the almost unanimous demand for the appointment of a committee of inquiry, and to the quite unprecedented, though finally unaccepted, request by half the Assembly that the committee should be able to subpœna witnesses and to examine them under oath. The appointment of the committee on such a question is a minor revolution in German parliamentary practice, and it is not surprising that one side of the House is attempting to disestablish the body and cancel the whole arrangement on the ground that the appointment of the committee does not agree with the terms of the Constitution. This is the answer given also to a second demand by the critics of the present military regime, and it must be admitted, that under the peculiarities of the Constitution of Germany and of her army the claim, though perhaps a pedantry, is yet valid. The committee first and the whole Reichstag later, quite in order refusing to endorse the vote of supply for so many new regiments (the committe did a fortnight ago, refusing three cavalry regiments, in spite of the criticisms of General Bernhardt in their favour), but as the control of the army is exclusively in the hands of the Emperor it is considered that the appointment of a committee to inquire into the conduct of its officials in the placing of orders for arms and armament is an attempt to infringe the prerogative of the Sovereign. Parliament, which has some control over the funds, may inquire into the accounts, but so far and no further. The same standpoint is taken by the constitutionalists on the question of favouritism and aristocracy in the matter of officers. There is some ill-feeling regarding the growing difference between the showy Guard regiments at Potsdam, whose brilliance grows from year to year, and the hard-working regiments on the frontier, whose manœuvres and training are yearly becoming more exacting There is also much bitterness about the choice of certain regiments to be officered exclusively by those of noble birth. General von Heeringen Minister of War, replied in answer to criticism on these points, that tradition had to be respected, and he made the question of any real interference of the committee on these points a matter of confidence.

EXCHANGE OF OFFICERS.

Finally, however, after more radical measures had been refused, the committee passed a resolution appealing, not to the Kaiser in name, but euphemistically to Herrvon Bethmann-Hollweg, the Chancellor, (who, as explained, in this matter constitutionally speaking, has really no power at all), to arrange for the exchange of officers from regiment to regiment, and to do what he can to contend with the growing custom of officering certain regiments with nobles. What will come of the resolution none pretends to prophesy, but that it was passed so readily shows that there is considerable feeling against the growth of the Junker (Conservative-Agrarian-Aristocracy) influence in military matters. The critics, who appeal for an alteration mainly on the ground of efficiency, refused to press the proposal for a simplification and partial unification of uniforms, because here they found more agreement with the Minister's contention that this would undermine tradition, but they claim that they have partially disproved the argument that the officering of regiments exclusively with the high born is part of tradition. Some examples referred to in debate may be cited. The 11th Uhlans (Light Cavalry) was officered in 1875 exclusively by aristocrats, in 1896 also; in 1912, (since it has been transferred from near Berlin to the Lorraine frontier) it was exclusively offered by men not of noble birth. The history of the 14th Uhlans is very similar. They were transferred from Hanover to a small garrison town in Alsace. The 14th Dragoons, transferred from Brandenburg to Colmar and Alsace, have the same tale to tell, and so with nearly a dozen other regiments. The contention is that members of well-known families not only prefer pleasant garrison towns near the Court, but also have influence enough to obtain commissions there.

HUNGARIAN CABINET TO RESIGN.

The Budapest High Court decided on Tuesday that it is no libel to call Dr. Lukacs the Hungarian Premier, "the greatest Panamist of Europe." This is the result of the sensational criminal action for libel brought by Dr. Lukacs against M. Desy, a deputy, after a weeks trial. There is no doubt that Dr. Lukacs made no personal profit, but M. Desy was able to prove his assertion, made in a public meeting that certain banks, in return for contracts with or concessions from the Government, were practically forced to pay large sums amounting altogether to well over £100,000, to the Government, which were devoted to party purposes at the last general election.

It was in connection with these transactions that M. Desy used the expression, "the greatest Panamist of Europe." The position of Dr. Lukacs has consequently become untenable, and it is therefore not surprising that at a Cabinet Council held to-night the Ministry decided upon resignation. Opposition parties are naturally immensely elated and after many months of absence from the House they will appear in Parliament to-morrow while the Social Democrats are planning to arrange street demonstrations.

The most important passage of the judgment delivered by the High Court, reads as follows:—"Whereas the defendant Desy has proved that the Premier on the occasion of the conclusion of contracts with the Bank of Hungary accepted a sum exceeding three million kronen" (£125,000), "and whereas from the legal and moral points of view it is not permissible for a Minister to accept any sum of money whatever from any concern doing business with the State, even though, as in the present case, the Minister does not personally derive the slightest financial benefit, but merely promotes political party purposes, the court is bound to regard the offensive expression used by M. Desy with reference to the Premier as privileged." The prosecution has given notice of appeal.

HUNGARIAN CHAMBER RIOT.

A tumultuous scene occurred in the Hungarian Diet on Wednesday as the sequel to the verdict given against the Premier above referred to. After having been absent from the House for months the Opposition returned to the House in a body, and caused such an uproar that the police had to be called in to effect their removal. The Premier was received with shouts of "Thief!" "Rascal!" and "Give back the stolen money!" Count Tisze the Speaker, had a similar reception, and he opened the sitting amidst continued shouts of abuse. He noted the names of the loudest disturbers, and being unable to restore order summoned the new parliamentary guard to expel the noisiest. The guard and their officers were also abused on their appearance, which so enraged one officer (Captain Gerge) that he drew his sword and knocked Baron Hedervary, a deputy, down with three blows delivered with the flat of the blade. This exciting incident caused enormous indignation, and shouts of "Murderers!" were hurled against the guard, which, however, carried out Count Tisza's order, expelling a number of deputies. The rest of the Opposition followed, and then Dr. Lukacs formally announced the resignation of the Cabinet. It is said that he will propose Count Tisza as his successor.

AUSTRIAN SPY CASE.

The Emperor Francis Joseph is reported to be deeply distressed and indignant over the case of Colonel Redl, of the General Staff

(*Continued on page 9.*)

GRAVE BALKAN SITUATION.

ANXIETY AMONG THE DIPLOMATISTS.

SERVIAN TROOPS FIRED AT ON THE FRONTIER.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 22.

Reuter learns that there is grave anxiety among the diplomatists in London in connection with the crisis in the dispute between Servia and Bulgaria. The strongest pressure is being brought to bear to induce Servia to [illegible]ee to arbitration unconditionally.

SOFIA, June 21.

[illegible] Servian Minister, to day, handed [illegible]'s reply rejecting Bulgaria's propo[illegible] demobilise.

BELGRADE, June 21.

It is stated here that the Bulgarian volunteers have been making attacks on the Servian regulars on the frontier and that one Servian has been killed, and others wounded.

LATER.

The cabinet has been sitting to consider Russia's invitation to a conference. It is believed in well-informed quarters that the Government will inform Russia that Servia deems a conference useless after Bulgaria's reply to Russia.

LONDON, June 21.

In a note to Greece, Bulgaria protests against the persecution of Bulgarians in Macedonia, and says she is willing to agree to demobilisation provided Salonika and South-Western Macedonia are jointly occupied by Greek and Bulgarian troops.

A CLEAN SWEEP.

TURKISH GOVERNMENT CLEAR ALL OPPOSITION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 20.

The Government has determined to make a clean sweep of all opposition, and is deporting officers and officials wholesale.

The principal conspirators are being tried by court-martial.

WELSH CHURCH BILL.

GREAT DEMONSTRATION IN HYDE PARK.

LONDON, June 21.

A demonstration to protest against the Welsh Disestablishment Bill took place in Hyde park to-day. Sixteen large processions marched to the Park headed by the Bishops of London and Southwark, while the Bishop of St. Asaph led the Welshmen, who represented nearly every parish in the principality.

ENGLISH POLO PONIES.

SALES TO MEMBERS OF THE AMERICAN TEAM.

LONDON, June 21.

Eighteen of the English ponies, which took part in the international polo matches have been sold, the purchasers including Messrs. Whitney and Stoddard. The prices are not known.

CHINA COMMAND.

LONDON, June 20.

Major-General Francis Kelly has been gazetted to the command of the troops in South China.

[Major General Francis Kelly appears to have been unemployed since 1911, when he relinquished after a tenure of four years, the command of the Ahmednagar Brigade. Prior to that he commanded the Karachi Brigade for two years. He has seen service in Burma 1885-86; the North West Frontier 1897; Firah 1897-88; and Waziristan 1901-2. He was a member of the Indian Survey Committee 1904-5 and received the thanks of the Government of India for his work.]

SIR R. ISAACS AND HIS CONSTITUENTS.

LONDON, June 21.

Sir Rufus Isaacs will address his constituents on Tuesday on the Marconi affair.

ENGLISH CRICKET.

LONDON, June 21.

Kent beat Warwickshire, at Tonbridge, by six wickets.

Worcestershire beat Lancashire, at Manchester, by eleven runs.

The match between Yorkshire and Middlesex, at Lords, was drawn, Yorkshire winning on the first innings.

The match between Notts and Hampshire was also drawn, Notts winning on the first innings.

Sussex beat Oxford University, at Brighton, by an innings and 33 runs.

FORTIFYING OF FLUSHING.

THE HAGUE, June 21.

The Coast Defence Bill has been passed, including the provision for the much discussed Flushing fortification.

NEW AUSTRALIAN MINISTRY

MELBOUURNE, June 21.

Mr. Cook, the Liberal leader, will form a Ministry.

IMMIGRATION.

SOUTH AFRICAN BILL CONDEMNED.

LORD AMPTHILL & ITS BEARING ON IMPERIAL RELATIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 20.

Lord Ampthill, in a letter, says that the South African Immigration Bill, even as amended, will not satisfy Indians. The text of the Bill must be waited for; meanwhile he hopes that it will not be submittted for the Royal Assent, until Parliament has had an opportunity of discussing it. He trusts that the Press will not allow the public to remain in ignorance of what is going on in South Africa, and its bearings on India and Imperial relations.

SPANISH IN MOROCCO.

BRITISH TROOPS READY TO HELP.

GIBRALTAR, June 21.

A company of the Lincolnshire Regiment has been ordered to hold itself in readiness to proceed to Tangier, if required.

Spanish troops are continually leaving Algeciras for Ceuta, where fighting is proceeding.

SUFFRAGETTES FREE.

HUNGER-STRIKING TACTICS AGAIN SUCCESSFUL.

LONDON, June 22.

Of the Suffragettes sentenced on June 17, four Lennox, Kenney, Barrett and Luke have been released in consequence of their "hunger-Striking".

[The sentences were passed in connection with the conspiracy charges which followed the raid of the offices of the Women's Social and Political Union. Lake and Lennox were sentenced to six months' imprisonment; Barrett to nine months; and Kenney to eighteen months.]

BRITISH LAND SYSTEM.

LONG EXPECTED CAMPAIGN TO BE SHORTLY OPENED.

LONDON, June 22.

It is stated that Mr. Lloyd George will shortly open the Liberal land campaign.

Lord Lansdowne, speaking at Matlock yesterday, outlined the Unionist land policy. He said there was no better system than the British system of landlord and tenant, but that the system ought to be supplemented by small ownership. The Government ought to lend the whole, instead of four-fifths, of the purchase money, which should be repaid in annual instalments. The housing problem would be best solved by private enterprise. The question of the agricultural labourer's wage could not be solved by Parliament.

AUSTRALIAN ELECTIONS.

GOVERNMENT MAJORITY OF ONE.

MELBOURNE, June 20.

The Commonwealth elections have resulted in a Government minority of one. Mr. Fisher, the Premier, has resigned.

ITALIAN LOSSES.

IN SANGUINARY FIGHTS WITH ARABS.

ROME, June 20.

The columns from Derna and Ghegab have had sanguinary combats with the Arabs. The Italians have lost one officer killed and five wounded, and 18 men killed and 217 wounded.

LABOUR FINANCE DECLINES.

LONDON, June 21.

The report of the Federation of Trade Unions regrets that contributions during the past five years have amounted only to £220,233, while expenditure has been £365,619. The membership has also decreased by 1¼ per cent.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, June 21.

The death is announced of Sir Frederick Johnstone, twice winner of the Derby.

[Sir Frederick John William Johnstone, the eighth baronet, was the son of the seventh baronet and Lady Mary Craven, only daughter of the 1st Earl of Craven. He succeeded his father in 1841, the year of his birth. He married late in life, at the age of 58, Laura Countess of Witton. He was educated at Eton and Christ Church, Oxford, and represented Weymouth in the House of Commons from 1874 to 1885. He was always keenly interested in racing and he won the Derby in 1883 and 1891 with two famous horses. The first was St. Blaise which beat Lord Ellesmeres Highland Chief by a neck. The second was the celebrated Common, which at 11 to 10 on beat M. Blanc's Governeur by two lengths.]

Gas is now in use in Bombay for gold melting, soap boiling, brazing and every conceivable purpose for which heat and power are required, since it is found the heat can be regulated to a nicety, impossible with solid full.

THE EARTHQUAKE.

TOWNS WIPED OUT IN BULGARIA.

GREAT DISTRESS: FOREIGN AID REQUESTED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SOFIA, June 21.

The earthquake last week practically wiped out Tirnovo and Goranovitzi, hundreds of people being killed. The damage is estimated at several million francs. Relief committees have been formed, and foreign aid is requested. The distress is great.

Shocks continue at intervals.

[Tirnovo was the ancient capital of Bulgaria. It is 124 miles N. E. of Sofia, on the river Yautra. Its population (according to the census of 1906) was 12,171. The city consisted of two divisions, the Christian quarter situated chiefly on a high rocky plateau, and the so-called Turkish quarter on the lower ground, but many of the Turkish inhabitants emigrated after 1878. On the Tsarvetz hill above the city were the remains of the citadel. The Husarjaini mosque was used as a military and dynamite factory. In the Christian quarters there were some interesting churches of the middle ages, notably that of the Forty Martyrs in which the Bulgarian Tsars were crowned. From 1186 until its capture by the Turks in 1394 Tirnovo was the residence of the Bulgarian rulers. In 1877 it was taken from Turkey by Russia; and in 1879 Prince Alexander of Battenberg was here elected Prince of Bulgaria. On October 5th, 1908, the independence of Bulgaria was proclaimed here by King Ferdinand in the Church of the Forty Martyrs.]

PATRIKA CONTEMPT CASE.

"TERROR-STRIKING" METHODS OF POLICE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 21.

Yesterday at the hearing of the 'contempt of court' proceedings against the *Amrita Bazar Patrika*, Mr Chuckerbutty read the articles and said that in one of them there appeared the following passage: "Do they intend to attack Fort William with maxim guns?

Mr Justice Stephen: The general impression conveyed is that they are not guilty of what they are charged with.

Mr Chuckerbutty: It is a funny remark, and is not intended to cause mischief.

Mr Justice Stephen: Is anything intended to be funny outside mischief?

The Chief Justice: Is it necessary that the remark should be funny?

Mr Justice Stephen: We take the intention to be funny as the same thing as being funny. The whole keynote is struck at the beginning where reference is made to terror striking. It then goes on to suggest that the methods adopted by the police are terror striking, and which the police may be using for the purpose of promoting a false case.

Mr Chuckerbutty: They say that the case may be true but they ask that the accused be not treated with undue severity. All that might be said at the highest was that the conduct of the police was too severe and in that sense improper.

Mr Justice Stephen: Here it is suggested that the police are using improper means to secure conviction. If that idea was widely spread it might have the effect it might be intended to have, the effect of cutting off evidence by the police. It might prevent people from giving evidence.

Mr Chuckerbutty: No one would attach any importance to an article in "*Amrita Bazar Patrika*," but they would attach importance to a ruling of the High Court.

The case was adjournod till Monday,

POLITICS AND TEACHING.

THE GOVERNMENT AND A CALCUTTA LECTURER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 22.

The Government of India, (Education Department,) have addressed a letter to the Calcutta University in which it sanctions a list of University lecturers for the forthcoming year with the exception of Dr. A. M. Suhrawardy, Mr. A. Rasul and Mr. K. P. Jayaswal, the last of whom, it is understood, has resigned. The reason given for the resignation is that it is undesirable to appoint as University lectureres men who have recently taken a prominent part in political movements. The Government of India also points out the irregularity of the delay of five months that took place in submitting the names of lecturers for the University year 1912-13.

MR. GOKHALE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Poona city, June 21.

A private letter received by the last mail says that the Hon'ble Mr Gokhale has booked his return passage to India by the "Maloja" reaching Bombay on the 17th of October He will try, however, to leave even earlier, viz, by the boat reaching Bombay on the third of October. His health continues to improve.

CALCUTTA FOOTBALL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 22.

In the charity football match yesterday Scotland beet England by three goals to one. They were expected to win, but during the course of the game England showed unexpectedly good form and with a little good luck the result might have been reversed. The attendance was very large and estimated at 15,000.

PANAMA CANAL DISPUTE.

AMERICA AGAINST ARBITRATION.

HOPE GIVEN UP OF RENEWING TREATY WITH BRITAIN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, June 21.

A message to the *Times* from Washington says that all hope of the Senate ratifying the Anglo-American Arbitration Treaty has apparently been given up. The Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee has informed President Wilson that the treaty will only be a success, if it is amended so as to exclude the Panama Canal controversy from the scope of the Bill.

It is reported that President Wilson has consented to this exclusion. It is expected that the British attitude will be unfavourable to the amendment. It is believed also that the same fate awaits the Japanese treaty. Many Senators think it inadvisable to consent to arbitration on the Californian Land Bill or the Panama Canal questions.

THE AMERICAN TARIFF.

PRESIDENT GIVEN RETALIATORY POWERS.

WASHINGTON, June 20.

The Senate Committee has inserted in the Tariff Bill a clause empowering the President to levy duties as retaliation against Anti-American discrimination; also to suspend the rates on certain articles, including coffee, tea, silk, and dress goods.

BOARDING HOUSE-KEEPER'S SUICIDE.

BECAUSE HER WORK WAS NOT APPRECIATED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE. June 21.

Madame Helen Routh, the boarding house-keeper, who took poison on Tuesday night, died this morning without recovering consciousness. At the inquest, the verdict returned was that death was due to suicide as the result of a poison unknown administered while in a depressed state of mind. Evidence was given, among others, by the doctor, who had treated the deceased, and by Mr. Harry Quinningbourough, of the Picture Palace, who said that Madame Routh was greatly depressed on Tuesday. In the circumstances no post-mortem examination was held.

A letter left by the deceased was addressed to Mr. S. P. Mason, a boarder in her establishment, and stated that her bills had been met. She wished to die as her heart was broken for lack of appreciation of her work.

GIBRALTER GOVERNORSHIP.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

The *Pioneer's* London correspondent cables that the *Daily Telegraph* understands that Sir Archibald Hunter has resigned the Governorship of Gibralter and that Sir Herbert Miles succeeds him.

General Sir Herbert Miles has been Quatermaster-general of the Forces since 1908.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 20.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The election of Sirdar Dalgit Singh as a member of the Imperial Ligislative Council is confirmed by the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. Col. M. W. Douglas is confirmed as Superintendent, Port Blair.

Lieut Roberts, 7th Lancers, is employed in the Burma Military Police.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Mr. T. A. DeSouza is appointed an Acting Consul for Brazil at Calcutta.

Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick is appointed Deputy Commissioner of Peshawar.

Captain T. H. Keys is granted one year and six months' leave.

Captain T. H. Tucker is appointed as Assistant Political Agent, Mekran, and Commandant of the Mekran Levy Corps.

Captain J. L. Weir is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Sibi, and Captain McConaghey as Deputy Commissioner, Quetta.

Captain T. S. B. Williams, I. M. S., is posted as Agency Surgeon, Eastern Rajputana States.

MILITARY FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. Col Scott, Controller of Military Accounts, is granted four months' leave.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

Exemption from customs duty of Indian tea, exported from any customs port in Burma to any port beyond the limits of British India or to Aden, leviable under the Sea Customs Act, is notified.

Mr. A. S. Judge retires from the Customs service.

Mr. W. W. Nind, Assistant Collector, Customs, is transferred from Burma to Bengal.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

The Rev. Mr. Meldrum, Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, reverts to Madras.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Lieut. Howlett, I. M. S., is promoted Captain.

Lieut. Col Williamson retires from the service.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Engineer Ellis is granted three months' extention of leave.

Assistant Engineer Annett is promoted Engineer.

TEMPLE OUTRAGE.

ATTEMPT TO CARRY OFF GOLD IDOLS.

MAN'S EFFORT TO ESCAPE FRUSTRATED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, June 22.

Some commotion was caused among the devotees collected at the "Panch Dewata" temple onthe Strand-road on Friday, owing to a man being caught, it is alleged, in the act of removing two idols from the interior of the shrine.

It appears that a Brahmin by caste had got into the temple without arousing suspicion and had sat down in the front row of devotees in close proximity to the idols. Taking advantage of the moment when he was not being watched by anybody, the man deftly removed two small gold idols, but as he was about to leave with his booty the priest in charge suddenly discovered the loss.

The alarm was immediately raised, and the culprit attempted to bolt, but was soon over-powered, and on being searched the missing idols were discovered. The culprit was then handed over to the police.

CONSPIRACY TRIAL.

DACOITY REFERENCE IN LETTER ABOUT A MARRIAGE,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BARISAL, June 21.

This morning, before Mr. Nelson, the hearing of the conspiracy case was resumed, when the second approver, Rajanikenta Das, was further examined. The witness identified eleven of the accused.

Mr. Colson, District Superintendent of Police, was next examined. He said he was the complainant in the case and had received sanction for the prosecution from Government. In his first complaint, he described the accused Nibaran as a brother of accused Chandi, but since then he had learnt that they were cousins and he got a fresh sanction and preferred a fresh complaint on the 26th December.

Continuing, Mr. Colson said that in March last he took charge of an exercise book found in the house of the accused, Madan Bhowmick, partly in cypher and partly in English. On the February, 20th a packetcontaining copies of *Swadhin Bharat* addressed to Debendra Ghose Barisal was intercepted by the Dacca Police. The witness obtained warrants to search the houses of several persons in connection with the Nangal bund dacoity case, and on the 27th, several houses were searched at Barisal. On that date, after leaving the police lines at Barisal, the witness heard a pistol shot, and thinking that something might have happened to Inspector Kaderswar, who waswatching Gopal Mukerjee's house, the witness hurried there and arrested Romesh Acharya under the Arms Act.

A letter was addressed to Debendra by one Sen, in which reference was made of a proposed dacoity under cover of a marriage arrangement.

Shama Churn Dutt, pleader, was next called. He said that Rajani made a statement before him, which he accounted for, and eventually made over to Inspector Bhowmic, and at his advice Rajani saw Bhowmic.

The Court here rose for the day.

CHINESE-TIBETAN AFFAIRS.

FIGHTING SUSPENDED ON THE BOUNDARY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, June 21.

The *Pioneer's* Kalimpong correspondent wires that Longchan Shota, the Prime Minister of Tibet, is on his way to India to confer with Wen Chang Yao, Chinese representative, who is coming to Darjeeling in connection with the settlement of the Chinese-Tibetan question. Fighting is reported between Chinese and Tibetans on the eastern boundary of Tibet near Cheambo. Two thousand Tibetan troops are engaged. The Tibetan Generals at Gyantse and Shigatse have been ordered to hold their troops in readiness.

ALLAHARAD, June 22.

The *Pioneer* says that reports which have reached Burma from Western China indicate that the hostilities between the Chinese and Tibetan tribesmen west of Szechuan have now been suspended.

PILGRIM TRAFFIC.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S REPLY.

In reply to his telegram to His Excellency the Viceroy on the Mahomedan Pilgrim Traffic question, Mr. Badruddin Abdulla Koor has received the following letter:—

"With reference to your telegram to His Excellency the Viceroy dated the 20th ulto., asking that issue of orders on the Bombay Government's proposal for the grant of a monopoly of the pilgrim traffic to the Hedjaz to a single firm of standing may be postponed till next year, I am directed to inform you that the Government of India do not propose to take action in the matter without full consideration of the opinion of the Mahomedan public. I am to refer you to that Government letter addressed to local Governments and Administrations in India No. 816-826, dated the 16th May 1913, republished in the Bombay Government Notification No. 4071, dated the 28th May 1913, printed at pages 806-809 of the "Bombay Government Gazette" Part I, dated the 29th May 1913.

ROUND THE TOWN.

A CASUAL CAUSERIE OF LIFE'S LITTLE VANITIES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, June 6.

PARISIAN FARCE AT THE CRITERION.

The Criterion is itself once more. Not since the days of 'Pink Dominoe's, and I don't know how many years ago that held the boards, has the little subterranian theatre, planted down in the heart of London, witnessed such a scream as the new Farce "Oh, I say" in which James Welch made his re-appearance last week. "The New Clown," and "When Knights Were Bold," were good, but "Oh I say" is even better. It is so wholly irresponsible and light-hearted, and there is no present day comedian to touch 'Jimmie' Welch, in the touch-and-go type of acting. Naturally it has been toned down a good deal to pass the censorious censor, but there is still a certain amount of spice in its flavour. As regards the plot—Well, of that there is really very little that one can take hold of, but it matters so little when James Welch as Marcel, who has come to Paris on his honeymoon, is delightfully engaged in building a castle of lies, that you do not heed the slightness of the story. Marcel had rented a furnished flat to which to bring Suzette, his very coy little bride, not knowing that the flat belonged to one Sidonie, an actress with whom he had ottentime had an 'affaire.' And when added to this you have the usual quota of bedroom doors and bathroom doors and numerous individuals who are constantly popping in and out of them though they have no real right to do so (just as in Pink Dominoes)—Well, there you are. It is quite a long time since we have seen Jimmie Welch in the West End but the success of the play seems to augur for a long stay, which is good, because, since the palmy days of Sir Charles Wyndham, there is none to touch him in light farce. Church and Stage, by the way, are having one more link forged shortly as James Welch has been invited to preach at All Saints, Battersea. I understand his subject is to be "Humour and its value in Religion," One could plan out a delightful series of discourses by the leading lights of the Profession if one had the time.

ARABIAN NIGHTS AT THE COLISSEUM.

Possibly you who were over here a couple of seasons ago, will recollect Max Reinhardt's production of the Arabian nights wordless play 'Sumuran' atthe Colisseum. It was the first and most successful of the German Professor's entertainments of this nature, and took the town by storm—so effectively simple was the stage setting and so marvelously beautiful the blending and design of the dresses. It preceded Oscar Ashe's production of 'Kismet,' but to my idea was infinitely more intriguing. The very fact of it being a wordless play seemed to produce the Arabian nights atmosphere so much more successfully than if language had intervened. The music, too, was charming and the tout-ensemble transported one almost magically into the centre of the picturesque scenes amidst which the great and wise Caliph Haroun-al-Raschid wended his way. The entertainment has been revived for a season again at the Colissium, and, as most of the original company are taking part in the show—it has lost none of its old charm. The story is concerned with the fascination exercised by a beautiful slave owned by a hunchbacked showman and purchased fromhim by a wealthy Sheikh. The hunchback attempts suicide for love of her; theSheikh's young friend breaks faith with his salt endeavouring to gain possession of her, and eventually, both he and the Sheik die dreadful deaths through their ill-starred infatuation. As the slave Miss Leopoldine Konstantin once more makes a welcome re-appearance, and shows of what intensity the art of pantomime is capable. The production is a perfect piece of mosaic.but—it comes as a horrible shock when the curtain falls to be confronted with the banalities of the usual red rosed, music-hall comedian. As I have already said, the music is charming and there is one waltz which should certainly be secured by those who desire a good ball-room number, as it possesses just the requisite swing.

THE SEASON.

The last two weeks have been almost perfect, so far as the clerk of the weather is concerned, and London, in consequence, has been simmering with gaiety. The life of a Society butterfly is yearly becoming more strenuous. so many and varied are the functions which claim attention. Caruso is back again at Covent Gardens; his voice, apparently, unimpaired by his recent American tour and (though I suppose it is heresy to say so) his acting every bit as unconvincing. That is the worst of opera—it seems impossible to get a Faust or Margarite—a Carmen or Delila, to look and play the role in addition to singing the music. Then we have had the Horse Show at Olympia and on Saturday last a transmogrified and almost 'toney' Earl's Court opened with the Imperial Services Exhibition devoted entirely to Naval and Military matters. And, of course, there are concerts and picture shows galow. No wonder some of our leaders of fashion have to spend the early autumn in recuperating at foreign spas. The season seems to grow shorter every year, but the pace is, if anything, accelerated. A new departure was made at Ranelagh on Saturday last at all events so far as this country is concerned—in the shape of Motor Polo. In the States it is quite an attraction, I gather, principally on account of the number of fatal accidents which are wont to occur. There were one or two thrills on Saturday particularly at the commencement of the game, when, the ball being in the centre of the ground, the two cars taking part careered madly from opposite ends to obtain possession. But they never collided, and the trill passed, and, despite a number of minor incidents in the matter of side-slips and near shaves, the interest quickly cooled off and the spectators doubled away to tea on the lawns.

AND THEN FAREWELL.

It is a fitting tribute that the close of Forbes-Robertson's active theatrical life to which he has been bidding farewell—so far at least London is concerned—in his Drury Lane season should culminate in his Knighthood.

(Continued on page 8.)

THE MEMORABLE BIRTHDAY.

LORD WILLINGDON'S MESSAGE.

GREAT GATHERINGS OF CHILDREN.

From all sides accounts continue to come in showing with what enthusiasm and success the birthday of His Excellency the Viceroy was celebrated. It was a memorable day and one which the children will remember for many a year to come.

The story is the same from each centre, right from Simla to Ottacamund—a day of general rejoicing and thanksgiving for the escape of H. E. Lord Hardinge and of congratulations to Lady Hardinge.

Thousands of Bombay children met in their respective schools. At Cawnpore 20,000 children were entertained, other big gathering of youngesters including Madras, 4,000; Ootacamund 10,000; Broach 1,200; Chota Udaipur, 1,000; Dacca 9,000; Ankola 1,500; Mahsana, 1,200; Simla, 2,000; Jaujira 700. These are only some of the figures, but they give an idea of the magnitude and unanimity of the celebrations.

The following telegram was sent to Lord Hardinge by Lord Willingdon:—Governor of Bombay, Ganeshkind, to

His Excellency the Viceroy, Simla.

On behalf of the Bombay Presidency, beg to offer to your Excellency sincere congratulations on your birthday and complete restoration to health.

The following was the reply received:—

The Viceroy, Simla, to Governor of Bombay Ganeshkind.

I thank your Excellency and the Bombay Presidency warmly for the kind telegram that I have received of congratulation on my birthday and restoration to health.

IN BOMBAY.

ENTERTAINMENT OF CHILDREN IN THE SCHOOLS.

The Viceroy's Birthday was celebrated on a grand scale by the Dawoodi Borah community who held a gathering on Friday morning in the Khokha Bazar Borah Musjid, under the presidency of the Head Amil Saheb Tayebbhai Vokub. A large number of Borahs and other gentlemen were invited, and the children of the community were entertained. Prayers were offered and speeches were made, after which sweets and flowers were distributed.

A large gathering was held in the Hall of the Gandharva-Maha-Vidyalaya (Academy of Indian-Music), the building being decorated for the occasion. The proceedings were opened by the secretary, who, in a short speech explained the objects of the meeting. A telegram of congratulations and good wishes was sent to H. E. the Viceroy, and thanks were given to the Committee for the Children's Entertainment which distributed packets of sweets and portraits of the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge among the juvenile students. After prayers had been offered for long life and happiness of their Excellencies, a brief programme of music was gone through.

Late in the evening the following reply by wire was received from the Private Secretary to the Viceroy:—"Am desired to convey His Excellency the Viceroy's warm thanks to the students and staff Ghandhawa Maha Vidyalaya for their kind telegram of congratulation."

MANDVI MARATHI SCHOOL.

The children of the Mandvi Marathi School met in the gaily decorated hall of the school premises at Vadgadi to celebrate the Viceroy's birthday, Mr. J. K. Parulker presided. The proceedings commenced with the singing of a prayer-song specially composed for the occasion. After the programme was gone through on the lines laid down by the Committee, the Head Master, Mr. Kulkarni, explained to the students the importance of the occasion. Rao Bahadur Keshowji Nathoo Sailor also addressed a few words of advice to the children. The chairman, in an appropriate speech, paid a high compliment to the Celebration Committee and particularly to the indefatigable secretary, Mr. Devdhar. Souvenirs and sweets were then distributed to the children.

The birthday was celebrated jointly by the boys and girls of the Marathi schools, Nagdevi-street, the school premises being decorated with flags, foliage, bunting, etc. Mr. J. K. Parulker was in the chair. The proceedings commenced with the singing of a welcome song. After a varied programme composed of dialogues, songs etc, was gone through, the Head Master Mr. Kamat, Mrs. Tarabai Naber, and Mr. Nanabhai K. Naik addressed the gathering. Souvenirs and sweets were then distributed, and the gathering dispersed after the singing of the National Anthem, and the giving of cheers for their Majesties and their Excellencies.

The verandah of the Maratha Mandali Mandvi Free School was decorated with flags, foliage and bunting, to celebrate the Viceroy's birthday. The school is conducted by Mr. Dharmaji Rokade and his sister Janabai as a memorial to their departed father, who was its founder. Mr. J. K. Parulker presided. After speeches had been delivered, souvenirs and sweetmeats were distributed.

TELEGU CHILDREN.

About 500 Telegu children met at the Telugu Second Grade Anglo Vernacular School, Telugu Girls' School, and Kamatipura Primary Registered School, in their respective school halls at 10-30 a.m., 11-30 a.m. and 12 noon respectively. The halls were tastefully decorated with buntings, evergreens, and Union Jacks. Portraits of their Majesties, the King Emperor and the Queen Empress, were decorated with coloured flags. The proceedings commenced with songs sung by the girls and boys. Rao Saheb Manaji Rajuji presided at the Second Grade Anglo Vernacular School, Mrs. Bhimabai Shankar Rao Kalewar, a prominent Telugu lady, presided at the girls' school, and Mr. Raju Babajee, presided at the Registered School. The head-masters and head-mistress of the respective schools addressed the pupils and souvenirs and packets of sweets were distributed to the children. At the express wish of the children a telegram of congratulations to H. E. Lord Hardinge and of thanks to H. E. Lady Hardinge was sent by Rao Saheb Manaji Rajuji. The proceedings were brought to a close with cheers for their Excellencies

A general meeting of Bombay Muslims was held at Falkland-road to celebrate the birthday of the Viceroy. Boys and girls of the Urdu Free School sang songs specially composed for the event and prayers were offered for the long life and prosperity of Lord and Lady Hardinge. Sweets were subsequently distributed among the

children, who enjoyed themselves immensely. A meeting was also held in the evening. Loyal address were delivered and it was agreed to send a telegram of congratulation to His Excellency.

BANDRA.

For the celebrations at Bandra, the schools were tastefully decorated with flags and buntings. A thanksgiving-service for the recovery of the Viceroy after the Delhi outrage was held in St. Peter's Church. After the service the boys of St. Stanislau's Institution, St. Sebastian's Primary, and St. Ignatius' Marathi School repaired to their respective school premises, where sweets were distributed in honour of the occasion. The boys of the St. Sebastian's then gave a drill exhibition, after which the scholars, headed by their drill-master, marched through the villages, giving cheer after cheer for His Excellency. The boys of the three schools met again, and after, giving more hearty cheers for their Majesties and their Excellencies, in which the spectators joined, dispersed. A telegram of congratulation was sent to the Viceroy.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

PANCHGANI.

It was an ideal day for the festivities in Panchgani bright sunshine with cool breezes adding to the general pleasures. Thanks to the liberality of Mrs. Kalayandas Karadia, the girls, and boys of the European high schools and Municipal vernacular schools were sumptuously entertained. Tea was arranged by Miss Kimmins, on behalf of Mrs. Kalliandas, for 160 children in the gymnasium attached to the girls' school. Tea was also served to 95 children in the Convent school, after which a distribution of sweets and portraits took place, in the vernacular school being similarly treated. The European residents and visitors were also invited to tea and to watch the sports been arranged for the junior children, attractions for the elder girls and boys being tennis, badminton, croquet, pingpong, swings. In the evening, Mrs. Kalliandas distributed packets of sweets to all the children also photographs of their Excellencies. Bouquets of flowers and garlands were presented to Mrs. Kaliandas, whose little son was given a toy motor car. Mrs. Kalyandas then presented a speech which was read by Miss Kimmins. The Rev R. C. V. Hodge then moved a vote of thanks to Mrs. Jakorbai Kalayandas, and the sports' prizes were distributed.

BHAVNAGAR.

The memorable day was observed at Bhavnagar with great enthusiasm. From early morning children might be seen wending their way to their respective schools to partake of the sweetmeats provided by the Darbar. In the evening 2,000 adults and children gathered in Victoria Square to witness sports arranged by the Education Department. His Highness honoured the gathering with his presence. Prizes were given away to the successful competitors by Maharaja Saheb, and it was announced that Her Highness, Maharani Shri of Panna had offered to distribute to the ladies present copies of her compilation of the speeches of Lady Clarke. His Highness despatched a congratulatory telegram to H. E. the Viceroy. The celebrations ended by the whole of the children marching to Jasonath Temple to offer prayers.

WADHWAN CITY.

The celebrations at Wadhwan city were a complete success. In the early morning children assembled in the High School and the adjoining buildings to receive sweets, distributed at the expense of the State by the order of H. H. the Thakore Saheb. A prize distribution followed under the presidentship of the Diwan Saheb, Mr. P. J. Mehta, who was accompained by Merujibhai and other officers There was a large attendance. The Head Master, Mr. K. N. Shah, delivered an address, after which a programme of recitation was gone through, a feature of which was a poem by a Jhinzuwadabard who spoke of the advantages and exploits of the British-Government. After more sweets had been given out, cheers were raised for the r Excellencies and for their Majesties, and the proceedings terminated.

BANSDA.

The day was observed as a general holiday throughout Bansda, and all the schools and offices were closed. Early in the morning a parade was held of all the mounted and the foot police of the State on the Durbar ground and a *feu-de-joie* was fired, sweets were distributed to all the school children residing within the State, and portraits of Lord and Lady Hardinge were presented to all school children.

BROACH.

A mass meeting of the Dawoodi Borahs of Broach, numbering over 1,200, was held in the huge Mandap in the Borah Wad, near Jam-e-Masjid, in honour of the Viceroy's Birthday The celebration began with special thanks offering prayers for the Vicero , and terminated late at night with brilliant illumnations throughout the Borah Wad, including the Jam-e-Masjid and the Mandap, and fire works. The President of the meeting, Mr. N. T. Kaderbhoy, barrister (Bombay) made a speech in honour of the occasion, eulogising the great and meritorious services of the Viceroy and condemning anarchy and assassination in vigorous language, and a resolution of loyalty and congratulation was passed with great aclamation.

JAMBUGHODA.

At Jambughoda a gathering was held in the town school and a tea party was given to the boys and girls and all adults who attended. Sweets were distributed to the children and prizes in cash to each student. Pansupari was distributed, and then the gathering dispersed.

CHOTA UDAIPUR.

The Viceroy's birthday was observed everywhere in Chota Udaipur State as a holiday, all offices and schools being closed. The Darbar gave a dinner to all the children in the capital, numbering over 1,000, and nearly 1,500 portraits of their Excellencies were distributed. The Rajaji Saheb also distributed sweetmeats to all the pupils in the schools outside the town.

MEHSANA.

Being a day of rejoicing, Mehsana, the chief town in the Kadi District of the Baroda State was "enfete." Pupils of different schools numbering about 1,200 assembled in the spacious compound of the principal school, and an interesting programme was gone through. The officers of the Baroda State and the general public, including a large number of ladies attended the function. Shrimant Sampatrao Gaekwad, brother of His Highness the Maha aja Sayajirao Gaekwad, presided over the entertainment, for which Suba, Rao Bahadur Govindbhai. H. Desai had made all arrangements. Songs and dialogues, specially prepared for the occasion, were recited by the boys and girls, who also took part in sports and games in the compound. The children were provided with sweets, toys, portaits of the Viceroy, and oth r small presents out of the funds collected by the people and supplemented by the Baroda Government. A short speech befitting the occasion was made by the Suba Sahib recounting how the Baroda Government took the initiative in the matter of celebrating the birthday in a fitting manner. The President Shrimant Sampatrao Gaekwad suitably replied. Cheers being given for the Viceroy and for His Highness, the Maharaja Saheb concluded the proceedings.

In like manner all the other towns in the Kadi Dirtrict and even small villages participated in the general rejoicing.

JANJIRA.

The Viceroy's birthday was celebrated at Janjira in the High School hall by the Marud municipality. A public fund was raised to provide for the children's fete. The school grounds were decorated with plantain leaves and flags and buntings. Portraits of their Majesties and Their Excellencies were adorned with flower wreaths. The celebration was attended by a large number of officials and townsmen, there were over 700 children present. The programme opened with a speech by the head-master of the Janjira high school, after which songs especially composed for the occasion, were sang. The Dewan of Janjira, who presided, then addressed the children, explaining the duties they owed to themselves and to the Government. Sweets and portraits of Their Excellencies were next distributed, and the programme ended with the singing of the National anthem and with loyal cheers. In the afternoon thanks giving services were held, prayers being offered in temples and mosques. Food was distributed to the poor and destitute.

Similar celebrations were held in every part of the State, including Jafarabad.

CUTCH MANDVI.

At Cutch Mandvi Unjumani Islam convened a mass meeting, about 300 persons being present, including state officials. Karamali Nanjiani opened the proceedings, other speakers including Mr. Tapishanker, magistrate, Shantidas Askaran, and Mugatri Bhawanisanker, who read his specially composed poem. Books, capes, umbrellas and watches were then distributed among the students.

SIMLA.

An enormous crowd of over 2,000 schoolchildren, was present at the celebrations at Annandale. All the local schools took part, and the elaborate programme laid down was gone through with great success, which was due in a great part to the untiring zeal of Lala Jallall, who has been for weeks past making arrangements under the instructions of Lady Hardinge. Among those who helped in carrying out the entertainment were Mr. . C. Barnett, C. B. Major Douglas, Revd C. F. Andrews, Lala Mohan Lall, and Hansh Chandra, and Mr. A.C. Mukerjee. The Viceroy and Lady Hardinge, accompanied by their staff, went to Annandale in the afternoon and mixed with the children, taking keen interest in the entertainment. Numerous shows were arranged, which included a bioscope, jugglers, snake charmers, lama dancers, gramaphone, merry-go-round, elephant, rides and sports. All the leading officials were present, including were Sir Michael O'Dwyer, Sir Charles Bayley, Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson. Sir Harcourt Butler, Mr. Syed Ali Imam, Sir Reginald Craddock, Sir Edward Maclagan, Sir Henry McMahon, Major General Broome, Sir Edward Lee French, Mr Wallace, and Mr. T. Scott. Mr. Plowden, Superintendent of Police personally supervised the police arrangements. At the conclusion of sports, Lady Hardinge gave away the prizes to the winners. Elaborate arrangements were made for the feeding of the children. Of the prominent features of the day's festivities were the special arrangements for cartering for the children of the poorer classes, to whom money prizes were given. This was personally supervised by Revd. Mr. Andrews. Enthusiastic cheers were given for the Viceroy and Lady Hardinge when they left Annandale late in the evening. The children were given portraits of Their Excellencies. The bazars were illuminated in the evening.

MADRAS.

The Viceroy's birthday was celebrated in Madras with great enthusiasm. The principal thoroughfares in the city were quite a holiday appearance, the residents having decorated the house fronts. Large numbers of the poor were fed at the temples, and many private individuals also distributed charity to 40,000 school children. Fruits and sweets were distributed at eight centres. A specially written biographical sketch of the Viceroy was read to the children in every scool. Sports were also held at many schools, prizes being given out of funds voluntarily raised. The children not attending schools were not forgotten, vans being sent round all over the city to distribute sweets to the children In the hospitals, the childrens' wards were decorated with flowers and the inmates were given sweets and toys. European and Anglo-Indian children, numbering 1,600 were also treated at various centres and sports were held at the Ordnance Club. Private clubs also celebrated the occasion.

OTTACAMUND.

Over 10,000 children were entertained at Ootacamund and Lady Pentland distributed sweets. There was a brilliant celebration at Lawrence Memorial School, Lovedale, where Lady Atkinson distributed prizes to the winners of the sports.

KARACHI.

Thirteen thousand school children were given sweetmeats in their schools yesterday and short addresses explaining the significance of the occasion were delivered in English, Sindhi, Gujrati, Mahratti and Hindustani, according to the vernacular of the particular community. Hymns composed for the occasion were also sung Ten thousand children and about twenty thousand parents of all nationalities assembled in the evening for a fete in the Government Gardens, where a variety of entertainments were provided. A great display of fireworks was witnessed.

GHATKOPER.

The day was observed at Ghatkoper as a holiday and a public gathering was convened by the Residents' Association, which was attended by a large number of ladies and gentlemen and about 400 children. Mr. Phirozshah Jamsedjee Vakil, the president, Mr. Gopalji Ramji, and Mr. Chhotalal Karsandas Muljee delivered addresses. Mr. Manekial A. Mehta explained the arrangements for the celebration of the day and read the message sent to Lady Hardinge and her kind reply, which was received with cheers. Girls and boys then recited songs specially prepared for the occasion, after which Sheth Meghajeebhai Vallabhdas proposed the sending of a congratulatory message to His Excellency the Viceroy. This being dispatched, Mrs. H. L. Rochet distributed sweets and prizes to the children. The scholars were again assembled in the evening and were entertained at a magic lantern exhibition by Mr. Girdherlal G. Mehta.

CAWNPUR.

The birthday was celebrated in Cawnpur on a grand scale. The major portion of the expenses of the entertainment was borne by the Committee of the Lala Gayapershad Trust Fun s In the morning more than 20,000 children who had collected at some thirty centres in various parts of the city were presented with sweets, the little ones in hospitals receiving in addition handsome presents. The Arya Samaj, besides entertaining a large number of children at its temple and hospital, performed havan, and offered prayers for the Viceroy's long life. In the afternoon the children were entertained.

NAGPUR.

Eight thousand children, European and Indian were entertained at sixty-six centre at Nagpur by Sir Chitnavis and the Children's Entertainment Committee, sports being held and sweetmeats, tea and fruits provided. The festivities passed off most successfully. Mrs. Dick distributed photos of Lord and Lady Hardinge and also gifts of clothes to the children in the Maharajbagh Roman Catholic Convent.

BENARES.

A Committee of non officials, presided over by Pandit Ramashanker Nisra, a retired collector, assisted by ward committee and their convener, collected subscriptions at Benares and made arrangements for the distribution of sweets to the children. Prayers were offered at the religious places, and private charities were distributed.

DACCA.

The boys and girls of all the high schools mukhtabs, pathshalas, tols, and medical schools numbering over 9,000 were entertained at Dacca, great credit is due to Nowabzadi, Amina Banu Begum Shaheba, who contributed the biggest sum in addition to providing for all the girl students of all communities of the town, numbering about 1,600.

PACHMARI, C. P.

In celebration of the birthday the European children were entertained by the Chief Commissioner and Lady Robertson at the Residency, and an entertainment was also provided by the Chief Commissioner for the Indian children at the school house.

DRANGA.

The birthday was celebrated at Dranga with enthusiasm. Salutes were fired and a parade was held in which a large number of children joined. Each child was given a packet of sweetmeat.

ROUND THE TOWN.

(*Continued from page* 7.)

He is at once the most scholarly and, in some parts, the most brilliant of actors that the English stage has seen for many a long year. And, in addition, he has developed none of those painful affectations and eccentricities which have marred, on the boards at least, a number of our aforetime stars when they reached their prime. It is one of the ironies of fate that Forbes Roberston has never really had a theatre of his own—bad luck for a long time dogged his footsteps, and it was only with the production of of the 'Passing of the Third-floor Back, —a comparatively meretricious play, that the tide turned. However, the public has responded loyally during the past couple of months—so recognition is better late than never. What we, here, are wondering is why Barrie should be graced with a Baronetcy when he has done far less for the stage than Forbes. Of course, there is Peter Pan, but an infinitely greater work than this. 'Alice in Wonderland' to wit, did not lead to anything like such an honour. Barrie's first books were, of course, delightful, but over the latter—'The Little White Bird', and the booked version of Peter Pan even his warmost admirers found it difficult to enthuse. Really our actors are doing themselves remarkably well nowadays: it will be difficult soon to find an actor manager who has not got a handle to his name. Still, Forbes Robertson deserves his, if any man does, and we are all only sorry that the present season at old Drury is to be—so far as his decision is now—his last.

PROBLEM PICTURES.

The Academy upon which I touched slightly a couple of weeks ago is still drawing crowds daily, principally—if one may judge from the scraps of conversation one overhears,—composed of individual wishful to solve the problem presented in the Hon. John Collier's picture, 'The Fallen Idol', The canvas itself is quite a simple one representinga man sitting at a table and a woman on the floor with her head resting on his knee. From the expression on the man's face it would seem that the wife gives the title to the study—but, as one dear lady remarked the other day when I was there, to a friend. "You never know my dear" even the best of men have feet of clay if they only let you see them. Whatever be the solution, the Hon. John has certainly succeeded in garnering the greater portion of the public's interest, and I should not be at all surprised if next season witnessed quite a number of problem pictures. Of course, as Ripling's devil behind the bricks grunted.—"'It's 'striking—but is it Art?"—however, the principal thing nowadays appears to be to gain notoriety at all costs, and certainly the problem picture is successful in obtaining attention, whatever may be its claims to high art. Personally I enjoyed Punch's' First Depressions of the Academy pictures a great deal better than the actual canvases themselves: in fact I found it quite a good idea to use 'Punch' as a guide instead of the austere little blue-bound volume for which they demand a shilling at the Burlington House turnstile—although there is one joyous item before which I could make 'pooja' for whole hours at a stretch. I refer to the picture entitled "Finance" depicting a dinner table—or after-dinner table—scene where a galaxy of the chosen are met to rook a gentile. The conglomeration of vices written on the feature s of the figures is vividly fascinating, even if overdrawn.

THE DERBY.

The Derby is over once more off and I suppose somebody is the better off by some thirty thousand pounds to judge by the numbers on the Derby sweep tickets. It does seem ridiculous that our grandmotherly Government has decreed lotteries taboo, because it is such a nuisance having to pay two-half-penny in postage to send one's stake overto Switzerland where an enterprising concern, which calls itself the Universal Turf Society Lucerne, ran a sweep on the great event. The prizes, though small, were quite worth winning—three thousand pounds for the winner; one thousand for the second horse etcetera. I am afraid it was a particularly successful day for the bookies—the classthat so many people decry when they lose, but praise highly when they win, as there was very little money on the winner. It was a very bad day for the suffragette who attempted to pull up the King's horse, but it appears there is some chance, at the time of writing of her recovery, a chance which I fear would have been extremely remote had she fallen to the mercy of the crowd instead of the horse.

R. E. G.

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA TRIAL.

A third trial game was played on Saturday afternoon between teams captained by Mr. G.C. Phillips and Mr. F.L. Sprott. The pitch played very true, until towards the close of the game, when it kicked a trifle at the Gymkhana end. Phillip's team batted first, F. F. Stileman and Hearson opening the innings. Both batsmen scored rapidly in spite of various changes in the bowling, and with the score at 108 both retired. The stand was an excellent one, not marred by any chances. Sale, Phillips and Sanderson obtained double figures, and the innings was closed when the score reached 187.

The fielding was smart and all the catches were held, Coombes especially bringing off a great one in the long field. The bowling was very poor with the exception of that of Beadel, who took 5 wickets for 33.

Two hours were left for play, when Sprott sent in Watts and Bowes-Lyon to open his side's innings. The latter was caught at 11 and Colbeck partnered Watts. This pair carried the score rapidly to 53, when Watts was caught by Nicholson. The outgoing batsman had played an excellent innings, hitting with much power. Colbeck continued the run-getting till he was smartly stumped by Sanderson. Colbeck has created a good impression, as he is a pretty bat to watch, and puts any amount of "power" behind his drives. The remaining batsmen gave a poor display, with the exception of Baker, who made a useful 19, and the innings closed for 102. The fielding again was excellent, Hearson and C. Stileman bringing off very good one-handed catches. Score :—

PHILLIPS.

F. F. Stileman, retired	...	56
F. Hearson, retired	...	43
E. L. Sale, c Elliot, b Watts	...	20
P. M. D. Sanderson, c Elliott, b Beadel	...	18
C. G. Stileman, b Watts	...	2
G. C. Phillips, c Bowes-Lyon, b Beadel	...	20
E. J. Sunbury, st Sprott, b Beadel	...	5
E. M. F. Nicholson, c Coombes, b Beadel	...	2
F. C. Kennedy, c Coombes, b Beadel	...	2
J. N. Begbie, not out	...	1
H. J. Clarke, not out	...	6
D. G. Harbutt, did not bat	...	0
Extras	...	7
Total	...	187

SPROTT'S.

T. H. Watts, c Nicholson, b F. Stileman	...	31
C. Bowes Lyon, c and b Clarke	...	1
L. G. Colbeck, st Sanderson, b C. Stileman	...	29
C. D. Baker, c Sanderson, b Nicholson	...	19
E. E. Coombes, b Stileman	...	0
R. E. Elliot, c C. Stileman b Nicholson	...	0
H. R. Sandford, c Sanderson, b C. Stileman	...	7
C. M. Resnick, c Hearson, b Nicolson	...	0
A. E Standage, b C. Stileman	...	4
C. W. Beadel, b Nicholson	...	8
F. L. Sprott, not out	...	0
F. W. Sprott, b Nicholson	...	0
Extras	...	3
Total	...	102

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

Coombes ...	5	10	1	
Resnick ...	5	18	1	...
Baker ...	6	36	...	...
Elliot ...	3	21	...	...
F W Sprott ...	2	29	...	...
Beadel ...	11	33	1	5
Colbeck ...	3	10	1	...
Watts ...	5	23	...	2
Johnstone bowled 1 no ball.				
Clarke ...	8	20	...	1
Phillips ...	5	14	...	...
C Stileman ...	12	32	4	5
Nicholson ...	9	32	2	5

TELEGRAPH RECREATION CLUB vs. H. I. M. MINT.

This match was played on the Oval on Saturday and was won by the Telegraphs by 32 runs.

THE MINT.

Pais, c De Smidt, b Moore	...	5
Razzak, c Francis, b Soris	...	0
Patel, c Francis, b Moore	...	2
Krishnath, c Edwards, b D'Silva		18
Mahomed, b Edwards	...	16
Peer Mahomed, c Francis, b Edwards	...	2
Aban, c De Smidt, b Edwards	...	0
Robinson, b Wolen	...	34
Edroos, c and b Moore	...	3
Mackay, c Moore, b Woolen	...	7
Rickwood, not out	...	1
Extras	...	6
Total	...	94

TELEGRAPH RECREATION CLUB.

S D'Silva c Rickwood, b Aban	...	22
Rodrigues, c Edroos, b Aban	...	24
Moore, c Robinson, b Aban	...	28
De Smidt, c Mahomood, b Pais		0
Francis, c Pais, b Mahomood	...	3
Edwards, c Edroos, b Aban	...	8
Talbot, st Peer Mahomed b Edroos	...	13
Contractor, c and b Edroos	...	7
Sorris, b Mahmood	...	10
Rozario, not out	...	3
Woolen, st Peer Mahomed, b Edroos	...	6
Extras	...	2
Total	...	126

ROBERT MONEY SCHOOL vs. BANDRA NEW EDWARD C. CLUB.

A cricket match was played on Friday 20th June on the Money School ground between the Money School team and the Bandra New Edward Cricket Club, and resulted in a win for the former by 16 wickets and 107 runs. The score :—

ROBERT MONEY SCHOOL.

C. Andrew ...	...	8
P D Joshi ...	...	103
K A Thakur ...	...	6
S P Kukde ...	...	0
B K Pathare	...	35
H A Rane ...	...	3
H M Patil ...	...	0
B G Kenny ...	Did not bat.	
Ezekel ...		
D Bhanap ...		
N B Thakur ...		
Extra ...	...	1
Total (for 6 wickets,)	...	156

BANDRA NEW EDWARD C. CLUB.

	1st Innings.	2nd Innings.
Y U Desai — ...	2	0
Y S Rangnekar ...	1	1
V Dalvi ...	1	1
S S Rangnekar ...	9	0
Y E Shrisagarpure ...	6	13
A S Deshpande ...	3	0
D G Nadgauni ...	0	0
Pathare ...	2	0
Jessawalla ...	1	1
Sonar ...	0	6
Basurekar ...	0	0
Extra ...	1	1
Total ...	26	28

THE MONEY SCHOOL vs. THE WILSON HIGH SCHOOL.

A cricket match was played on the Cross Maidan between the Robert Money School and the Wilson High School on Saturday 21st June, and resulted in a win for the Money School by 35 runs.

The score :—

THE MONEY SCHOOL.

C J Andrew ...	...	9
K A Thakur ...	...	4
E L Joshi ...	...	2
H A Rane ...	...	0
P D Joshi ...	...	17
R K Pathare	...	7
S S Rangnekar	...	0
H M Patil ...	...	3
B G Keney ...	...	10
N B Thakur ...	...	7
Extras	...	6
Total	...	65

THE WILSON HIGH SCHOOL.

Devecha ...	...	5
Dhige ...	...	0
Lele ...	...	6
A Vaz ...	...	3
Bahator ...	...	1
Koregaoker ...	...	1
Randive ...	...	8
Godambe ...	...	0
Shrisgarpure ...	...	6
Dalvi ...	...	4
Rawal ...	...	1
Extras	...	2
Total	...	29

The Poona Gymkhana won their first cricket match yesterday, when they defeated the Military Accounts by 22 runs on the first innings For the Gymkhana, Kelly 58 and Gould 48 were top scorers. The stand made by Nicholson for the other side enabled him to put together the best total for the match, namely 66 runs. Scores :—

POONA GYMKHANA.—1st Innings.

Mr Kerr, b Gaupat ...	...	0
Mr Gould b Nicholson	...	48
Capt Armytage, b Nicholson	...	17
Major Greig, b Gaupat	...	7
Col Rosser, b Nicholson	...	3
Mr Kelly, b Ganpat ...	...	53
Mr Hyder, c Comber, b Nicholson		15
Mr Holman, c and b Nicholson	...	4
Capt Clemson, b Ganpat	...	0
Mr Arthur, not out ...	...	0
Mr Stephenson, l-b-w Ganpat	...	0
Extras	...	22
Total	...	167

POONA GYMKHANA.—2nd Innings.

Major Greig, not out ...	...	60
Mr Arthur, c Ramos, b Rasker	...	1
Mr Kerr, not out ...	...	41
Extras	...	4
Total	...	106

MILITARY ACCOUNTS.—1st Innings.

Mr Rasker, b Holman ...	...	6
Mr Cumber, c Holman, b Greig	...	0
Mr Gaikwad, b Clemson	...	30
Mr Kirkwood, c Gould, b Holman		7
Mr Nicholson, b Clemson	...	66
Mr Ganpat, b Greig	...	2
Mr Nars o, b Clemson	...	2
Mr Sanson, b Clemson	...	10
Mr Bagina, st Stephenson, b Greig		0
Ramos, not out	...	7
Khara, b Clemson	...	2
Extras	...	13
Total	...	145

INSTITUTO LUSO INDIANO.

A. Team.

May.
25th—Clubs Test Match.
June.
1st Gujarati Union C C.
8th Eastern Telegraphs.
15th—Mahomedan C C.
22nd—Govt. Telegraphs.
July.
6th Hindu Gymkhana 3 *
13th—Empire C C.
20th— ovt Telegraphs.
27th—Eastern Telegraphs.
Aug.
3rd—Gujarati Union C C.
10th—Bombay Young Cricketers.
17th—Gowd Saraswat.
24th—Mahomedan C C.
31st—Young Hindus C C.
Sept.
4th—Union Hall Association.
7th—Anglo Portuguese Institute.
14th—New Shivaji C C.
21st—Anglo Portuguese Inst. Poona.
28th—Islam Gymkhana *

* Quadrangular Matches.

B. Team.

June.
28th—Govt. Telegraphs, B.
July.
12th—Bombay Recreation Club.
26th—Goan Union School.
Aug.
16th—Goan Union School.
Sept.
6th—Bombay Recreation Club.
20th—Govt. Telegraphs B.

All matches commences at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.)

OPENING OF THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

R. G. A. vs. SHERWOODS.

In bright weather, on a perfect ground, and before a large crowd of enthusiastic spectators, the football season of 1913, opened on Saturday with a game between the Sherwood Foresters and the Royal Garrison Artillery. The teams were fairly evenly matched, moments of excitement were plentiful, and the supporters of each team lived in hopes of their side scoring right up to the end. True the Gunners' forwards were disappointing, and towards the end of the game their play tailed off into a lifeless attack. But on several occasions the Artillerymen got right into their opponents' goal—mouth, and only indecision and misunderstandings robbed them of a score. The Sherwoods' forwards took advantage of every opportunity and their combination and decisive methods proved the winning factor in the game.

THE GAME.

The R. G. A. came away with a rush and Kerridge tried a long shot for goal. The Sherwoods, getting down, forced a corner which came to nothing. They maintained the pressure, however. Some clever passing gave Medley an opening, but he missed the shot completely. Soon afterwards Boote put in a hot shot which Quinn saved well. The R. G. A. then transferred the play but the ball went behind. Medley of the Sherwoods had a long shot which Quinn saved with ease. The Sherwoods remaining in their opponents' half of the field, Jerome of the Artillery showed up in good defence work. Then the Gunners, going in for some long passing, got right down to the opposing goal-mouth. It looked as if the Artillerymen would score, but their forwards got in each other's way and the ball eventually passed harmlessly over the bar. The Sherwoods immediately ran right down and Boote missed a good opportunity. Long kicking was indulged in by both sides until some clever passing by the Artillery saw Kerridge hit the upright with a daisy-cutter. The Gunners kept up the attack, and a good pass from the right wing brought Edwards right out to kick clear. The Foresters next came down with a rush and a poor shot went behind. With five minutes only left in the first half, a little misjudgment on the part of the Gunners' backs saw two Sherwoods' forwards go right through and Quinn had no chance of saving (1-0). Then the Foresters made another attempt, but the shot for goal was intercepted by a full back. Another shot went wide. Again Beardsmore put in an attempt, but the ball went just over the bar. However, the Sherwoods were determined to have another goal before the interval, and Boote, taking a long pot shot, the ball passed into the R. G. A. net low down by the upright (2-0).

The second half opened with up-and-down play until Beardsmore got away on the left for the Foresters and put in a hot shot which Quinn cleverlydeflected. The corner came to nothing. A weak attack by the R. G. A. brought Edwards out of goal, and soon afterward the Artillerymen had an excellent opening which they once more missed badly. Eventually the Sherwoods ran down and a long dropping shot from Boote threatened danger. Quinn was equal to the occasion and punched out. After a short breakaway by the Artillerymen the Sherwoods renewed the attack and Carwood got well in. The ball was cleared after a scrimmage. Another shot by Medley was saved. Both Hampton and Beckford put in some fine defence work and Quinn showed to advantage. A shot by Beardsmore went wide. The Gunners made a sudden rush and O Keiff tried a shot, a corner being secured. Some scrimmaging gave O'Keiff an opening and he put in a high shot which dropped on to the crossbar and bounced over. A fierce fight in the R.G.A. goal-mouth came to nothing, and the game ended without further scoring.

Sherwood Foresters.....2 goals.
Royal Garrison Artillery..... nil.

The following were the teams:—

SHERWOOD FORESTERS—Edwards (goal), Hampton and Beckford (backs), Sutton, Williamson and Hitch (halves), Beardsmore, Carwood, Medley, Boote and Boyd (forwards).

R. G. A.—Quinn (goal), Roache and Gately (backs), McDermott, Thompson and Jerome (halves), Cooper, O'Keiff, Kerridge, Pond, and Cowell (forwards).

Referee—Mr. Moir.

BELGAUM HUNT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, June 16.

A record field of forty-eight, amongst whom were nine ladies, met at the kennels at 6 a. m. There had been practically no rain for the last two days, and the high wind had dried up the ground to a remarkable extent. The wiseacres looked gloomy and prophesied "no scent", a prophesy which, unfortunately, turned out to be very near the truth.

The master proceeded straight across the racecourse and drew the nullah to the north of it in a North-Westerly direction, crossing over Flat Top Hill. On the further side of the hill the hounds got on a scent and a fox was viewed by some of the field making back towards the point. There was a hard run until the ploughed land in the nullah was reached, when the scent absolutely failed. After trying a couple of ineffectual casts on the grass land across the nullah the master gave him up and moved on past Hondalgi village to the sugar canes on the banks of the Kiwalli Nullah. Here a jack was soon moved, but gave no sport as he could not be persuaded to set away; for twenty minutes he ran from covert to covert but was eventually pushed out across the Vingurla road, only to retire into another sugar cane. Several times he tried to break back, but was stopped by the field who were posted round that side. Eventually he went away down the banks of the Kimali with the hounds in full cry close behind him: they got to within fifty yards of him, only to see him disappear into a large earth. Three hounds went down after him, but failed to dislodge him, and some time was lost in getting them out.

Moving back to the Vingurla-road, the Master drew all the cane fields up to Bagamhalli and from there on the left up the valley to Musketry Hill. From the cane field on the hill, a jack was viewed and the hounds being laid on hunted him slowly back to the Kima, nullah, where he took refuge in a cane field. Hunted out of this he made away across the paddy fields towards Mandoli. A bright sun and the high wind made a scent very catchy, and the hounds were only able to follow his line in shady spots along the banks of the stream. Just past Mandoli the scent gave out altogether, and a move was made for home.

On Tuesday 19th, only a small field of thirty-three set out with the Master with 13½ couple of hounds on the Dharwar-road. The ground was very dry, so hopes of good sport were not high. Moving up the long valley towards Dener Foot, the hounds found their jack in a sugar field, and promptly forced him over the ridge south of the valley; after crossing the ridge, he turned to the left, and made a small circle made back towards where he had been found; unfortunately a second jack was afoot too and the pack split up, three couples going with the Master and most of the field towards the Dharwar-road which they crossed before losing their jack on the ploughed land. Meanwhile the rest of pack, whom the whips had vainly tried to turn back to the master, hustled their jack along the foot of the valley in a S. W. direction through some very heavy going, and turning to the left again with him, ran him hard back over the ridge, and towards Dener Fort. The going on the top of the ride was grand, and those who had struggled through the heavy-going were treated to a fine gallop and some very pretty hunting. Eventually the pack was seen to enter the jungle on the hill side about a hundred yards ahead of hounds, who were whipped off to prevent them getting lost. It had been a good hunt of just on six miles and hounds had deserved to draw blood.

Collecting the hounds we moved back towards the Dharwar-road where a jack was put up but it was getting late and consequently there was no scent, and the hounds being unable to make anything of it were taken back to the cart.

It was a surprisingly good day considering the state of the ground, and the hounds put up a very good performance.

MAJOR J. A. WILSON, 1st Batt. 8th Goorkha Rifles, had the honour of being received by his Majesty on May 30th.

GOLF NOTES.

THE RULES.

II.

As I said in my first article, ther many of the Rules of Golf whic habitually broken by Bombay go and I think that the ones which a perhaps, most often infringed are tho relating to the removal of obstructio and Loose Impediments, both "on t Green" and "through the Green But before discussing the actual Rul on the subject, there are definitio which should be known; they are follows.

(a) "Definition (5). "Through Green" is all ground on which p permitted except hazards and ting Green of the hole tha played.

(b) Definition (10). T Green is all ground, exce within twenty yards of the

(c) Definition (12). The impediment" denotes, any obst not fixed or growing and includes worm-casts, snow, and ice."

The first of these, "Through t Green," explains itself, and needs comments, but the definition of th "Putting-Green" is I fancy not alwa known by players. The greens Bombay are small, and many a play does not realise that, although his b may not be actually on the prepar green, he is yet "on the green" f the purposes of Rule 28, which I sha come to later.

The definition of 'Loose Imped ment" is very important, and shou be known by heart by all golfers,

Now there are three rules which b especially on the subject under d cussion, namely Rule 11, Rule 12, a Rule 28, and they read as follows.

RULE 11.

"Removal of Obstructions.

Any flag-stick, guide-flag, moval guide-post, wheel-barrow, tool, roll grass-cutter, box, vehicle, or simi obstruction, may be removed. A b moved in removing such an obstruct shall be replaced without penalty. ball lying on or touching such an obstr tion, or lying on or touching clot or nets, or ground under repair covered up, or opened for the p pose of the up-keep of the course, lying in one of the holes, or i guide-flag hole, or in a hole made the green-keeper, may be lifted a dropped without penalty as near possible to the place where it lay, b not nearer to the hole. A ball lifted a hazard, under such circumstanc shall be dropped in the hazard."

RULE 12.

Removal of loose impediments.

(1) Any loose impediment lying wit a club length of the ball and not be in or touching a hazard, may be moved without penalty; if the b move after such impediment has b touched by the player, his partner, either of their caddies, the player sh be deemed to have caused the ball move, and the penalty shall be stroke.

2. A loose impediment lying m than a club length from the ball m not be moved under penalty of the lo of the hole, unless the loose impe ment lie on the putting-green (s Rule 18(1).)

RULE 28—PUTTING-GREEN.

REMOVAL OF LOOSE IMPEDMENTS.

1. Any loose impediment may lifted from the putting-green irrespec tive of the position of the player's bal If the player's ball, when on th putting green, move after any loo impediment lying within six inches of has been touched by the player, h partner, or either of their caddies, th player shall be deemed to have cause it to move, and the penalty shall be on stroke.

Removal of Dung, etc.

(2) Dung, worm-casts, snow, and ic may be scraped aside with a club, bu the club must not be laid with mor than its own weight upon the ground nor must any thing be pressed dow either with the club or in any othe way.

Touching Line of Putt.

(3) The line of the putt must not be touched, except by placing the club immediately in front of the ball in the act of addressing it, and as above authorised.

The penalty for a breach of this Rule shall be the loss of the hole.

These three Rules are very easy to understand, and Rules 11 and 12 need little comment. Certain "obstructions" enumerated in Rule 11 may be removed *irrespective of their positions* and a ball lying on or touching these and certain other obstructions which are specified may be lifted and dropped without penalty under certain well defined conditions. That is

GOLF NOTES.

(*Continued from page* 8.)

if impediments are removed otherwise than in the manner described, the penalty is loss of the hole in the match play, is two stookes in medal play, and as stated in the last article, a competitor may not waive any penalty incurred by his opponent under pain of disqualification.

To take one more point in Rule 28—one very often sees a player make his approach shot, and the ball strikes a stone within 20 yards of the hole, but not necessarily on the prepared portion of the green; there follows some such remark as "what rotten luck—it would have been dead if it haden't been for that stone"—(I have expressed this mildly—the remarks one usually hears are far more lurid!) Now I cannot agree that it was "rotten luck" at all, We have seen by the definitions that "putting-green" includes all ground within 20 yards of the hole, and by Rule 22 "Any loose impediments may be removed from the putting-green *irrespective of the position of the player's ball.* This is the important point. If a player sees a loose impediment within 20 yards of the hole, he is entitled to remove it, unless it be in a hazard and if he neglect to do so and thereafter his ball be deflected from its course by it, surely he has no one to blame but himself. To "grouse about bad luck is absurd" it was the shot that was bad, because, if an impediment was there it should either have been removed or avoided. There is a story of the ex-champion J. H. Taylor, who is noted for the accuracy of his pitching shots with a mashie. He had an approach shot of about seventy yards to play—walked forward to examine the ground—removed a single worm-cast on the green—and then proceeded to pitch his ball on the exact spot where the worm-cast had been, whence it rolled dead. This is a very good yarn! but although Bombay golfers can never hope to attain such diabolical accuracy, the story is worth repeating as showing the care that the great Professionals (and Amateurs too for that matter) take over their shots. One cannot imagine Taylor or Vardon talking about bad luck if their ball struck an impediment which they were at liberty to remove.

Golf on the Bombay course is slow enough as it is, and I hope that in consequence of anything I have said players will not think it necessary to start going forward to remove worm-casts before playing all their approach shots! But when they have a short shot of 30 or 40 yards to play, and their ball strikes a stone which they were at liberty to remove under Rule 28, the fewer remarks we hear about "bad luck", the better.

NIBLICK.

WEARER OF "THE BAYS."

STORIES OF THE LATE POET LAUREATE.

Barrister, journalist, war correspondent editor, novelist, lover of outdoor life, and an all-round sportsman, Mr. Alfred Austin, who has just died played many parts in his life.

He believed, moreover, in a poet being versatile. "No man," he once said "can ever hope to be a great poet who could not equally have been a successful administrator general, or statesman, or an impressive archbishop."

Many were the criticisms levelled at his appointment as Poet Laureare in 1896 by the late Lord Salisbury, four years after Tennyson died, and after a fierce controversy in the literary world as to the merits of the then living poets. One writer referred to him as "Alfred the Little," as compared with "Alfred the Great," whole another facetious critic burst into the following rhyme:—

> At length a callous Tory chief arose,
> Master of caustic jest and cynic gibe,
> Looked round the Carlton Club and lightly chose 1st leading scribe.

But Mr. Austin did not mind the critics. "I have learned," he said to a friend, "to be grateful for appreciation and tolerant of depreciation." And when, during one of the occasions when he stood as Conservative candidate for Parliament, one of the Opposition papers taunted him with being "a fool of a poet," Mr. Austin replied:—

> Observation went to show it—
> Though a poet might be a fool, very foo
> is not a poet.

It was only to please his parent that Mr Austin went to the Bar. For three years he attended York Assizes and the West Riding Sessions, and at eighteen published his first, work, a novel entitled "Randolph, a Tale of Polish Grief."

His uncle, Mr. Joseph Locke, Robert Stephenson's fellow-pioneer in the railway world, defrayed the expenses of the book, of which exactly seventeen copies were sold. Not a very encouraging beginning; but in 1862 he created a stir with his first notable work, "The Season, a Satire."

The journalistic world knew Mr. Austin at one time as leader writer of the "Standard" for which paper he also served as war correspondent during the siege of Paris, when the dispatch of "copy" was a fine art.

In 1867 Mr. Austin want to live at Swinford Old Manor, near Ashford, Kent, where he died. He could never be induced to come to the City to work, so devoted was he to his old-world house and country life. And for many years he wrote his leader at home with the assistance of a telegraph wire run into his study, sixty miles from the "Standard" office. And sometimes he would telegraph the whole article.

A FRIEND OF TENNYSON.

Mr. Austin was a great admirer of Tennyson and when the great poet died he sent in place of a wreath a branch of bay-leaves which a Greek priest had torn from a tree in full flower and given him when he was at Delphi. This wreath, with Lady Tennyson's roses, and a shakespeare, was placed in the coffin.

Concerning his first meeting with Tennyson, Mr. Austin has told how the poet walked with him to the little wooden gate leading to the lane, and, leaning over it as he said "good-bye," exclaimed: "What a vulgar people the English are! They come here to watch for me, and when they see me they exclaim quite loudly, "There's Tennyson!" "I told my hostess," Mr. Austin said, "of Tennyson's complaint, and she remarked with a touch of mischief, that Tennyson would have been much more annoyed if the people had not come."

Perhaps the most amusing story told of Mr. Austin is that concerning one of his poems which relates the story of a duke who fell in love with a beautiful peasant maid, who refused him because she loved a poet whose face she has never seen. When Mr. Austin was asked if it was possible for a woman to fall in love with a mad whom she had never seen, the Poet Laureate replied, with a wave of his hand, "Possible"! Why, it has to every poet, often."

SPORT AT HOME.

RACING.

At Salisbury on May 30 the Salisbury Cup was won by Mr. J. Hare's Fort and the Longleat Plate by Capt. Forester's Queen's Parade.—At Doncaster, the Chesterfield Plate was won by Mr. A. Belmont's Golden Rock.

At Hurst Park, on May 31, the Victoria Cup was won by Mr. P. Broome's Aldegond: Mr. J. B. Joel's Spanish Prince was second, and Mr. F. Davies's Cuthbert third. The Hurst Plate was won by Mr. E. Hulton's Fairy King the Vyner Handicap by Mr. S. B. Joel's Pickmore and the Durham Handicap by Mr. J. Stevenson's Shino.

Epsom Summer Races began on June 3 when the chief event was the Woodcote Stakes for two-year-olds. This was won by Mr. D. McCalmont's odd-coloured The Tetrarch, by Roi Herode—Vahren. The Epsom Plate fell to Sir Edgar Vincent's Diadumenos the Egmont Plate to Lord St. Davids's Forward III., and the Norbury Plate to Count Lutzow's Svetec.

Excited discussion on the event of this most exciting Derby diminished on June 4, interest in the other races. Mr. A. F. Basset's St. Meriadoc won the Stewards' Handicap, Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's Felizardo being struck into while descending the hill and his leg broken. He was immediately destroyed. Luckily his rider escaped serious injury. Mr. G. Paton's Ardigon and Mr. J. B. Joel's Waterwillow, thought to have the best chances in the Epsom Town Plate, finished second and third behind Mr. S. B. Joel's Sporty.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.

The details of the suffragette outrage are briefly as follows:—As the horses were coming round Tattenham Corner, a woman ran from the crowd on to the course in front of Agadir, the rider of whom attempted to pull his mount up. The result was that Anmer, who followed, collided with Agadir and fell, and poor Jones was violently thrown and was kicked by some of the horses which followed. The woman was knocked down. Both were picked up unconscious and taken away, the jockey to the ambulance at the back of the grand stand and the woman to the Epsom and Ewell Cottage Hospital. Jones is suffering from slight concussion and bruises. Davison, on whom were found a suffragette flag and literature, has similar injuries.

Even then this remarkable day had not exhausted its sensations, for in the next race, the Stewards' Handicap, Felizardo fell in front of the stand, his injuries being so severe that he had to be at once killed. Whalley, his jockey, was hurt, but not badly.

CRICKET.

The match between Middlesex and Essex was begun at Lord's on May 30. Essex scored 193 runs, and Middlesex 107 for two wickets.—At the Oval, in their match against Surrey, Warwickshire declared their first innings closed at 325 for nine wickets, and Surrey scored 322. In the second innings Warwickshire made 74 for two wickets.—At Cambridge, the University continued their first innings against Yorkshire, and scored 340 (Mr. E. L. Kidd, 123). In the second innings Yorkshire made 158 for two wickets, which put them 84 runs ahead.—Lancashire scored 295 for seven wickets against Derbyshire at Chesterfield.—At Northampton, Kent made 403 runs against Northamptonshire, and gained a first-innings lead of 105 runs. In the second innings Northamptonshire made 21 for three wickets.—Gloucestershire continued their first innings against Sussex, at Gloucester, and scored 266 (Langdon, 140). In the second innings Sussex made 171 for one wicket, and were 164 runs ahead.

On May 31 the match between Middlesex and Essex at Lord's, which began on the previous day, stood largely in favour of Middlesex, Essex, with seven wickets down in their second innings, being only 23 runs on.—The match between Surrey and Warwickshire at the Oval was left drawn. Warwickshire declared their second innings closed at 302 for three wickets (Kinnear, 152; Quaife, 109), and Surrey, who wanted 306 runs to win the match, made 190 for five wickets.—In their match against Lancashire, at Chesterfield, Derbyshire with three wickets in hand, required 82 runs to save defeat by a single innings.—At Northampton Kent beat Northamptonshire by 10 wickets.—The match between Gloucestershire and Sussex, at Gloucester, resulted in a drawn game.—At Cambridge, the match between the University and Yorkshire was left drawn. Yorkshire declared their second innings closed at 361 for seven wickets (Drake, 108), and Cambridge, who were 287 runs behind, made 184 for six wickets.—At Loughborough, Nottinghamshire made 236, and Leicestershire made 73 for two wickets.

Middlesex beat Essex at Lord's on June 2 by eight wickets.—At Chesterfield, Lancashire beat Derbyshire by an innings and 25 runs.—At the Oval, Hampshire scored 355 (Mead, 116), and Surrey 5 for no wicket.—Warwickshire made 349 (Quaife, 107) against Northamptonshire at Birmingham, and Northamptonshire scored 42 for two wickets.—At Bradford, Kent made 251, and Yorkshire 130 for six wickets.—The match between Leicestershire and Nottinghamshire was continued at Loughborough. Leicestershire, with seven wickets in hand, required 208 runs to win the match.—At Oxford, the University made 407 (Mr. W. G. K. Boswell, 93) against Free Foresters, who scored 5 for no wicket.

The match between the Royal Navy and the Army was begun on June 3 at Lord's. The Army scored 255 runs (Capt. G. H. S. Fowke, 133). The Royal Navy made 103, and, following on, 14 for no wicket.—The first innings of the match between Surrey and Hampshire was continued at the Oval, Survey made 489 for eight wickets (Hayes, 161; Mr. M. C. Bird, 103), and were 134 runs ahead.—Nottinghamshire beat Leicestershire at Loughborough, by 71 runs.—In the match between Yorkshire and Kent, at Bradford, Kent were 280 runs ahead with seven wickets down in the second innings.—The match between Northamptonshire and Warwickshire was continued at Birmingham. Warwickshire had two wickets in hand in the second innings and were 272 runs ahead.

The Army beat the Royal Navy by ten wickets at Lord's on June 4—Surrey beat Hampshire, at the Oval, by an innings and 40 runs.—At Oxford, the University beat Free Foresters by 195 runs.—At Bradford, the match between Yorkshire and Kent was left drawn. In the second innings Yorkshire, who required 310 runs for victory, scored 192 runs for four wickets (Hirst 102, not out.)—Northamptonshire beat Warwickshire, at Birmingham, by five wickets.

POLO.

In the final round of the Whitney Cup at Roehampton on May 31, the Quidnuncs beat the Old Etonians by 8 goals to 6. The sides were:—Quidnuncs—The Duke of Penaranda, Capt. E. W. E. Palmes, Lord Ashby St. Ledgers, and Capt. F. W. Barrett (back). Old Etonians.—Mr. L. Hardy, the Duke of Westminster, Mr. R. Grenfell, and Lord Rocksavage (back).

The Tigers beat the 20th Hussars by 9 goals to 4.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

(*Continued from page* 6.)

who committed suicide a few days ago owing to the discovery that he was guilty of espionage in the interest of Russia. His Majesty is said to have remarked to a member of his entourage: "This is the most monstrous affair I remember in the whole of my long reign". Colonel Redl used to appear in audience to report on the result of the missions on which he went abroad, frequent visits being paid to Germany. It is believed now that he betrayed German as well as Austrian military secrets, as he was sent several times to confer with the Chief of the German General Staff. An official military organ denies the betrayal of German secrets, but little credence is attached to official dementis in view of the attempts made by the authorities to hush up the affair. An examination of Redl's papers seized at Prague is reported to have brought to light a quantity of incriminating material. Among other treacherous practices Colonel Redl betrayed to the Russian Government the names of Russians acting as spies for Austria. It is said that several high-placed Russion officers recently committed suicide in consequence of these revelations. The Emperor has ordered a commission to report on necessary reforms dealing with the secret agenda of the General Staff, and the private and especially pecuniary affairs of officers in confidential positions will be strictly controlled in future.

THE "PRINCESS OF SALM."

After painstaking inquiries and researches, the Paris police have succeeded in bringing to light an amazing story of feminine duplicity and deception, and in bringing to an abrupt close the meteoric career of a woman who revelled in the high-sounding title of "Princess of Salm." It was under this name that she managed to inveigle into a betrothal both M. Debriere and Baron Marc Villiers du Ferrage. This adventuress had appeared before their dazzled eyes under the chaperonage and sponsorship of no less a personage than Mgr. Journe, and had been accepted in certain circles of Paris society as the representative of a noble Austrian family with a fabulous fortune behind her. Possessed of considerable beauty and much charm, she had rapidly secured not one, but two offers of marriage, had accepted both her suitors, and received from them valuable jewellery as presents, and then, pretending that pressing business called her to Madrid, had suddenly vanished. But, by one of those strange chances that do occasionally happen in real life, her two fiances became acquainted at their club, and in course of conversation discovered that both were engaged to a lady who had been obliged to hasten to Madrid. This roused their suspicions, and inquiries lead to the unravelling of a strange tissue of lies and fraud.

The "Princess" proves to be Marie Sidonie Metsdach, the daughter of a gamekeeper in Belgium, whose career in her native land has already brought her several times into conflict with the police. Her first adventures ended in a marriage with M. Van Marcke, a young musician in Antwerp, but the couple soon got into trouble, and the young woman field in order to escape imprisonment. She spent the next few years of her life wandering round the world with different wealthy families, and learned the "Almanach de Gotha" by heart. In all her successive incarnations from this period of her life she has invariably impersonated persons of the highest society, whose names she quoted freely, and who served to obtain for her an entry into the society she had chosen. She has always appeared in a sort of odour of sanctity having the support of Church dignitaries, and in her last adventure she issued forth from a convent, under the name of the Countess of Lumene, to make a journey to England with the fiance of the moment a certain Cornucer, from whom she managed to obtain what portable property he possessed.

But throughout the complications of her role this adventuress did not lose sight of that mythical fortune of £3,200,000 with which she had endowed herself, and she claimed to be principal shareholder in a bank in the Rue Blanche. Unfortunately the attention of the police was called to the doings of this institution, and the two bankers escaped by flight terms of imprisonment for swindling. The bank, when visited, proved to contain more clothing than securities, and amongst the overcoats, foreign decorations, and parasols lying about, was a Bishop's pastoral staff. Some of the "Princess's" best effects were, however, produced at Lourdes where her humility and beautiful toilettes had made her a conspicuous figure amongst the pilgrims.

It was at Lourdes that the "Princess," decided that she had a vocation, and entered a Paris convent with a view to taking the veil. She here kept the Mother Superior busy discussing various uses to which that colossal fortune of hers was to be put, and she received frequent visits from the clergy of the capital, all of whom were interested in this high-born and wealthy penitent. It was after this little experience that she changed her name again and re-launched herself into society with the help and introduction of Mgr. Journe. She is now awaiting trial for a long list of charges of fraudulent dealing.

THE UP-TO-DATE FARM AUTOMOBILE.

The auto on the farm arose
Two hours before the sun;
It milked the cows and washed the clothes,
Full soon each task was done.

Then forth it went into the field,
Just at the break of day;
It reaped and threshed the golden yield
And hauled it all away.

It ploughed the field that afternoon,
And when the job was through
It hummed a pleasant little tune
And churned the butter too.

Thus ran the busy hours away.
By many a labour blest,
And yet when fell the twilight grey
That auto took no rest.

For while the former, peaceful eyed.
Read by the tungesten's glow.
The patient auto stood outside
And ran the dynamo.

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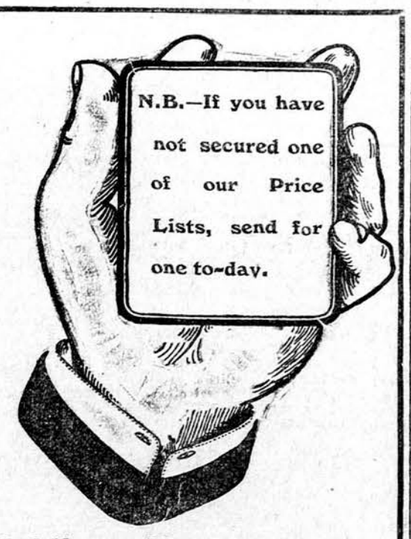

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SCIENCE NOTES.

WIRELESS IN CANADA.

At Le Pas, Manitoba, the southern terminus of the Hudson Bay railway, there will soon be erected the second largest wireless station in Canada. It will include four 250-feet still towers and will cost about dols. 100,000. Plans are under discussion for establishing several wireless stations in the far Northwest viz., from Athabasca Landing up the Mackenzie River to Herschel Island in the Arctic Ocean, and from there to Rampart House in the Yukon. Such stations would be valuable for stientific purposes, especially for collecting meteorological reports, and would also be serviceable to the North-west mounted police.

NON-ABSORBENT SLOT INSULATION IN MOTOR

A motor used in tropical climates is apt to develop defects which do not appear under other conditions, for the reason that it is subjected to high temperatures and a great deal of moisture. It has been found that the absorbent insulation used in the slots in stators is responsible for a good deal of trouble. Where this weakness has developed the motors have been rewound with micanite insulation and this has cured the trouble. A similar condition of affairs might result even in temperate zones, where the motor is situated in a damp place subject to high temperatures. In such position it is advisable to use a non-absorbent slot insulation.

CELLULOSE FROM ASPARAGUS.

The American consul at Hamburg has reported the details of the process invented by Prof. Otto Reinke for the recovery of cellulose from asparagus waste (from canning fact ries) and from the asparagus stalks that mature after the edible crop has been gathered. Heretofore these residues have been practically worthless except as fertilizers, as they have but little nutritive value when used as fodder, and attempts to utilize them in making coarse paper or packing material have not resulted satisfactorily. After undergoing a comparatively simple mechanical and chemical treatment they yield a beautiful pure cellulose, which may be used for bandages, blasting material, paper, tissues, fine felt, and cardboard, etc.

ACCELERATORS AND INSTINCTIVE BRACING.

It is a psychological fact that the imminience of collision causes the driver of a motor car instinctively to brace himself against the impending shock, which brings to light that if he has his feet where they logically should rest, one on the clutch pedal and the other on the brake pedal the greater the bracing the better will be the result; or the clutch then will be disengaged and the brake applied automatically. The danger arises, however, when as so often is the case, the right foot rests not on the break pedal but on the accelerator. Instinctive bracing, which may come before the mind acts quickly enough to cause the foot to be shifted, then results in the car being rushed pell mell into the danger. The moral is obvious, and should be plain to the person of average intelligence without further dissertation.

FRANCO-BRITISHSCIENTIFIC CONGRESS.

Special interest attaches to next year's meeting of the Association Francaise pour l'Avancement des Sciences, which is to be held at Havre, probably September 4th to 12th. A large number of British societies are to take part in the meeting. There are 160 British societies affiliated with the British Association for the Advancement of Science, and it has been the custom for these societies to hold a conference in London whenever the association itself met in some far distant city—as in the case of the meetings at Winnipeg and in South Africa. (Strange to say the British Association has never met in London.) Now it happens that in 1914 the British Association meets in Australia, and comparatively few members will be able to make the long and expensive journey, aside from those whose expenses are to be paid out of funds raised for this purpose in Australia. Accordingly as Havre is comparatively near England, it has been decided to hold the conference of delegates from the affiliated societies at that place, in conjuction with the meeting of the French Association. It is hoped that American scientific societies will also be represented at this joint meeting.

WIND VELOCITIES.

The greatest wind velocities are undoubtedly those occurring in tornadoes. The recent destructive storms of the cities raise the question: How high was the winds? but this question cannot be answered satisfactorily. In the Annual Report of the Chief Signal Officer for 1875, p. 435-436, there are some attempts to estimate the velocity of the wind in a tornado of that year from its more remarkable effects; e. g., a pine board driven through a telegraph pole; another driven three inches into the trunk of a tree and so on. A velocity of wind sufficient to produce such results could not have been much less than that of a cannon-ball or somewhere between six and eight hundred miles an hour. It is doubtful whether we shall ever have instruments for measuring such winds but on the other hand something might be done toward providing stronger instruments than those now in use so that it winds of ordinary hurricane velocity the anemometer would not be carried away just when about to make its most interesting record. The need of such an instrument is pointed out by Maxwell Hall government meteorologist of Jamaica in an account of the hurricanes of last November in that island. A Robinson anemometer exposed to the hurricane of November 18th broke away when registering 120 miles an hour. Probably the highest velocity ever recorded by an anemometer was 186 miles an hour, on Mt. Washington January 11th 1878 but this and all other high records of anemometers (i. e., of the Robinson type) are well known to be greatly in excess of the true velocities.

PLATINUM TERMINALS FOR QUARTZ-TUBE MERCURY-ARC LAMPS.

In order to obtain higher efficiency and better light values from mercury are lamps, it has been the practice to substitute quartz tubes for glass, and to operate the lamps at higher voltages and consequently higher temperatures. One of the principal difficulties encountered has been that of sealing in the terminals of the lamps. The co-efficient of expansion of quartz is 0.5 by 10-6 and that of platinum is 9 by 10-6 This great difference of expansion has made it necessary to employ some other metal. Now tungsten with a co-efficient expansion of 3.5 by 10-6 is being used. The difference of the co-efficient expansion is such that the tungsten can not be sealed directly in the quartz, but instead is sealed in a borosilicate glass of the same co-efficient of expansion and of a high melting point, while between this seal and the quartz tubes a number of glasses of varying co-efficient of expansion are used, providing what is known as a "graded seal." It has been suggested that this method of introducing electrodes into a bulb could also be used in connection with ordinary incandescent lamps. If so, it would materially reduce the heavy demands of the electrical industries on the expensive and precious metal platinum.

FORGED CHEQUE DETECTING.

A discovery of Dr. Robert W. Wood of the Johns Hopkins University has put forgeries out of business. The most skillful cheque-forgers have worked with chemicals, using a chemical ink eraser to remove portions of the written matter upon a cheque and then inserting what they wanted to insert in a handwriting that so closely imitated the original that it was almost impossible of detection. As the chemical erasers removed ink from paper in such a manner as to leave no trace of what had been written and made no change in the texture of the paper it was considered next to impossible to discover any change. However, Dr. Wood has found that the change may be detected by photographing the suspected cheque by means of ultra-violet rays. He has a piece of paper on which the words "Twenty-four hundred dollars" appear. The words were originally "Twenty-four dollars." The change was made by an expert who had erased the word "dollars" and the line after the "twenty-four" with a chemical ink eraser and had written the words "hundred dollars" in a manner so perfect that it was impossible to discover any change in the line, even with the aid of a high-power magnifying glass. Dr. Wood took the slip of paper and put it under his ultra-violet rays and photographed it, giving it a ten-minute exposure. The result is that a heavy smudge appears before the words "twenty-four," clearly showing, that something has been erased and something else written in. The explanation is that in removing part of what has been written a stain was left, invisible to ordinary light, but shown clearly by means of the ultra-violet rays. Dr. Wood's discovery will be of especial advantage in discovering changes made in documents, such as wills, where it is desired that the knowledge that anything is suspected and that an investigation is being made be avoided. It is now possible to discover if a certain sort of chemical has been used by making tests with other chemicals, but the result of these tests is to change the document. Dr. Wood's method makes absolutely no change in the document itself, but the change, if any, has been made, shows plainly on the photograph taken by his method.

GOLD-TIN TANS.

The corrosion of tin cans used as food containers is sufficient to induce investigation. As a result of such study Gudeman has made a substitute for tinned iron that is nothing less than gold-iron. Tin or iron does not quite fill the pores, but gold alloyed with iron does this perfectly and makes an ideal food container—except for the cost which is fifteen times that of ordinary tin plate. Gudeman applied a liquid amalgam of gold and mercury to the iron plate and then distilled off the mercury. The resulting plate looks like gold, resists acids like gold and is absolutely uniform and continuous in surface. It was also found that the pores of iron could be filled with enamel or even with glass if a pressure of 50,000 pounds to the square inch were applied, and the resulting product was just as resistant as enamel or glass.

ANTARCTIC EXPLORATION.

EXPERIENCES ON A MOVING GLACIER.

The first account to reach England of the experiences of Mr. Frank Wild and his seven companions, who, forming the second base of Dr. Mawson's Antarctic expedition, elected to be landed on a moving Antarctic glacier rather than return to Australia has been published. A year later they were rescued with great difficulty. The chief result of their exploration was the discovery of a great tract of land with 350 miles of coast line, probably extending to the itself, which has been named Queen M Pry Land.

Speaking of his experiences, Mr. Wild said:

We left Mawson at his base in Adelie Land on January 19 of last year with orders to form a second base on Sabrina Land or Knox Land. The former we soon ascertained did not exist, and impenetrable pack prevented us from getting within 60 miles of Knox Land. On February 11 we sighted a glacier, which had probably been mistaken by Wilkes for Termination Land, and on the 15th found a landing. This being Shackleton's birthday we named it Shackleton Glacier. It looked an impossible spot. It was clearly a moving glacier, and its terrible cliffs 1000, high were badly broken.

The party, after landing stores on glacier made preparations for a sledging tour, but were detained by bad weather:—

In the meantime, all the sea ice blew away, leaving us with a perpendicular glacier edge up which it was impossible for penguins or seals to reach, and for five months we had to depend entirely on tinned foods. As soon as the weather permitted a party of six left the hut to lay out a depot on land which we could see to the south 17 miles distant from our glacier. Kennedy and Watson were left at the base. Although in a direct line the land lay 17 miles off, our first journey to it was 33 miles in length. After eight days' travelling we reached a spot 35 miles inland at an altitude of 2,200 ft. Crevasses abounded, and from March 21 for a period of nine days we were kept in camp by the same blizzard which proved fatal to Scott and his gallant companions. We soon found it impossible to go on, and turned back for home.

In August we again made preparations for sledging, one party of three going eastward and another to the west. The latter surveyed all the coast line to the point reached by the German expedition of 1902. The western party did most of its travelling on land at an altitutude of two to three thousand feet, On one trip it did 5 0 miles at that altitude. This party discovered the largest emperor penguin rookery ever recorded. This was on an island 65 miles west of our glacier hut; and here were congregated some 7,000 young emperor birds in addition to innumerable ordinary penguins. The eastern party surveyed as far as 101 east longitude and went inland for 50 miles reaching an altitude of 4,500ft.

On Christmas Day we formally took possession of Queen Mary's land, and hoisted the Union Jack. I called my companions together to witness the act, as we took the land in the name of the Australian expedition for King George V. The land is a continuation of King Edward VII. plateau, has a coast line of 350 miles, and ascends gradually, probably, to the Pole itself.

DIABETES.

An interesting treaties dealing with causes, different stages and the most effective treatment of Diabettes, Hydrocele and Skin diseases, will be given away free to the readers of the "Bombay Gazette" on application to—A. Chatterji & Co., (B. G.) 108-2, Machuabazar Road, Calcutta.

HYDROCELE.

BRIEF AND PITHY.

THE OLD BARRISTER.

The bowed figure of an old barrister, Mr Henry Moses, entered No. 1, Court of the Old Bailay, and was greeted with smiles from counsel and the attendants, who had missed him for some weeks from his corner seat on the barristers' bench. Mr. Moses has ceased to practise for nearly half a century, but he has never, says the "Mail," been able to discard wig and gown and say good-bye to the courts.

"I have just taken a holiday. I suppose I shall come here till I die," he said yesterday. "I cannot bear to leave public life. Since 1872, when I came to London from the Dublin courts, I have not missed many openings of Parliament.

"I have been present at more great trials than I can remember—notably the trial of of Dr. Jameson, the Tichborne case, and the trial of Oscar Wilde.

"There is no eloquence in the courts today. The speeches are all humdrum and too precise, and the speakers seem oppressed by their responsibilities. Half a century ago the eyes of counsel often filled with tears, and the whole court was carried away by their elequence."

LORD DERBY'S TIPS.

"I do not believe in giving tips, especially double events," said Lord Derby, at a meeting of the Association of Conservative Clubs at the Portman Rooms "but if you insist on my doing so back the Unionist party for the next General Election, which is nearer at hand than many of you think, and Craganour for the Derby."

MILESTONES.

Asked how she fixed a particular date, a woman witness at Clerkenwell County Court said she remembered it well because it was the day after her washing day.

THE INFLUENCE OF THE CINEMA.

Into the somewhat dry or—to speak "a la mode"—"dre ch" spe ches delivered during the ten days' "sederunt" of the General Assemblies of the Scotch Presbyterian churches there sometimes steals a good story. This year, says the 'Manchester Guardian," the Home Mission Deputy told this one to illustrate the part the picture theatre plays in a child's life. A little girl, being taken to church by her mother, viewed a stained-glass window for a minute or two. "Ma," she asked, "when are they going to change the picture?"

THE BUSINESS INSTINCT.

When the young physician's motor-car reached the scene of the accident there was nothing to do; all the victims had been so slightly hurt that they were able to walk home. The young doctor (says the "Liverpool Post") was keenly disappointed, but his chauffeur spoke up cheeringly. "Never mind, doctor. I'll run down some business on the way home."

GWAUNCAEGURWEN.

Pontardawe (Swansea Valley) District Council have decided to number all the houses in Caegurwen district, which numbers nearly 8,000 people. The Rev. Evan Davies, in making the proposition, said that in a place like Gwauncaegurwen very few people were known by their Christian names; they were known by some nom de plume. He himself was not known as the Rev. Evan Davies everybody referred to him as "Yr. hen Fferiad" (the old parson). The numbering of the houses would be great boon.

In some streets there were as many as three persons answering to the name of John Jones. The result was that when the postman handled a letter addressed to "John Jones" it was given to the first one in the street. The letter would probably be opened by Jone's wife, and the consequences were that they had no end of family feuds.

DR. FILIPPI'S EXPEDITION.

The "Times" Rome correspondent telegraphed, (June 3):—Dr. de Filippi's expedition to the Western Himalaya and Karakoram is now completely organised, The equipment and provisions have been procured in London, and will be shipped to India within the next few days. The scientific apparatus is being collected at Genoa and will leave for Bombay with the expedition in an Italian liner on July 2

The list of subscribers is headed by the King of Italy, who gives £400; the Government of India has subscribed £1,000 the Royal Society £25, the Royal Geographical Saciety £100, the Reale Accademia dei Lincei, the Societa Italiana per il Progresso delle Scienze, and the Reale Societa Geografica each £80, Mr. A. Fitz-Gerald and Major E. FitzGerald each £1,000, Sir Hugh Bell £100, the "Corriere Vella Sera" £40, Dr. F. De Filippi £2,00 Comandante L. De Filippi £200, Com-Gander R. W. Spranger £1,600, Marchese Genturi Ginori £8, Marchese R. Venturi dinori £120, and Marchese N. Venturi minori £400.

INDIAN RAILWAY NEEDS.

On June 2, the Secretary of State for India received a deputation, introduced by Mr. H. McLeod, chairman of the East India section of the London Chamber of Commerce which asked for improved facilities for access to the Bengal coalfields, deprecated the ownership of collieries by the railway companies, and while expressing satisfaction that the railway allotment has been increased in the Budget for the current year to 12,000 000l argued that this total is still inadequate to the pressing railway needs of the country. It was suggested that a triennial programme of equipment and new construction should be laid down and adhered to. Lord Crewe raplied sympathetically and without committing himself to acceptance of all the views laid before him undertook to consult the Government of India in respect theretg.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

Returns of cases of plague in Bombay City reported from 6 a.m. on the 29th June to 6 a.m. on the 21st June:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Total...	5	1
Total mortality from all causes	...	61

ADVICE TO MOTHERS. Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. it will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it prodnces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

HIGH COURT.—JUNE 23.

Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.

For Dismissal

108-11—Ardeshir, Gokuldas Khimji vs. Kaliandas Bechardas and another, Mirza.

For Consent Decree.

596-03—Edgelow, Purshotam M. Khimji vs Javer ai widow and another. Bhimji.

For Further Directions and Costs on Commissioner's Report.

11-12—Mehta D. Karmalibhai Bhojabhai vs. Namdev B. Chavan and others, In person.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Long Causes.

O.S. 245-13—Manchersha, J S. Mody and another vs. P. D. Mody and others. Ardeshir, Mulla.

815-12—Unwalla Jasraj Foajee vs Abdul Rehman Haji Suleman, Abdul Wahed and others, Payne.

1005-12—D. J. Mantri, Damodar Khannoo Thakur and another vs. The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg. Co. Ld, Craigie and Co. Wacha and Co.

550-11—Matubai J. and A. Chamanlal Karamchand vs. Popet Amarchand, Shamrao M. and H. Manchersha and N.

766-12—Wacha and Co., R. D. Sethna vs. Motibai Alias Gokibai, Madhowji and Co.

1245-12—Mulji K. and T. Nana Yessooi Padval vs. Sitabai widow and another, Dastur and Co.

1308-12—Mulla and M. Pirat Hassan vs. Gulam Mahomed Sha Mahomed, Ardeshir H. D. and Co.

1319-12—Edgelow G W and Co. Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co d; Payne and Co.

43-13—Edgelow G W and Co Jeewabai Vadilal and others vs The New Piece Goods Bazar Co Ltd; Payne and Co.

309-03—Malvi H M and R, Jitmal Karayal vs Ebji Umersey Ardeshire H D and Co.

310-03—Malvi H M and R Jitmal Kanayal vs Shamji Ludha and Co Ardeshire H D and Co.

311-03—Malvi H M and R Mamraj Rambhagat vs Ebji Umersey, Ardeshire H D and Co.

1276-12—Chitnis M and K Manaji Cooverji Shirki vs Merwanji Jehangir, Vakil, Subnis and G.

1201-12—Subnis and G Merwanji Jehangir Vakil vs Manaji Coverji Shirki, Chitnis M and K.

594-42—Subnis and G Sitabai widow vs Govindrao Madowrao Dukle, Dapathy F and D.

666-11—Jamshedji R and D. Sada Pang and Co; vs Shivnarayan Parbutal Edgelow G W and Co.

623-12—Pestonji, Joosub Oosman vs Haji Jakeria H Oosman Captain.

O.S. 301-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira vs Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.

O.S. 303-13—Patell, Rogue Estevao Pereira Rojario Mathias de Silva and others, Patell, Bhimji.

O.S. 312-13—Motichand, Nemchand Nathubhai vs Dayabhai Mancharam and others, Ardeshir.

262-13—Pestonji, Bai Jeewanbai widow, Bai Amboobai widow and others, Madhavji, Edgelow.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Macleod.

For Consent Decree.

168-13—Captain, Mutabai Wd., vs. Canji Manji, Shroff.

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Commercial Cause.

144-13—Craigie, The Bengal Coal Co., Ld., vs. The Arab Steameaside, vs Ld. Payne.

Long Causes.

229-11—Motichand, Ishwar Modi vs. Tarachand Lokmandas and another, Kanga S.

822-11—Bhaishanker K and G. Lakmidas Khimji Spg and Wg Co, Ltd vs Ghordhandas Khatao and others. Edgelow raigie

25-13—Madhowji G Karsondas vs Valivahu widow, Unwalla and P.

738-12—Payne and Co. Khan Bahadur K. Dayam vs Kapurchand Mohanji; Little and Co.

166-13—Dalal Kuberdas Narsidas Mojilal Bapulal Surajmal.

826-12—Payne Mia M H J M Chhotain and another the Shergarli Coal Co. Ld.

105-13—Payne Bai Goolbai B D Harver B D Harver Ardeshir.

163-13—Dalal Kuberdas Narsidas Nemidas V Rajpal and others Dastur.

70-13—Payne Soniram Jitmal Mookhibai widow Patell.

439-12—Tyabji J Kedarnath K Paunlal and Bhaishanker.

1156-12—Dubash N J Joshi C A Purhoit and our Amin Motichand.

1166-12—Mulji A Joitaram and another S Mananlal Madhawji.

1226-12—Captain M Gulabchand J Balkison and ou. Payne.

1228-12—Kanga Keshowji Deokaran L Kuverji and others Mehta.

1111-12—Payne K Bhugwandas D Maughermal and another Jamshedji.

1253-12—Bhimji owji Nanji and another D Tricumdas and others Shroff; Manicklal.

1255-12—Manicklal K P Banker D P Banker and another Smetham.

1275-12—Smetham F S Ghandy and others V Dharamdas Wadia.

125-09—Amin K A Veerji The Shri Buldeo Mills Ld and another Mulla Tyabji.

160-09—Amin K A Veerji The Shri Buldeo Mills Tyabji

1032-10—Wadia, Harivalabhdas Kashidas, vs Kanayalal, Jeynarayen and others, Subnis

542-11—Payne, R D Sethna, vs. Rabiabai Wd, and others, Forbes, Payne.

968-10—Daphtary, the Indian Specie Bank Ld. vs. Kilachand Virchand and others, Hiralal and Co.

1075-80—Daphtary, the Indian Specie Bank Ld. vs. Kilachand Virchand and others, Hiralal and Co.

1123-10—Daphtary, the Indian Specie Bank Ld. vs. Kilachand Virchand and others, Hiralal and Co.

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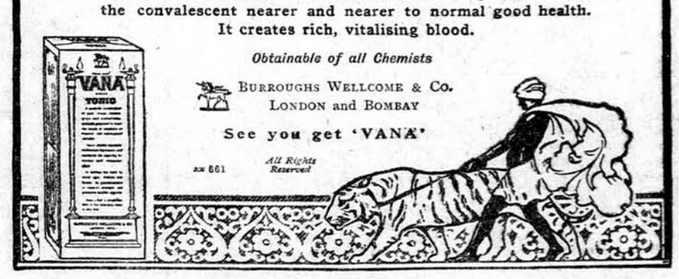

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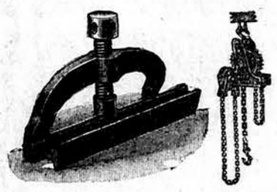

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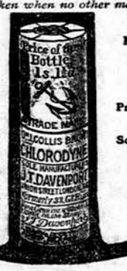

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